

DIVISION OF DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES Olympia, Washington

TITLE:	CLIENT OVERPAYMENTS PC		POLICY 6.10
Authority:	RCW 43.20B.620 through 630	Overpayments of assistance	
	WAC 388-825-145	Will my benefits continue if administrative hearing?	I request an
	WAC 388-458-0040	What happens if I ask for a j before the change happe	
	WAC 388-418-0020	How does the department de a change affects my ben	
	WAC 388-827-400 through 420	SSP Overpayments	
Reference:	DSHS Administrative Policy 10.02, Vendor/Provider Overpayment and Debt		

BACKGROUND

This policy has been revised in order to incorporate the requirements described in the Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD) Policy 16.01, *State Supplementary Payment Program (SSP)* – *Overpayments*, which has been rescinded.

PURPOSE

This policy provides guidelines for determining and processing client overpayments for the Division of Developmental Disabilities (DDD) authorized services. Overpayments must be submitted to the DSHS Office of Financial Recovery (OFR) whenever a client overpayment is identified.

SCOPE

The requirement to file client overpayments for the cost of the DDD authorized service(s) applies to both DDD Field Services and the Residential Habilitation Centers (RHCs). This policy is specific to the cost of DDD authorized services.

DDD POLICY MANUAL

CHAPTER 6 PAGE 1 OF 5

DEFINITIONS

Client means a person who has a developmental disability as defined in RCW 71A.10.020 (3) who also has been determined eligible to receive services from DDD under Chapter 71A.16 RCW. If the client is a minor child, this includes the client's parents or the court approved legally responsible adult/agency.

Client Overpayment means the cost of services the client was not eligible to receive.

Provider/Vendor Overpayment means any department payment or benefit to a service provider or vendor in excess of the amount the provider or vendor was entitled to receive by law, rule, or contract.

Provider or Vendor means an individual, business, or other entity that obtained, delivered, or otherwise managed a DDD service.

Liability means the responsibility to repay to the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) the amount of an overpayment.

State Supplementary Payment (SSP) is a state-paid cash assistance program for certain clients of the Division of Developmental Disabilities.

POLICY

- A. DDD will establish client overpayments for all DDD funded services an individual received for which they were not eligible.
- B. When services were authorized by DDD and performed in good faith by the provider, the provider is not liable for an overpayment. The liability falls to the client.
- C. A client may be liable for an overpayment when services continue in the following circumstances:
 - 1. When a client has received a service during a time period of service ineligibility;
 - 2. When a client has received SSP during a time period of SSP ineligibility;
 - 3. When an assessed service amount has been reduced and the client appeals the reduction of the service and the Final Order of the appeal upholds DDD's action;
 - 4. When a client no longer meets an eligibility requirement for a service and the client appeals the termination of the service and the Final Order of the appeal upholds DDD's action; and

5. When a client is determined not to meet eligibility for DDD and the client appeals the termination of the DDD eligibility/authorized services and the Final Order of the appeal upholds DDD's action.

PROCEDURES

- A. Determine if an overpayment has occurred.
 - 1. If the individual was not Medicaid eligible (SSI/CN) in the month in which the service was received, determine if the client may have been eligible under another state-only funding source.
 - 2. If the individual may have been eligible under another state-only funding source, initiate an ETR to change the funding source to state-only funding. The ETR must be written to include funding for every month the client received the service.

<u>Example</u>: A client has been receiving SSP in lieu of residential services. The client loses SSI eligibility in March. The CRM/SW terminates SSP payments in June when CRM/SW learns the client is no longer eligible for SSP. The CRM/SW writes an ETR to replace SSP funding with state only residential funding. The ETR should be written from March forward when the client was terminated from SSI to replace the SSP funding.

- 3. If the ETR is approved, no overpayment has occurred.
- 4. If state only funding is not available, an overpayment has occurred.
- B. If an overpayment occurred, review the payment records to determine the amount of overpayment.
 - 1. If no appeal is filed, the amount of overpayment is for services authorized during the period of time the individual was not eligible for the service.
 - 2. When an appeal is filed for the reduction/termination of services and DDD prevails, the amount of overpayment will be for services authorized during the period of time the individual was not eligible for services and up to sixty (60) days of continuing benefits during the administrative hearing process.
 - 3. When an appeal is filed for the reduction or termination of SSP and DDD prevails, the client is liable for the entire amount of SSP they were not eligible to receive.
 - 4. If the final decision modified DDD's original determination, the overpayment amount is the difference between the cost of the continued services and the final award amount.

	CHAPTER 6	
DDD POLICY MANUAL	PAGE 3 OF 5	ISSUED 9/10

- C. When the amount of overpayment is determined:
 - 1. Complete the appropriate overpayment documents:
 - a. DSHS 18-399, *Social Service Incorrect Payment Computation*, for all client overpayments;
 - b. DSHS 18-398, *Client Overpayment Notice*, for non-SSP;
 - c. DSHS 18-627, SSP Client Overpayment, for all SSP; and
 - d. For a vendor/provider overpayment, refer to DSHS Administrative Policy 10.02, *Vendor/Provider Overpayment and Debt*.
 - 2. Copy and distribute the completed forms as follows:
 - a. Send the originals to the OFR; and
 - b. Place copies in the SSPS payment section of the client file.
 - 3. You may contact the client and/or the client's legal representative to inform them that overpayment paperwork has been submitted to OFR only after OFR has been notified. Notify OFR if:
 - a. OFR has received an e-mail advising them overpayment paperwork will be submitted; or
 - b. Overpayment paperwork has been submitted.

EXCEPTIONS

Any exceptions to this policy must have the prior written approval of the Division Director.

SUPERSESSION

DDD Policy 6.10 Issued August 17, 2006

DDD Policy 16.01, *State Supplementary Payment Program - Overpayments* Issued February 1, 2008

DDD POLICY MANUAL

Approved:

<u>/s/ Linda Rolfe</u> Director, Division of Developmental Disabilities Date: September 15, 2010