What definitions do I need to know to understand this chapter?

The following words and terms are for the purpose of this chapter and are important to understand these requirements:

"Abuse or neglect" means the injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child as defined in RCW 26.44.020.

"Adult" means a person eighteen years old or older, not in the care of the department.

"Agency" is defined in RCW 74.15.020(1).

"Assessment" means the appraisal or evaluation of a child's physical, mental, social and/or emotional condition.

"Business hours" means hours during the day in which state business is commonly conducted. Typically the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. on weekdays are considered to be standard hours of operation.

"CA" means children's administration.

"Capacity" means the age range, gender and maximum number of children on your current license.

"Care provider" means any person who is licensed or authorized to provide care for children and/or cleared to have unsupervised access to children under the authority of a license.

"Case manager" means a facility employee who coordinates the planning efforts of all the persons working on behalf of a child.

"Chapter" means chapter 388-145 WAC.

"Child," "children," or "youth" for this chapter, means a person who is one of the following:

1. Under eighteen years old;
2. Up to twenty-one years of age and enrolled in services through the developmental disabilities administration (DDA) the day prior to his or her eighteenth birthday and pursuing either a high school or equivalency course of study (GED/HSEC), or vocational program;
3. Up to twenty-one years of age and participates in the extended foster care program;
4. Up to twenty-one years of age with intellectual and developmental disabilities;
5. Up to twenty-one years of age and under the custody of the Washington state juvenile justice rehabilitation administration.

"Compliance agreement" means a written improvement plan to address the changes needed to meet licensing requirements.

"Crisis residential center (secure)" means a licensed facility open twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week that provides temporary residential placement, assessment and services in a secure facility to prevent youth from leaving the facility without permission per RCW 13.32A.030(15).

"Crisis residential center (semi-secure)" means a licensed facility open twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week that provides temporary residential placement, assessment and services for runaway youth and youth in conflict with their family and/or in need of emergency placement.

"Day treatment" is a specialized service that provides educational and therapeutic group experiences for emotionally disturbed children.

"DCFS" means the division of children and family services within children's administration. DCFS provides case management to children and families involved in the child welfare system.

"DDA" means the developmental disabilities administration. DDA provides services and case management to children and adults who meet the eligibility criteria.

"Deescalation" means strategies used to defuse a volatile situation, to assist a child to regain behavior control, and to avoid a physical restraint or other behavioral intervention.

"Department or DSHS" means the department of social and health services.
"Developmental disability" is a disability as defined in RCW 71A.10.020.
"Direct care staff" means persons who provide daily supervision and direct care to group care children and youth.
"DLR" means the division of licensed resources within children's administration. DLR licenses and monitors foster homes, child placing agencies and licensed group care facilities.
"DOH" means the department of health.
"Electronic monitoring" means video or audio monitoring or recording used to watch or listen to children as a way to monitor their behavior.
"Emergency respite center" means a licensed facility that may be commonly known as a crisis nursery, which provides emergency or crisis care for nondependent children birth through seventeen years for up to seventy-two hours to prevent child abuse and/or neglect per RCW 74.15.020(d). ERCs may choose to be open up to twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week. Facilities may also provide family assessment, family support services and referral to community services.
"FBI" means the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
"Group care" is a general term for a licensed facility that is maintained and operated for a group of children on a twenty-four hour basis to provide a safe and healthy living environment that meets the developmental needs of the children in care per RCW 74.15.020 (1)(f).
"Group home" is a specific license for residential care that provides care and supervision for children or youth.
"Group receiving center" means a licensed facility that provides the basic needs of food, shelter, and supervision for children placed by the department, generally for thirty or fewer days.
"Guns or weapons" means any device intended to shoot projectiles under pressure or that can be used to attack. These include but are not limited to BB guns, pellet guns, air rifles, stun guns, antique guns, handguns, rifles, shotguns and archery equipment.
"Health care staff" means anyone providing qualified medical consultation to your staff or medical care to the children and youth in your care.
"Hearing" means the administrative review process conducted by an administrative law judge.
"I, my, you, and your" refers to an applicant for a license issued under this chapter, and to any party holding a license under this chapter.
"Infant" means a child less than twelve months of age.
"Intellectual and developmental disability" means children with deficits in general mental abilities and impairment in everyday adaptive functioning.
"Interim facility" means an overnight youth shelter, emergency respite center or a resource and assessment center.
"License" means a permit issued by us that your facility meets the licensing standards established in this chapter.
"Licensed health care provider" means an MD (medical doctor), DO (doctor of osteopathy), ND (doctor of naturopathy), PA (physician's assistant), or an ARNP (advanced registered nurse practitioner).
"Local fire authority" means your local fire inspection authority having jurisdiction in the area where your facility is located.
"Maternity service" as defined in RCW 74.15.020. These are also referred to as pregnant and parenting youth programs.
"Medically fragile" means the condition of a child who requires the availability of twenty-four-hour skilled care from a health care professional or specially trained staff or volunteers in a group care setting. These conditions may be present all the time or frequently occurring. If the technology, support and services being received by the medically fragile children are interrupted or denied, the child may, without immediate health care intervention, experience death.
"Missing child" means any child less than eighteen years of age in licensed care or under the care, custody, and authority of CA and the child's whereabouts are unknown and/or the child has left care without the
permission of the child's caregiver or assigned DSHS worker. This does not include children in dependency guardianship.

"Multidisciplinary teams (MDT)" means groups formed to assist children who are considered at risk youth or children in need of services, and their parents.

“Negative action” means a court order, court judgment, or adverse action taken by an agency, in any state, federal, local, tribal, or foreign jurisdiction, that results in a finding against the applicant reasonably related to the individual’s character, suitability, and competence to care for or have unsupervised access to children in out-of-home care. This may include, but is not limited to:

(1) A decision issued by an administrative law judge;
(2) A final determination, decision, or finding made by an agency following an investigation;
(3) An adverse licensing action, including termination, revocation, or denial of a license or certification, or if there is a pending adverse action, the voluntary surrender of a license, certification, or contract in lieu of an adverse action;
(4) A revocation, denial, or restriction placed on any professional license; or
(5) A final decision of a disciplinary board.

"Nonambulatory" means not able to walk or exit to safety without the physical assistance of another individual.

"Out-of-home placement" means a child's placement in a home or facility other than the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian.

"Overnight youth shelter" means a licensed nonprofit agency that provides overnight shelter to homeless or runaway youth in need of emergency sleeping arrangements.

"Probationary license" means a license issued as part of a corrective action to an individual or agency that has previously been issued a full license but is out of compliance with minimum licensing requirements and has entered into an agreement aimed at correcting deficiencies.

"Property or premises" means a facility's buildings and adjoining grounds that are managed by a person or agency in charge.

"Psychotropic medication" means a type of medicine that is prescribed to affect or alter thought processes, mood, sleep, or behavior. These include antipsychotic, antidepressant and antianxiety medications.

"Relative" means a person who is related to a child per RCW 74.15.020.

"Resource and assessment center" means an agency that provides short-term emergency and crisis care for a period up to seventy-two hours, (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays) to children who have been removed from their parent's or guardian's care by child protective services or law enforcement.

"Staffed residential home" means a licensed facility that provides twenty-four-hour care to six or fewer children who require more supervision than can be provided in a foster home.

"Treatment plan" means individual plans that identify the service needs of the child, including the child's parent or guardian, and identifies the treatment goals and strategies for achieving those goals.

"Washington state patrol fire protection bureau" or "WSP/FPB" means the state fire marshal.

"Volunteer" means a person who provides direct care services without compensation, for your facility.

"We, our, and us" refers to the department of social and health services, including DLR and DCFS staff.

"Young child" refers to a child age twelve months through eight years old.

WAC 388-145-1330

How does the department determine my suitability to become a licensed provider or an employee, intern, or volunteer of a licensed provider?

(1) The department determines your suitability as a licensed provider after receiving your application, background authorization(s) for those listed in WAC 388-145-1325(2), and all required documentation outlined in this chapter.
(4)(2) The department determines the suitability of a licensee, employee, intern, or volunteer after receiving their background authorization referenced in subsection (1) above.

(2) You, your employees, interns, and volunteers must not have had a license or contract denied or revoked from an agency that regulates the care of children or vulnerable adults, unless the department determines that you do not pose a risk to a child's safety, well-being and long-term stability.

(3) You, your employees, interns, and volunteers must not have been found to have committed abuse or neglect of a child or vulnerable adult, unless the department determines that you do not pose a risk to a child's safety, well-being, and long-term stability.

(4) You must demonstrate that you, your employees, interns, and volunteers have:
   (a) The character, understanding, ability, physical health, emotional stability and personality suited to meet the physical, mental, emotional, cultural, and social needs of the children under your care; and
   (b) The ability to furnish children with a nurturing, respectful, and supportive environment.

(5) At any time, we may require you, or your employees, interns, and volunteers to give us additional information. We may also require an evaluation of your facility or property, or of a staff person working for your facility or agency, by an evaluator we recommend. Any evaluation requested by the department will be at your expense. The evaluator must be given written permission to share information with us prior to and throughout the evaluation process.

(6) Any employee, intern, or volunteer who is found to have misrepresented or provided fraudulent information may be disqualified.

(7) Before granting or renewing a license, your licensor will assess your ability to provide a safe environment for children and to provide the quality of care needed by children placed in your care. Your licensor will also determine that you meet training requirements.

WAC 388-145-1355
Am I required to comply with local ordinances?
You are responsible for obtaining a certificate of occupancy and for following all local and state regulations such as zoning regulations, community covenants, local building codes and fire codes. The department may require you to provide proof that you are complying with local regulations.

WAC 388-145-1400
Can prospective and current employees, volunteers and subcontractors be disqualified from having access to the children in my facility?

(1) The department must disqualify prospective and current employees, volunteers, interns, and subcontractors if they do not meet the regulations of chapter 388-145 WAC, or cannot have unsupervised access to children because of their background check as outlined in chapter 388-06A WAC.

(2) The department must disqualify prospective and current employees, interns, volunteers, and subcontractors if they have had a negative action taken on a license or contract, or have had a license denied or revoked by an agency that regulates the care of children or vulnerable adults, unless the department determines that the individual does not pose a risk to a child’s safety, well-being, and long-term stability.

(3) Applicants, employees, interns, volunteers, and subcontractors must demonstrate that they have the character, understanding, ability, physical health, emotional stability, and personality suited to meet the physical mental, emotional, cultural, and social needs of the children under their care.
The department will notify the licensee if a prospective or current employee, intern, volunteer, or subcontractor person in your facility is disqualified from having unsupervised access to children. Hiring a person disqualified by DSHS or continuing to allow unsupervised access to children by a person disqualified by DSHS could also lead to denial, suspension or revocation of your license issued under this chapter.

WAC 388-145-1405

What can I do if I disagree with your decision to modify, deny, suspend or revoke my license, or to disqualify my background check?

(1) You have the right to request an administrative hearing if you disagree with any of these actions. You must request this hearing within twenty-eight calendar days of receiving a certified letter with our decision (see chapter 34.05 RCW). To request a hearing you must send a letter to the Office of Administrative Hearings, P.O. Box 42489, Olympia, Washington 98504-248956, 1-800-583-8271. The letter must have the following:

(a) A specific statement indicating why you disagree with our decision and any laws you believe are related to your claim; and

(b) A copy of the certified letter we sent to modify, revoke, suspend, or deny your license or to disqualify your background check.

WAC 388-145-1430

What are the requirements of an on-site program manager?

(1) On days your facility is operational, you must have an on-site program manager at your facility during business hours when youth are present. Staffed residential facilities licensed for five or fewer are required to have an on-site program manager during business hours when youth are present if the focus of the program is behavioral and a child's behavior poses a risk. The on-site program manager must meet the qualifications to:

(a) Coordinate the day-to-day operations of the program;

(b) Supervise the case management and direct care staff; and

(c) Have the responsibility to ensure the completion of each child's plan of care and treatment.

(2) When youth are not present and the program manager is not on-site, s/he must be available by telephone.

(3) An on-site program manager must have:

(a) A master's degree in social services or a closely related field from an accredited school and one year of experience working with children or youth; or

(b) A bachelor's degree in social services or a closely related field from an accredited school and two years of experience working with children or youth; or

(c) Five years of successful full-time experience in a relevant field working with children or youth; and

(i) Supervisory abilities that promote effective staff performance; and

(ii) Relevant experience, training and demonstrated skills in each area that s/he will be managing or supervising.

(4) An on-site program manager must not provide clinical oversight to case management staff unless they meet the supervision requirements in WAC 388-145-1440(3).

(5) A case management staff or person with equivalent training and experience of an on-site program manager may satisfy this requirement.

(6) For overnight youth shelters, the required prior experience must be in working with adolescents.
WAC 388-145-1460

Do I need to employ consultants at my facility?

(1) You must have case management consultants available as needed to work with your staff, the children you serve, and the children's families. Other consultants may be used for program support.

(2) A case management consultant is responsible for:
   (a) Reviewing treatment or case plans or adoption home studies as appropriate;
   (b) Providing one hour of consultation/supervision to case management staff for every twenty hours a person works. Staff consultations shall be documented and available to staff on an as-needed basis; and
   (c) Monitoring staff's skill development in order to effectively manage their cases.

(3) Each case management consultant must have:
   (a) A master's degree in social services or a closely related field from an accredited school;
   (b) The training, experience, knowledge and demonstrated skills for each area in which s/he will be supervising or advising;
   (c) The ability to ensure staff develop their skills, are adequately trained and have the understanding needed to effectively manage cases; and
   (d) Knowledge of mandatory child abuse and neglect reporting requirements.

(4) Consultants may be hired as staff or operate under a contract and must meet the full professional competency requirements and academic training in their respective fields.

(5) If you have consultants working in emergency respite centers, they must also have training and experience in early childhood education.

WAC 388-145-1560

What toilet and bathing facilities are required?

(1) You must meet the following requirements for toilets, sinks, and bathing facilities:
   (a) Provide toilet, urinals, and hand-washing sinks appropriate to the height for the children served, or have a safe and easily cleaned step stool or platform that is water-resistant;
   (b) Provide soap and clean towels, disposable towels or other approved hand-drying devices to the children in your care;
   (c) Provide adequate grab-bars or nonskid pads, convenient for children;
   (d) Provide appropriate toilet training equipment for children. You must regularly maintain this equipment and keep it in sanitary condition. You must place toilet training equipment on washable, water-resistant surfaces and disinfect toilet training equipment after each child's use.

(2) If you care for children under the age of six, or children with intellectual and developmental disabilities, you must monitor the use of bathtub, shower, or other bathing facilities while in use.

(3) If you operate a group care facility for six or more children you must have a housekeeping sink or department of health approved method of drawing clean mop water and disposing of the wastewater.

WAC 388-145-1565

What is the ratio of persons normally on the premises to bathrooms at my facility?

(1) You must maintain the following ratio of toilets, handwashing sinks, and bathing facilities:
**Facility Requirements**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Facility Description</th>
<th>Toilets (flush-type)</th>
<th>Handwashing (hot and cold running water)</th>
<th>Bathing Facilities (hot and cold running water)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Group residential programs licensed for 5 or fewer</td>
<td>1 minimum</td>
<td>1 minimum</td>
<td>1 minimum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Group residential for 6 or more</td>
<td>2 minimum 1:8 ratio</td>
<td>2 minimum 1:8 ratio</td>
<td>1 minimum 1:8 ratio</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) In programs providing care to expectant mothers, all sleeping areas must have at least one toilet and handwashing sink on the same floor.

(3) Children eighteen months of age or younger and other children who do not use a toilet need not be included when determining the number of required flush-type toilets.

(4) All sleeping areas must have at least one toilet and handwashing sink on the same floor.

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**WAC 388-145-1610**

**What are the requirements for beds in a facility?**

(1) You must provide an appropriately sized separate bed for each child, with clean bedding and a mattress in good condition.

(2) Some children may soil the bed, and you may need to plan accordingly. You must provide waterproof mattress covers or moisture-resistant mattresses if needed. Each child's pillow must be covered with waterproof material or be washable.

(3) A mat may be used for napping but not as a substitute for a bed.

(4) You must provide an infant with a crib that ensures the safety of the infant, and complies with chapter 70.111 RCW, Consumer Product Safety Improvement Act of 2008. These regulations include:

(a) A maximum of 2 3/8” between vertical slats of the crib; and

(b) Cribs, infant beds, bassinets, and playpens must be made of wood, metal, or approved plastic, with secure latching devices and have clean, firm, snug fitting mattresses covered with waterproof material that can be disinfection, and be made of wood, metal, or approved plastic with secure latching devices.

(5) You must place infants on their backs for sleeping, unless advised differently by the child's licensed health care provider.

(6) You must not have loose blankets, pillows, crib bumpers, or stuffed toys with a sleeping infant.

(7) You may swaddle infants using one lightweight blanket upon the advice and training of a licensed health care provider. You must keep the blanket loose around the hips and legs when swaddling in order to avoid hip dysplasia. You may swaddle infants under two months of age unless a licensed health care provider directs otherwise. You must not dress a swaddled infant in a manner that allows them to overheat.

(8) You must not use wedges and positioners with a sleeping infant unless advised differently by the infant's licensed health care provider.

(9) You must not use weighted blankets for children under three years of age or for children of any age with mobility limitations, unless advised differently by the child's licensed health care provider.

(10) You may, if you use a weighted blanket upon the advice and training from a licensed health care provider for children over the age of three years who do not have mobility limitations, you must meet the following requirements:

(a) The weight of the blanket must not exceed ten percent of the child's body weight;

(b) Metal beads are choking hazards and must not be used in a weighted blanket; and
(c) You must not cover the child's head with a weighted blanket or place it above the middle of the child's chest.

(d) The weighted blanket must not hinder a child’s movement; and

(e) The weighted blanket must not be used as a restraint.

(11) You must not allow children to use loft style beds or upper bunks if the child is vulnerable due to of beds if using them could hurt them because of children's age, development or condition, such as Examples: Preschool children, expectant mothers, and children with a disability.

WAC 388-145-1835

Am I required to assess a child's need for immediate medical attention?

1. When a child first enters out-of-home care After a child is admitted to your program (other than overnight youth shelters) you must ensure that a child receives an initial health screen or physical exam as soon as possible but no later than five days after the child enters your program. The initial health screen involves a review of the child for any health needs requiring immediate attention. You do not need to take a child to get this screen if you received the child directly from a hospital, pediatric interim care, or the child is receiving services through a child advocacy center or sexual assault clinic.

2. You must also make reasonable attempts to obtain the following health history:
   (a) Allergies;
   (b) All currently prescribed medications; and
   (c) Any special physical or mental health issues.

3. If the child remains in placement beyond seventy-two hours, you must contact the child's DSHS worker, child placing agency, parent, or legal guardian to obtain the following information:
   (a) The date of the child's last physical and dental exam;
   (b) A history of immunizations; and
   (c) Clinical and medical diagnoses and treatment plans.

4. When a child leaves the facility, the health history of the child must be provided to the child's DSHS worker or the next caregiver.

5. You should refer to the department of health's dental care brochure as a guide for ensuring proper dental care for children.

WAC 388-145-1855

What are the general requirements for managing a child's medication?

1. Medication must not be used for behavior control, unless prescribed for that purpose by a physician or another person legally authorized to prescribe medication.

2. Only you, a licensed foster parent, or another authorized care provider, such as a respite provider, are allowed to have access to medications for a child in your care.

3. You must not use medication in an amount or frequency other than that prescribed by an appropriately licensed health care provider or psychiatrist.

4. You must not reduce or stop a child's prescribed medication without the written approval of the child's physician. You must report this information to the child's DSHS worker. In addition to the physician, you must coordinate starting or stopping a child's psychotropic medication with the child's social worker to determine what consent is needed. The social worker may need to obtain consent from the child age thirteen or older, the parent, or the court.
(5) You must follow the direction of the agency or court regarding giving or applying prescription and nonprescription medications if you care for children in the custody of another agency, tribal or other court. If this is in conflict with children's administration policy, you must notify the child's DCFS worker.

(6) You must not give medications to a child that has been prescribed for someone else.

(7) You must keep a record of all prescription and nonprescription medications given to children in care. This documentation includes:

(a) Child's name;
(b) Time of medication;
(c) Dosage of medication; and
(d) Name of person administering medication.

(8) You must obtain a signature from a licensed health care provider within seventy-two hours of obtaining a medication order by phone.

WAC 388-147-1305

What definitions do I need to know to understand this chapter?

The following words and terms are for the purpose of this chapter and are important to understanding these requirements:

"Abuse or neglect" means the injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child as defined in RCW 26.44.020.

"Adult" means a person eighteen years old or older, not in the care of the department.

"Agency" is defined in RCW 74.15.020(1).

"Assessment" means the appraisal or evaluation of a child's physical, mental, social and/or emotional condition.

"Business hours" means hours during the day in which business is commonly conducted. Typically the hours between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. on weekdays are considered to be standard business hours.

"CA" means children's administration.

"Care provider" means any person who is licensed or authorized to provide care for children and/or cleared to have unsupervised access to children under the authority of a license.

"Case manager" means the private agency employee who coordinates the planning efforts of all the persons working on behalf of a child.

"Certification" means a licensed child placing agency (CPA) review that a foster home being supervised by that CPA meets licensing regulations. The final decision for licensing is the responsibility of CA.

"Chapter" means chapter 388-147 WAC.

"Child," "children," or "youth" for this chapter, means a person who is one of the following:

(1) Under eighteen years of age;
(2) Up to twenty-one years of age and enrolled in services through the developmental disabilities administration (DDA) the day prior to his or her eighteenth birthday and pursuing either a high school or equivalency course of study (GED/HSEC), or vocational program;
(3) Up to twenty-one years of age and participates in the extended foster care program;
(4) Up to twenty-one years of age with intellectual and developmental disabilities;
(5) Up to twenty-one years of age and under the custody of the Washington state juvenile justice rehabilitation administration.

"Child placing agency" or "(CPA)" means an agency licensed to place children for foster care or adoption.

"Compliance agreement" means a written improvement plan to address the changes needed to meet licensing requirements.
"DCFS" means the division of children and family services within children's administration. DCFS provides case management to children and families involved in the child welfare system.

"DDA" means the developmental disabilities administration.

"Department or DSHS" means the department of social and health services.

"Developmental disability" is a disability as defined in RCW 71A.10.020.

"DLR" means the division of licensed resources within children's administration. DLR licenses and monitors foster homes, child placing agencies, and licensed group care facilities.

"FBI" means the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

"Foster home or foster family home" means a person(s) licensed to regularly provide twenty-four hour care in their home to children.

"Guns or weapons" means any device intended to shoot projectiles under pressure or that can be used to attack. These include but are not limited to BB guns, pellet guns, air rifles, stun guns, antique guns, handguns, rifles, shotguns and archery equipment.

"Health care staff" means anyone providing qualified medical consultation to your staff or medical care to the children and youth in your care.

"Hearing" means the administrative review process conducted by an administrative law judge.

"I, my, you, and your" refers to an applicant for a license issued under this chapter, and to any party holding a license under this chapter.

"Infant" means a child less than twelve months of age.

"Intellectual and developmental disability" means children with deficits in general mental abilities and impairment in everyday adaptive functioning.

"License" means a permit issued by us confirming that your agency meets the licensing standards established in this chapter.

"Licensed health care provider" means an MD (medical doctor), DO (doctor of osteopathy), ND (doctor of naturopathy), PA (physician's assistant), or an ARNP (advanced registered nurse practitioner).

"Licensor" means either:

1. A DLR employee who recommends approvals for, or monitors licenses or certifications for facilities and agencies established under this chapter;

2. An employee of a child placing agency who certifies or monitors foster homes supervised by the child placing agency.

"Maternity service" as defined in RCW 74.15.020. These are also referred to as pregnant and parenting youth programs.

"Medically fragile" means the condition of a child who requires the availability of twenty-four hour skilled care from a health care professional or specially trained family or foster family member. These conditions may be present all the time or frequently occurring. If the technology, support and services being received by the medically fragile children are interrupted or denied, the child may, without immediate health care intervention, experience death.

"Missing child" means any child less than eighteen years of age in licensed care or under the care, custody, and authority of CA and the child's whereabouts are unknown and/or the child has left care without the permission of the child's caregiver or CA. This does not include children in dependency guardianship.

"Negative action" means a court order, court judgment, or adverse action taken by an agency, in any state, federal, local, tribal, or foreign jurisdiction, that results in a finding against the applicant reasonably related to the individual’s character, suitability, and competence to care for or have unsupervised access to children in out-of-home care. This may include, but is not limited to:

1. A decision issued by an administrative law judge;

2. A final determination, decision, or finding made by an agency following an investigation;

3. An adverse licensing action, including termination, revocation, or denial of a license or certification, or if there is a pending adverse action, the voluntary surrender of a license, certification, or contract in lieu of an adverse action;
A revocation, denial, or restriction placed on any professional license; or
A final decision of a disciplinary board.
"Nonambulatory" means not able to walk or exit to safety without the physical assistance of another individual.
"Out-of-home placement" means a child's placement in a home or facility other than the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian.
"Probationary license" means a license issued as part of a corrective action to an individual or agency that has previously been issued a full license but is out of compliance with minimum licensing requirements and has entered into an agreement aimed at correcting deficiencies.
"Property or premises" means a facility's buildings and adjoining grounds that are managed by a person or agency in charge.
"Relative" means a person who is related to a child as defined in RCW 74.15.020.
"Respite" means brief, temporary relief care provided by an in-home or out-of-home provider paid by the department. The respite provider fulfills some or all of the care provider responsibilities for a short time.
"Treatment plan" means individual plans that identify the service needs of the child, including the child's parent or guardian, and identifies the treatment goals and strategies for achieving those goals.
"Volunteer" means a person who provides services without compensation, for your agency.
"Washington state patrol fire protection bureau" or "WSP/FPB" means the state fire marshal.
"We, our, and us" refers to the department of social and health services, including DLR and DCFS staff.
"Young child" refers to a child age twelve months through eight years old.

WAC 388-147-1425
What can I do if I disagree with your decision to modify, deny, suspend or revoke my license, or to disqualify my background check?
(1) You have the right to request an administrative hearing if you disagree with any of these actions. You must request this hearing within twenty-eight calendar days of receiving a certified letter with our decision (see chapter 34.05 RCW). To request a hearing you must send a letter to the Office of Administrative Hearings, P.O. Box 42489, Olympia Washington 98504-2489, 1-800-583-8271. The letter must have the following:
   (a) A specific statement why you disagree with our decision and any laws you believe are related to your claim; and
   (b) A copy of the certified letter we sent to modify, revoke, suspend, or deny your license or to disqualify your background check.

WAC 388-147-1450
What are the qualifications of a program manager?
(1) You must have a program manager available during business hours who meets the qualifications to:
   (a) Coordinate the day-to-day operations of the program;
   (b) Supervise the case management and direct care staff; and
   (c) Have the responsibility to ensure the completion of each child's plan of care and treatment, if applicable.
(2) A program manager must have education and experience as follows:
   (a) A master's degree in social services or a closely related field from an accredited school and one year of experience working with children or youth; or
(b) A bachelor's degree in social services or a closely related field from an accredited school and two years of experience working with children or youth; or
(c) Five years of successful full-time experience working with youth in a relevant field.
(3) A program manager must also have supervisory abilities that promote effective staff performance, and relevant experience, training and demonstrated skills in each area that he or she will be supervising or managing.

WAC 388-147-1565

Are alcoholic beverages, marijuana or illegal drugs allowed at my agency or in our certified homes?

(1) You must not have or consume alcohol, marijuana or illegal drugs on the premises of your agency.
(2) You must not allow staff members who are under the influence of alcohol, marijuana or illegal drugs to have contact with children in care.

WAC 388-148-1305

What definitions do I need to know to understand this chapter?

The following definitions are for the purpose of this chapter and are important to understanding these requirements:
"Abuse or neglect" means the injury, sexual abuse, sexual exploitation, negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child as defined in RCW 26.44.020.
"Adult" means a person eighteen years of age and older, not in the care of the department.
"Agency" is defined in RCW 74.15.020(1).
"CA" means children's administration.
"Capacity" means the age range, gender and maximum number of children on your current license.
"Care provider" means any person who is licensed or authorized to provide care for children and/or cleared to have unsupervised access to children under the authority of a license.
"Case manager" means the private agency employee who coordinates the planning efforts of all the persons working on behalf of a child.
"Certification" means either:
(1) Our review of whether you meet the licensing requirements, even though you do not need to be licensed; or
(2) A licensed child placing agency (CPA) representing that a foster home being supervised by that CPA meets licensing requirements. The final decision for licensing is the responsibility of CA.
"Chapter" means chapter 388-148 WAC.
"Child," "children," or "youth" for this chapter, means a person who is one of the following:
(1) Under eighteen years or age;
(2) Up to twenty-one years of age and enrolled in services through developmental disabilities administration (DDA) the day prior to his or her eighteenth birthday and pursuing either a high school or equivalency course of study (GED/HSEC), or vocational program;
(3) Up to twenty-one years of age and participates in the extended foster care program;
(4) Up to twenty-one years of age with intellectual and developmental disabilities;
(5) Up to twenty-one years of age and under the custody of the Washington state juvenile justice rehabilitation administration.
"Child placing agency or CPA" means an agency licensed to place children for foster care or adoption.
"Compliance agreement" means a written improvement plan to address the changes needed to meet licensing requirements.

"DCFS" means the division of children and family services within children's administration. DCFS provides case management to children and families involved in the child welfare system.

"DDA" means the developmental disabilities administration.

"Department or DSHS" means the department of social and health services.

"Developmental disability" is a disability as defined in RCW 71A.10.020.

"DLR" means the division of licensed resources within children's administration. DLR licenses and monitors foster homes, child placing agencies, and group care facilities.

"FBI" means the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

"Foster home or foster family home" means a person(s) licensed to regularly provide twenty-four hour care in their home to children.

"Guns or weapons" means any device intended to shoot projectiles under pressure or that can be used to attack. These include but are not limited to BB guns, pellet guns, air rifles, stun guns, antique guns, handguns, rifles, shotguns and archery equipment.

"Hearing" means the administrative review process conducted by an administrative law judge.

"I, my, you, and your" refers to an applicant for a license issued under this chapter, and to any party holding a license under this chapter.

"Infant" means a child less than twelve months of age.

"Intellectual and developmental disability" means children with deficits in general mental abilities and impairment in everyday adaptive functioning.

"License" means a permit issued by us confirming that you and your home meet the licensing standards established in this chapter.

"Licensed health care provider" means an MD (medical doctor), DO (doctor of osteopathy), ND (doctor of naturopathy), PA (physician's assistant), or an ARNP (advanced registered nurse practitioner).

"Licensor" means either:

1. A DLR employee who recommends approvals for, or monitors licenses or certifications for facilities and agencies established under this chapter; or

2. An employee of a child placing agency who certifies or monitors foster homes supervised by the child placing agency.

"Maternity services" as defined in RCW 74.15.020. These are also referred to as pregnant and parenting youth programs.

"Medically fragile" means the condition of a child who requires the availability of twenty-four hour skilled care from a health care professional or specially trained family or foster family member. These conditions may be present all the time or frequently occurring. If the technology, support and services being received by the medically fragile children are interrupted or denied, the child may, without immediate health care intervention, experience death.

"Missing child" means any child in licensed care or under the care and authority of CA and the child's whereabouts are unknown and/or the child has left care without the permission of the child's caregiver or CA. This does not include children in dependency guardianship.

“Negative action” means a court order, court judgment, or adverse action taken by an agency, in any state, federal, local, tribal, or foreign jurisdiction, that results in a finding against the applicant reasonably related to the individual’s character, suitability, and competence to care for or have unsupervised access to children in out-of-home care. This may include, but is not limited to:

1. A decision issued by an administrative law judge;

2. A final determination, decision, or finding made by an agency following an investigation;

3. An adverse licensing action, including termination, revocation, or denial of a license or certification, or if there is a pending adverse action, the voluntary surrender of a license, certification, or contract in lieu of an adverse action;
What are the character and personal requirements for foster parents?

(1) You must be at least twenty-one years old to apply for a license.
(2) You must demonstrate you have:
   (a) The understanding, ability, physical health, emotional stability and personality suited to meet the physical, mental, emotional, cultural, and social needs of children under your care;
   (b) The ability to furnish children with a nurturing, respectful, and supportive environment; and
(2c) You must have sufficient regular income to maintain your own family, without the foster care reimbursement made for the children in your care.
(3) You may not use drugs or alcohol, whether legal or illegal, in a manner that affects your ability to provide safe care to children.
(4) You and everyone residing on your premises or who you allow to have unsupervised access to children must demonstrate they have:
   (a) The character, understanding, ability, physical health, emotional stability and personality suited to meet the physical, mental, emotional, cultural, and social needs of children under your care; and
   (b) The ability to furnish children with a nurturing, respectful, and supportive environment.

Can children participate in everyday activities under my care?

(1) You may decide what family or community activities are appropriate for foster children. These activities must be appropriately supervised and may not interfere with visitation with the child's parents.
(2) Children may participate in family, community or friend social activities, organized sports activities, or field trips. Overnight stays over seventy-two hours requires DSHS worker approval. Any activities requiring travel must comply with WAC 388-148-1435.

(3) All high risk activities, including the use of power driven machines or other hazardous equipment, must be properly supervised by an adult. When participating in high risk activities, children must:

(a) Be instructed on, and required to use appropriate safety equipment, such as helmets and life vests; and

(b) Be in continuous visual or auditory range at all times, unless approved by the child's DSHS worker.

(4) It may be appropriate for some children to obtain employment when:

(a) Laws regarding minors working are followed; and

(b) The child's work does not interfere with school.

(5) Youth may obtain a driver's license if you agree to act as the "parent/guardian" for the purposes of the Intermediate Driver's License Law. If you act in this capacity for youth in out-of-home care who is placed in your home, you will also be responsible for the youth's insurance until the youth leaves your home, ages out of care, or you choose to cancel the youth’s insurance. If you choose to cancel the youth’s insurance, you must notify the youth's worker at least five days before the cancellation becomes effective, reaches eighteen years of age or another responsible adult assumes financial liability risks for the child.

WAC 388-148-1575

What are other requirements for medications?

(1) You must keep a written record of all prescription medications and the dates given for the children in care. This list must go with the child when a child leaves your home.

(2) You must notify the child's DSHS worker of changes in prescribed medications.

(3) You must obtain a signature from a licensed health care provider within seventy-two hours of obtaining a medication order by phone.

(4) You must give prescription and over the counter medications as specified on the medication label or as prescribed by persons legally authorized to prescribe medication. This includes herbal supplements and remedies, vitamins, or minerals.

(5) You must give children nonprescription medication according to product instructions and seek medical advice regarding possible interactions with a child's other prescription and nonprescription medications.

388-148-1645 | What can I do if I disagree with your decision to modify, deny, suspend or revoke my license, or to disqualify my background check?

(1) You have the right to request an administrative hearing if you disagree with any of these actions. You must request this hearing within twenty-eight calendar days of receiving a certified letter with our decision (see chapter 34.05 RCW and chapter 388-02 WAC). To request a hearing you must send a letter to the office of administrative hearings, P.O. Box 42489, Olympia Washington 98504-24896, 1-800-583-8271. The letter must have the following:

(a) A specific statement why you disagree with our decision and any laws you believe are related to your claim; and
(b) A copy of the certified letter we sent to modify, revoke, suspend, or deny your license or to disqualify your background check.