ESA Programs

ESA provides a wide variety of services through various programs. They are described, in alphabetical order, on the following pages.

- Additional Requirements Emergent Needs (AREN)
- Basic Food Program
- Basic Food Employment and Training (BF E&T)
- Career Services
- Child Support Services
- Consolidated Emergency Assistance Program (CEAP)
- Diversion Cash Assistance (DCA)
- Food Assistance Program for Legal Immigrants (FAP)
- General Assistance Expedited Medicaid (GA-X)
- General Assistance Other (GA-Other)
- General Assistance Unemployable (GA-U)
- Medical Assistance Program
- Naturalization Assistance Services
- Ongoing Additional Requirements (OAR)
- Refugee Cash and Medical Assistance (RCA/RMA)
- Refugee and Immigrant Assistance (RIA)
- State Family Assistance (SFA)
- Supplemental Security Income (SSI) State Supplemental Payment (SSP)
- Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF)
- United States Repatriate
- Washington Combined Application Program (WASHCAP)
- Washington Telephone Assistance Program (WTAP)
- WorkFirst (WF)

Title	Additional Requirements-Emergent Needs (AREN)	
Brief Description	Provides a cash payment to meet emergent housing or utility needs. Benefits may be authorized multiple times in a consecutive 12-month period, but the cumulative total cannot exceed \$750.	
Legal Authorization	RCW 74.08.090, Rulemaking Authority Enforcement RCW 74.04.050, Department to administer public assistance p[ograms	
Funding Source	Federal & State: Mixture of TANF and TANF–MOE dollars	
Population Served	Pregnant women or families with an eligible minor child	
Eligibility	 Families must: Receive Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF); State family Assistance (SFA), or Refugee Cash Assistance (RCA) Have an emergency housing or utility need and Have a good reason for not having enough money to pay for housing or utility cost 	
Services	Payments may be used to prevent eviction or foreclosure, secure housing if homeless or domestic violence victim, secure or prevent shut-off of utilities related to health and safety, or repair damage to a home if it causes risk to health or safety	
Linkages	 Community or charitable agencies that may help to meet the emergent need Food banks Housing shelters or low-income/emergency housing Other public assistance programs 	

This is Washington state's version of the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), formerly known as Food Stamps. SNAP provides food assistance to low-income individuals and families		
ood and Nutrition Act of 2008, Public Law 110-246 (7 USC 2011-2036)		
Food benefits provided to our customers are 100% USDA federal funding. The state's administrative cost for the program is funded by both federal and state funds.		
Households with incomes at or below 200% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL. The federal government sets the income and resources standards. The income standards are updated October 1st each year based on the federal poverty level in effect at the time.		
 Nust meet U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA), Food and Nutrition Service criteria for financial need Eligible assistance unit members must: a. Be U.S. citizens or nationals or qualified aliens meeting certain criteria b. Be residents of Washington state c. Participate in Basic Food employment and training requirements (requirement currently applies only to residents of King County and Snohomish County, unless they qualify for an individual or geographic exemption.) d. Meet certain eligibility criteria if on strike An Assistance Unit is categorically eligible when: a. All members receive Social Security Supplemental Security Income b. All members receive General Assistance c. The household has gross income at or below 200% of the Federal Poverty Level d. Any member receives or is authorized to receive payments or services from: TANF cash assistance State family assistance Diversion Cash Assistance (DCA) for four months after initial DCA issuance. Elderly persons or persons with disabilities need meet only the net income standard to be entitled to medical deductions. Persons with disabilities have the value of their vehicles exempted entirely when used for medical transportation. Certain students of higher education, able-bodied adults without dependents and assistance units participating in the food distribution program on or near Indian reservations are not eligible for benefits. 		

Title	Basic Food Program		
	 a. Fugitive felons including probation and parole violators b. Persons failing to attest to citizenship or alien status 8. Disqualified for (i) intentional program violation, (ii) failure to provide a Social Security Number, or (iii) not participating in work requirements. 9. Disqualified if ineligible alien. 		
Services	Electronic food benefits can be used at participating grocery stores		
Linkages	 Nutrition education programs School lunch programs Low-income housing Food banks Children and family services Community medical centers Senior outreach Charitable agencies 		

WAC 388-478-0060 What are the income limits and maximum benefit amounts for Basic Food? If an assistance unit (AU) or family meets all other eligibility requirements for Basic Food, they must have income at or below the limits in columns B and C to get Basic Food. The maximum monthly benefit a family could receive is listed in column E.

EFFECTIVE 10-1-2009					
Column A	Column B	Column C	Column D	Column E	Column F*
Number of eligible AU members	Maximum Gross Monthly Income- CE Households	Maximum Gross Monthly Income-Non- CE Households	Maximum Net Monthly Income (applies to Non-CE Households only)	Maximum Allotment	165% of the Poverty Level
1	\$1805	\$1174	\$903	\$200	\$1490
2	2429	1579	1215	367	2004
3	3052	1984	1526	526	2518
4	3675	2389	1838	668	3032
5	4299	2794	2150	793	3547
6	4922	3200	2461	952	4061
7	5545	3605	2773	1052	4575
8	6169	4010	3085	1202	5089
9	6792	4416	3397	1352	5604
10	7415	4822	3709	1502	6119
Each Additional Member	624	406	312	150	+515

* 165 Percent Standard for Clients Who are Both Elderly and Disabled. A client who is both elderly and disabled and cannot cook their own meals may be in a separate family or Assistance Unit (AU) only if the other people who would normally be in the AU (not counting the person's spouse) have combined income at or under the 165% standard. The client's spouse must always be in the AU if living with the client.

Title	Basic Food Employment and Training (BF E&T)		
Brief Description	The Washington State Basic Food Employment and Training (BFE&T) program provides job search, job search training, self directed job search, educational services, skills training, and other employment opportunities to Basic Food recipients not participating in the state's Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program.		
Legal Authorization	Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, Public Law 110-246. The Basic Food Program is Washington state's version of the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), formerly known as Food Stamps.		
Funding Source	Primarily funded by federal funds, but certain costs are matched with state funds. Private and state funds are matched with 50% federal funds though a pilot project within King, and portions of Snohomish, Skagit and Whatcom Counties.		
	 Basic Food recipients living in King County and on a volunteer basis to recipients living in Snohomish, Skagit and Whatcom counties, who are ages 16 through 59 and have dependents 		
Population Served	 The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 suspends restrictions on Able Bodied Adults Without Dependents (ABAWDS) through September 2010.Washington is currently running a BFE&T program in King, and portions of Snohomish, Skagit and Whatcom Counties. ABAWDs can volunteer to participate in the counties serve by the BFE&T pilot. 		
Eligibility	 All Basic Food program applicants or recipients who are not receiving TANF and are <i>not exempt</i> under the following exemption criteria: Caring for a child under age 6 or a person determined to be incapacitated Unable to work due to incapacity Confronts substantial barriers to employment, e.g. medical, transportation, language Resides in an area that is exempted from Basic Food Employment and Training services under the state plan Applying for or receiving unemployment compensation Participating in alcohol or drug treatment program Working 30 hours or receiving weekly earnings equal to federal minimum wage times 30 hours Students ages 16 or 17, not the head of household, and who attend school such as high school or GED programs; or enrolled in a work program Students who are 18 or older enrolled at least half time in any accredited school, training program, or institution for higher education For ABAWDs, the 3-month limit does not apply through September 2010 due to the provisions of the American Recovery Act. 		

Title	Basic Food Employment and Training (BF E&T)	
Services	Employment and training services include:1. Job search2. Basic or vocational education3. Referral to job openings	
Linkages	 Same as those for the TANF program. In addition: Employment Security Department, for job search activities Under a pilot project in King, Snohomish, Skagit, and Whatcom counties, specified contractors also provide job search activities in addition to basic education and vocational training services. 	

Title	Career Services	
Brief Description	Provides wage progression services, job retention services and basic needs payments to working parents. This program is administered by the Employment Security Department.	
Legal Authorization	WAC 388-310-2100	
Funding Source	100% State	
Population Served	 Parents or needy caretaker relatives who are working and are no longer receiving TANF assistance Parents or needy caretaker relatives who are working and received Diversion Cash Assistance Families with dependent children who are receiving Basic Food Assistance 	
Eligibility	 The adult must be working at least 30 hours a week. The adult must enroll in the Career Services Program with the Employment Security Department. Individuals must not have left the WorkFirst program in sanction within six months of application. 	
Services	 Medical assistance Other public assistance programs Child care 	
Linkages	 Job retention and wage progression coaching Individualized employment plan for wage progression Information on job skill training opportunities Information on community resources 	

Title	Child Support Services		
Brief Description	Provides services for the establishment of paternity, and the establishment, modification and enforcement of child support orders (financial and medical) to help families become or remain self-sufficient.		
Legal Authorization	Title IV-D of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.§§ 608-669b and 45 CFR Volume 2, Chapter III, §§300-399)		
	Funded by federal matching funds, state funds, and additional annual federal performance incentive award funding. The basic federal matching rate is 66%.		
Funding Source	The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA), enacted by Congress in February 2009, temporarily restores states' ability to claim the federal match for incentive funds earned from October 1, 2008 through September 30, 2010.		
	Source of IV-D funds for SFY 2009:		
	 State Funds: \$37.6 million (26%) 		
	 Federal Matching Funds: \$96.0 million (65%) 		
	 Federal Performance Incentive Award: \$13.9 million (9%) 		
	 Current Assistance (Individuals who are currently receiving Title IV-A TANF or Title IV-E Foster Care services) 		
Population Served	 Former Assistance (Individuals who do not now, but in the past received TANF(or AFDC) or Title IV-E Foster Care services) 		
Population Serveu	 Never Assistance (Individuals who have never received TANF (or AFDC) or Title IV-E Foster Care services and have made application for Title IV-D services. Includes non-IV–A Medicaid only, state-only foster care and child care only) 		
Eligibility	Automatic as a condition of receiving a TANF grant or Medicaid; continuation of services; interstate referral; or upon application for non-assistance services		
	1. Administrative support order establishment		
	2. Full enforcement or collection services		
	3. Responsible parent locate services		
Services	4. Support order modification		
	 Medical enforcement, including collection of co-pays, deductibles, and extraordinary medical costs 		
	6. Paternity establishment		
	7. Payment processing services only		
	8. Electronic funds transfer/electronic data interchange for employers		
	9. Electronic funds transfer for parents		
	10. Tribal support services		

Title	Child Support Services		
	11. Employer information		
	1. TANF/WorkFirst		
	2. Courts		
	3. Prosecuting Attorneys		
	4. Community Services Offices (CSOs)		
	5. Office of Administrative Hearings		
	6. DSHS Children's Administration		
	7. Washington State Support Registry		
	8. DSHS Health and Recovery Services Administration—Medicaid Cost Recovery		
	9. Department of Early Learning		
	10. State Tribal Relations Office		
Linkages	11. Department of Health		
	12. Department of Corrections		
	13. Employment Security Department		
	14. Department of Labor and Industries		
	15. Department of Revenue		
	16. Department of Licensing		
	17. Internal Revenue Service		
	18. U.S. Department of Justice		
	19. U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service		
	20. U.S. Department of Defense		
	21. Hospitals		
	22. Community Based Organizations		

Title	Consolidated Emergency Assistance Program (CEAP)		
Brief Description	Provides program benefits to alleviate emergent conditions resulting from insufficient income and resources to provide for food, shelter, clothing, medical care, or other necessary items. Benefits may be authorized for only 30 consecutive days in any consecutive 12-month period. <i>(Note: Part of the funding for the CEAP programs was transferred to the Department of Community, Trade and Economic Development in SFY 2000)</i>		
Legal Authorization	RCW 74.04.660, Family Emergency Assistance Program §301(6), Chapter 181, Laws of 2008 (SB 6950)		
Funding Source	100% State		
	Women in any stage of pregnancy or families with dependent children who are ineligible to receive benefits from any of the following programs, including families who have stopped receiving their TANF grant within the last six months due to a WorkFirst sanction:		
	1. Temporary Assistance for Needy families (TANF)		
Population Served	2. State Family Assistance (SFA)		
Population Served	3. Refugee Cash Assistance (RCA)		
	4. Diversion Cash Assistance (DCA)		
	In the event of a disaster, declared by the Governor:		
	Individuals or families (with or without children) living in the affected area who are not eligible for any of the above programs (1-4) and otherwise meet eligibility requirements		
	1. Must be residents of Washington		
	2. Must be in emergent need and have no resources to meet that need		
Eligibility	3. Family income must be less than 90% of the TANF payment standard		
	4. Payment is limited to payment maximums for individual emergent need items or the TANF payment standard, whichever is lower		
Services	 Provides for specific emergent needs such as food, shelter, clothing, minor medical care, utilities, household maintenance, job-related transportation or clothing, and transportation for a minor, not in foster care, to the home of a relative or approved caregiver. 		
	1. Department of Community, Trade and Economic Development		
Linkages	2. Low–income emergency housing		
	3. Food banks		
	4. Charitable agencies		
	5. Community medical centers		
	 Other public assistance programs (approximately half of CEAP households are subsequently approved for TANF) 		

Title	Diversion Cash Assistance (DCA)		
Brief Description	Provides a one time, in a 12-month period, payment up to \$1,500 to overcome a temporary emergency and keep otherwise eligible families from becoming dependent upon TANF.		
Legal Authorization	RCW 74.08A.210, Diversion Program – Emergency Assistance		
Funding Source	100% State – TANF MOE		
Population Served	Low-income families with temporary emergent needs who are not likely to need continued assistance if those needs are met		
Eligibility	 Must meet TANF eligibility criteria but not receiving TANF Cannot have received DCA within the last 12 months Cannot have an adult in the family who is ineligible for cash assistance for any reason other than one adult receiving SSI in a two-adult family If the families go on TANF within 12 months of receiving DCA, a prorated amount of the DCA payment must be repaid to the state by monthly deductions equal to 5% of the cash grant Benefits may be authorized for only 30 days in a 12 consecutive month period The total of all payments in 30-day period is limited to \$1,500. 		
Services	 Payments to cover emergent needs for shelter, transportation, child care, food, medical care, and employment-related expenses Usually paid directly to vendors 		
Linkages	 Employment Child care Child support services Medical assistance Food assistance Other services to assist low-income families 		

Title	Food Assistance Program for Legal Immigrants (FAP)		
Brief Description	Provides food assistance for legal immigrants who are not eligible for the federal Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), formerly known as Food Stamps		
Legal Authorization	RCW 74.08A.120 Immigrants-food assistance		
Funding Source	100% State		
Population Served	Legal immigrants ineligible for the federal SNAP program under federal welfare reform enacted in August 1996		
Eligibility	With the exception of citizenship and alien rules, the state program mirrors the federal SNAP program		
Services	 Same as for federal SNAP: Electronic food benefits can be used at participating grocery stories The value of the benefit is determined by size of household and net income 		
Linkages	 Same as for federal SNAP: 1. Nutrition education programs 2. School lunch programs 3. Low-income housing 4. Food banks 5. Children and family services 6. Community medical centers 7. Senior outreach 8. Charitable agencies 		

Title	General Assistance – Expedited Medicaid (GA-X)
Brief Description	Provides cash assistance for low-income adults who appear to be eligible and are applying for Social Security Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits.
Legal Authorization	Medicaid eligibility authorized by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396a (v) (as enacted in P.L. 101-508, the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (OBRA) of 1990). Cash assistance authorized by RCW 74.04.005(6).
Funding Source	100% General Fund-State (GA-F) cash benefits, which may be recovered from retroactive payment (interim assistance) when SSI eligibility is approved. Medicaid benefits are funded with 50% federal match (FFP).
Population Served	Adults 18 to 65 years old, who appear to be eligible for SSI benefits pending a final administrative determination of disability by the Social Security Administration (SSA).
Eligibility	 Recipients must meet the same financial criteria as GA-U. Incapacitating conditions must meet SSI disability or blindness criteria as certified by a department-contracted physician or psychologist. Recipients must be cooperating with department SSI facilitator in applying for and pursuing SSI benefits. Eligibility is limited to the period of time that an SSI application is active and disability determination is pending.
Services	 Cash assistance, ongoing additional requirements, case management, and referral services are the same as those provided to GA-U recipients. Medicaid (Categorical Needy Medical coverage). SSI facilitation services by social workers trained in the disability benefits application process to ensure that the person is able to complete, submit, and track the disability application submitted to SSA.
Linkages	 The same as for the GA-U program with the addition of: Social Security offices and Private-practice attorneys who accept referrals to represent recipients in challenging denial of disability after the reconsideration stage of the SSI application.

Title	General Assistance – Other
Brief Description	Provides cash assistance for low-income adults who are relatable to Medicaid.
Legal Authorization	Medicaid eligibility authorized by 42 U.S.C. Section 1396 (a)(10)(A)(ii). Cash assistance authorized by RCW 74.04.005(6).
Funding Source	100% General Assistance-Fund state (GA-F) cash benefits. Medicaid benefits are funded with 50% federal match (FFP).
Population Served	Adults who are aged, blind, disabled, 18 years old, or institutionalized.
Eligibility	 Recipients must meet the same financial criteria as GA-U. Recipients must be unemployable due to age or disability. 18 year olds must be incapacitated. For applicants, disability means the person must have an impairment that prevents employment for 12 continuous months or longer from date of application. Disability is determined by the DSHS Division of Disability Determination Services (DDDS) using SSI disability or blindness criteria. Recipients may not be eligible for SSI due to citizenship status.
Services	 Cash assistance, ongoing additional requirements benefits, case management, and referral services are the same as those provided to GA-U recipients. Medicaid (Categorical Needy Medical coverage) SSI facilitation services are available for those who meet SSI citizenship criteria.
Linkages	1. The same as for the GA-U program.

Title	General Assistance – Unemployable (GA-U)
Brief Description	Provides cash and limited medical assistance for low-income adults without dependents and who are unemployable due to physical or mental health impairment.
Legal Authorization	RCW 74.04.005 (6); RCW 74.09.035
Funding Source	100% State
Population Served	 Incapacitated adults aged 18 to 65 years, or If under 18 and member of married couple
Eligibility	 Recipients must meet income and resource tests. Resource limits are the same as for the TANF program. Recipients must be unemployable due to mental retardation, mental health, or physical impairment. For applicants, the impairment must prevent employment for at least 90 days from date of application. A person is ineligible for GA-U when incapacitated only by alcoholism or drug addiction (chemical dependency). People who have a chemical dependency in addition to a separate mental or physical impairment that qualifies them for GA-U may be assigned a protective payee or required to participate in alcohol or drug treatment. Recipients must accept available treatment or pursue services or benefits from other agencies that would enable them to become employable or reduce their need for assistance.
Services	 Cash assistance On-going additional requirements (i.e., laundry, telephone, restaurant meals, home-delivered meals, and food for service animals) Medical coverage through the Medical Care Services program Case management Referral for treatment or for benefits and services from other agencies Assessment for potential disability Services and support to prepare for or become employed, when funds are available
Linkages	 Local and emergency services agencies including: 1. Alcohol/drug assessment and treatment agencies 2. Regional Support Networks / community mental health agencies 3. Division of Vocational Rehabilitation 4. Social Security Administration 5. Food banks 6. Housing shelters 7. Long-term or congregate care facilities 8. Naturalization Assistance Services 9. Veterans Administration

Title	Medical Assistance Program
Brief Description	Provides state and federally funded medical assistance to low-income families, children, pregnant women, persons with disabilities, older adults, refugees, and qualified immigrants.
Legal Authorization	Title XIX Social Security Act Title IV Immigration & Nationality Act RCW 74.09 Medical care
Funding Source	Funded by general state funds and Title 19 federal medical funds.
Population Served	Low-income families, children, pregnant women, persons with disabilities, older adults, refugees, and federally qualified aliens.
	Each medical program has different eligibility requirements. In general, most recipients will be low income and have no other medical coverage available. Specific program eligibility varies based on program relatability such as:
	1. Families who are eligible for TANF but choose not to receive cash benefits can receive family medical
	2. Pregnancy, disability, or refugee immigration status
	 Infants up to one year of age born to women who received Medicaid at the time of birth
	 Families who lose eligibility for TANF due to increased earnings or child support collections
Eligibility	 Children with family incomes not exceeding 200% of the Federal Poverty Level (FPL)
	 Emergency medical for Immigrants who would qualify for full-scope Medicaid except for their alien status
	 Aged, blind, and disabled persons who receive Supplemental Security Income (SSI) or who are eligible to receive SSI
	8. Disabled persons who are working and who do not receive SSI
	9. Refugees who do not qualify for cash assistance
	10. Long-term care services for children and families
	11. Low income Medicare beneficiaries
	1. Children's Medicaid
	2. TANF-Related Medicaid
	3. Pregnancy Medicaid
Services	4. Newborn Medicaid
	5. Post-TANF Transitional Medicaid
	6. Alien Emergency Medical

Title	Medical Assistance Program
	7. SSI Medicaid
	8. SSI-Related Medicaid
	9. Medicare Savings Programs
	10. Healthcare for Workers with Disabilities
	11. Refugee Medical Assistance
	12. Long-term Care
	1. DSHS Online Services Application
	2. Dental coverage
Linkages	3. Apple Health for Kids program
	4. State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP)
	5. Children and family services
	6. Community medical centers
	7. Senior outreach
	8. Maternity and Infants

Title	Naturalization Assistance Services
Brief Description	Provides services that prepare low-income refugees and legal immigrants for U.S. citizenship testing.
Legal Authorization	45 CFR 400.152, 152 400.155 and RCW 74.08A .130
Funding Source	State funds
Population Served	Refugees and legal immigrants who are within two years or less of their eligibility to become naturalized citizens
Eligibility	Refugees and legal immigrants who receive Supplemental Security Income (SSI) benefits or benefits through a cash, medical or food assistance program administered by DSHS
Services	 Information and referral services Naturalization preparation training and instruction including American History, Civics and English Payment of fees for the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) application for naturalization when appropriate Assistance in completing the USCIS naturalization application form Assistance in obtaining test or fee waivers when appropriate
Linkages	 Department of Homeland Security (formerly Immigration and Naturalization Service) United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) Community-based organizations City of Seattle Seattle Housing Authority Northwest Immigrant Rights Project Northwest Justice Project Social Security Administration

Title	Ongoing Additional Requirements (OAR)
Brief Description	Payments to meet a need beyond the basic needs of food, clothing and shelter, which are necessary to enable a person to continue living independently.
Legal Authorization	RCW 74.08.283
Funding Source	100% General Fund-State
Population Served	Aged, blind or disabled clients
Eligibility	A person must be receiving cash benefits from one of the following programs: Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) including Tribal TANF, State Family Assistance (SFA), Refugee Cash Assistance (RCA), General Assistance (GA) or Supplemental Security Income (SSI), and be determined by a Social Services worker to have an essential need for an item or service necessary for the person to live independently.
Services	Cash payments for restaurant <i>or</i> home-delivered meals, food for service animals, basic telephone service, or laundry.
Linkages	 Community charitable or social services agencies Home and Community Services Offices

Title	Refugee Cash and Medical Assistance (RCA/RMA)
Brief Description	Provides cash and medical assistance for newly arrived refugees.
Legal Authorization	CFR 400.45 – 400.69 and 400.93 – 400.107, Refugee Act of 1980, Public Law 96-212; The Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2008, Public Law 110- 161; The National Defense Authorization Act, Public Law 110-181, Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000.
Funding Source	Federal: 100%
Population Served	 Refugees or asylees authorized by the federal government to immigrate to the U.S. because they are unwilling or unable to return to their country of nationality due to persecution or a well-founded fear of persecution based on race, religion, nationality, membership in particular social group, or political opinion Individuals whose immigration status allows them access to refugee benefits under federal law
Eligibility	 Refugees, asylees, Cubans/Haitians, Amerasians, victims of human trafficking, and Iraqi/Afghani Special Immigrants who meet financial need criteria for the TANF program but are not TANF eligible (e.g., adults without dependent children) Currently, eligibility expires eight months after the date of their arrival in the United States except for Afghani Special Immigrants, whose eligibility expires six months after arrival. For asylees and victims of human trafficking, and Iraqis or Afghanis who do not become Special Immigrants until after they enter the U.S., eligibility expires eight months after the date their status is granted (six months for Afghanis) Unless exempt, adults must register for employment and language services Adults must also provide the name of the voluntary agency, which helped bring them to this country
Services	 Cash assistance for food, clothing, and shelter Medical assistance Health screening
Linkages	 Voluntary resettlement agencies Mutual assistance associations Community employment providers Low-income housing Food banks Community medical centers Charitable agencies Workforce development councils Public health departments Other local agencies

Title	Refugee and Immigrant Assistance (RIA)
Brief Description	Provides services for refugees and immigrants, through local government and community–based agencies, to help refugees and immigrants become self-sufficient.
Legal Authorization	Refugee Act of 1980, Public Law 96-212; CFR 400.70 – 400.82, 400.140 – 400.156, RCW Chapter 74.08A
Funding Source	Primarily funded by federal funds with a supplement of state funding for individuals not eligible for federal funding
Population Served	Refugees and legal immigrants
Eligibility	 Legal immigrants including refugees, asylees, Amerasians, Cuban/Haitian entrants, Iraqi and Afghani special immigrants, and victims of human trafficking Must meet low-income financial criteria
Services	 The Refugee and Immigrant Assistance (RIA) program provides the following services through contracts with community-based agencies, local governments, community and technical colleges, and the Employment Security Department: Employment readiness and job placement services Job skills training English as a Second Language training Health screening Information and referral services Case management services Refugee foster services Mental health services Naturalization services
Linkages	 Community-based employment providers Mutual assistance associations Voluntary refugee resettlement agencies (VOLAGS) Public health departments U.S. citizenship and immigration services Community and technical colleges Community-based organizations Local employers Employment Security Department Workforce training councils Local government agencies Housing Authorities Other organizations providing community resources, such as food banks and utility assistance agencies

Title	State Family Assistance (SFA)
Brief Description	Provides cash assistance for legal immigrant families, students ages 19 to 20, and pregnant women who are ineligible to receive TANF.
Level Authorization	RCW 74.08A.100, Immigrants-Eligibility
Legal Authorization	RCW 74.12.035, Additional Eligibility Requirements (Students)
Funding Source	State: Mix of State and TANF MOE
	 Immigrants ineligible for TANF because of the citizenship and alien status eligibility requirements
Population Served	 Children under 21 years of age attending school who are ineligible for TANF because they are over age 18
	3. Needy caretaker relatives of these children
	 Pregnant women with no other children who are ineligible for TANF for misrepresentation of residence in order to receive TANF benefits in two or more states at the same time
Eligibility	 Recipients must meet all TANF eligibility criteria, except: The citizenship and alien status requirements The age requirement for children or The prohibition of pregnant women with no other children who have misrepresented their residence to obtain assistance in two or more states Immigrants must be: Qualified aliens ineligible for TANF because of the five-year period of ineligibility Aliens permanently residing in the U.S. under color of law (PRUCOL) Children ages 19 and 20 are in high school or a GED program full-time Benefits have a five-year time limit.
Services	 Cash assistance in accordance with state payment standards for food, clothing and shelter Adult immigrant recipients of SFA are not eligible for medical assistance. However, adult SFA recipients may be eligible for Alien Emergency Medical program if they have a medical emergency that meets certain eligibility requirements. Clients are eligible for WorkFirst services. Additional Requirements Emergent Need (AREN) payments for special needs, such as rent and utilities if eviction or shut–off notices have been issued
Linkages	 Low-income housing Food banks Children and family services Community medical centers Charitable organizations

Title	Supplemental Security Income (SSI) State Supplemental Payment (SSP)
Brief Description	Provides a supplemental cash payment to some recipients of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) in addition to their regular SSI payment.
Legal Authorization	Title XVI of the Social Security Act, 20 CFR 416.2095, and RCW 74.04.600–74.04.640
Funding Source	State: 100% state funds for the supplement
Population Served	 SSP is paid to the following populations: Mandatory Income Level (MIL) – persons who received state aged, blind or disabled cash assistance in 1973 and who were converted to receiving federal SSI in January 1974. SSI recipients whose spouse is not eligible for SSI in their own right. Developmentally Disabled persons who meet Social Security disability criteria. SSI recipients who are aged or blind. Certain foster children receiving SSI.
Eligibility	 Must be eligible for SSI as determined by the Social Security Administration (SSA) and meet of the criteria described above. Must meet resource limit of \$2,000 for an individual and \$3,000 for a couple (not all resources are counted).
Services	 The MIL SSP varies by individual and federal requirement. The SSP for the aged, blind, or ineligible spouse is \$46 per month. Developmentally disabled SSP varies by individual and client need. Foster child SSP varies by individual need. The SSP for an eligible person who is residing in a medical institution is \$27.28 per month. A person eligible for SSI is automatically eligible for Categorically Needy medical coverage.
Linkages	 Low-income housing Senior citizens centers Ongoing additional requirements Food banks Developmental disability programs Congregate care facilities Adult family homes Nursing homes Medical facilities Mental health centers Other community charitable and social service agencies

Title	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
Brief Description	Provides benefits for low-income families. TANF provides cash assistance and the WorkFirst program provides services to families who need to work, look for work, prepare for work or get a better job. (See WorkFirst description on following pages).
Legal Authorization	Title IV-A of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 602-619) and RCW Chapters 74.04 (General Provisions Administration), 74.08 (Eligibility Generally — Standards of Assistance), 74.08A (Washington WorkFirst/TANF), and 74.12 (TANF)
Funding Source	Funded by a federal block grant and a required Maintenance of Effort (MOE) expenditure of state funds
Population Served	 Children under age 18 Children under age 19 attending high school or GED program full-time Parents or needy caretaker relatives of these children Unmarried teen parents under the age of 18 Pregnant women with no other children
Eligibility	 The family or assistance unit must include a child (or a pregnant woman with no other children) who is in financial need. The child of unmarried parents can be excluded from recipient assistance units at the option of the parents. Family net monthly income may not exceed the payment standard plus authorized additional requirements. Under TANF, 50% of gross earnings are countable when determining eligibility and payment amount. Families can own a home, household goods, and up to \$1,000 in countable assets. The first \$5,000 in equity value of a vehicle is exempt, and equity that exceeds this amount counts towards the \$1,000 asset limit. Recipients may accumulate up to an additional \$3,000 in savings (e.g. a bank account). Teen parents must meet all TANF eligibility requirements, be living in an approved living situation, and must be attending high school. When not living in an approved living situation, the child of the teen is opened on TANF as a child-only case. Families must be Washington state residents and not living in a public institution (with some exceptions). All eligible family members must have a Social Security Number or cooperate in obtaining one. Families must assign rights to child support and cooperate with the DSHS Division of Child Support by identifying the non-custodial parent of the children and in obtaining child support. Adults and certain teens must participate in WorkFirst program work or work activities for up to 40 hours a week. There are a few exceptions to

Title	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
	apply a penalty. The family's grant is reduced and may be terminated after 6 months of non-compliance.
Services	 Cash assistance in accordance with state payment standards for food, clothing, and shelter
	2. Medical assistance
	3. WorkFirst services
	 Additional Requirements—Emergent Need (AREN) payments for special needs, such as obtaining housing or preventing eviction or utility shut-off
	 SSI Facilitation, providing assistance with completing and monitoring a SSA Title II or Title XVI application
	1. Low-income housing
	2. Food banks
	3. Children and family services
	4. Community medical centers
	5. Charitable organizations
	6. Tribal TANF programs
	a. Port Gamble S'Klallam Tribe – Started October 1998
	b. Lower Elwha Klallam Tribe – Started October 1998
	c. Quinault Indian Nation – Started April 2001
	d. Quileute Tribe – Started May 2001
Linkages	e. Confederated Tribes of the Colville Reservation – Started November 2001
	f. Spokane Tribe of Indians – Started March 2003
	 g. South Puget Intertribal Planning Agency (SPIPA) comprised of three tribes: Nisqually, Skokomish and Squaxin Island – Started September 2004
	h. Tulalip Tribes – Started March 2005
	i. Nooksack Tribe – Started May 2005
	j. Lummi Nation - Started July 2007
	k. Upper Skagit Tribe - Started July 2007
	7. ESA State Tribal Relations Office

Title	United States Repatriate
Brief Description	A federal program providing social services and a cash loan for food, housing, medical, or transportation needs to help a United States citizen or dependent resettle after emergent conditions require the person to return to the U.S.
Legal Authorization	45 CFR Parts 211 and 212
Funding Source	Initial expenditures are state funds that are reimbursed from federal funds.
Population Served	U.S. citizens or their dependents returning from a foreign country
Eligibility	The U.S. Department of State determines eligibility and authorizes repatriation based on poverty, mental or physical illness, or international crisis.
Services	 Resettlement assistance for up to 90 days after return to the U.S., unless an extension is granted Cash loan based on the TANF payment standard for household size to pay for food, shelter, medical care and other emergent needs, or travel costs to the state of residence or final destination Social services to help person connect to programs, establish housing or otherwise meet ongoing needs
Linkages	 Social Security Supplemental Security Income (SSI) Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) or other public assistance programs, if eligible Food assistance Children's Administration when repatriate is an unaccompanied minor U.S. State Department and Administration for Children and Families (ACF) for program policy and coordination International Social Services is contracted by ACF to refer eligible people and process claims for reimbursement.

Title	Washington Combined Application Program (WASHCAP)
Brief Description	A simplified food benefits program for certain SSI recipients that delivers food benefits through an automated interface between Social Security Administration (SSA) and DSHS. A client's application for SSI also acts as the application for food benefits. Clients who receive WASHCAP are certified for up to 36 months.
Legal Authorization	7 CFR 273.23 and 7 CFR 273.2 (b),(c), and (k) and 7 CFR 273.9 (d) and 7 CFR 273.10(d) and (e) Sections 5(e) and 8(c) of the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008 RCW 74.04.050, 74.04.055, 74.04.057, 74.04.500,74.04.510, 74.08.090
Funding Source	100% Federal - United States Department of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service
Population Served	 SSI recipients who : 1. Are at least 18 years of age 2. Live alone or are considered a single household by the Social Security Administration or 3. Live with others but buy and cook food separately 4. Do not have earned income when they apply for SSI
Eligibility	 Must meet criteria listed in "Population Served" above. Clients are <u>ineligible</u> if they: 1. Live in an institution 2. Are under 18 3. Live with their spouse 4. Are under 22 and live with their parents who receive Basic Food benefits 5. Begin working after they are approved for WASHCAP and have earned income for more than three consecutive months 6. Live with others and do not buy and cook food separately 7. Are ineligible for Basic Food under WAC 388-400-0040
Services	WASHCAP clients receive monthly food benefits via Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) to their Washington Quest card. They also receive Categorically Eligible medical assistance as SSI recipients. This client population is served by the WASHCAP Central Unit within the Community Services Division (CSD).
Linkages	 Social Security Administration Nutrition education programs Low-income housing Food banks Community Medical Centers Senior outreach Charitable agencies

Title	Washington Telephone Assistance Program (WTAP)
Brief Description	Provides low-income households with waivers and discounts on telephone fees or a community service voice mailbox.
Legal Authorization	47 CFR Part 54, Subpart E RCW 80.36.410 – RCW 80.36.475 Washington Telephone Assistance Program
Funding Source	Mix of federal Universal Service Funds and state excise tax funds. Up to a 14-cent excise tax on all wire phone lines supplies the state funding.
Population Served	Public assistance program recipients and former recipients of the Community Service Voice Mail Program.
Eligibility	 There must be at least one adult in the household receiving benefits from one or more of the following programs: Basic Food or State Food Assistance; TANF or State Family Assistance; General Assistance; State SSI; specific types of Medical Assistance; or was referred to the Department by a community agency that provided Community Service Voice Mail. Clients must apply for WTAP by contacting their local telephone company and requesting this service. Client eligibility for WTAP lasts through the end of the fiscal year in which the client loses eligibility for public assistance. Clients eligible through Community Voice Mail are eligible for one additional fiscal year.
Services	 A waiver of deposit for local service A one-time-per-address 50% discount on connection fees A reduction in the monthly flat fee for telephone services
Linkages	 Washington Utilities and Transportation Commission Telephone companies serving Washington state residents Universal Service Administration Company (providing federal funds, which pays 50% of client telephone connection fees once per address and pays a partial match for client monthly flat rate fees) Community agencies providing Community Service Voice Mail Department of Commerce Department of Revenue Other public assistance programs

WorkFirst (WF)
Provides support services and activities to Temporary Assistance to Needy Families/State Family Assistance (TANF/SFA) clients and low-income families so they can find jobs, keep jobs, get better jobs and become self-sufficient.
Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, Public Law 104-193; the Deficit Reduction Act of 2005, Public Law 109-171; and RCW 74.08A, Washington Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Act
Funded by a federal block grant (Title IV-A of the Social Security Act) and a required Maintenance of Effort (MOE) expenditure of state funds.
Low-income families with dependent children and pregnant women
TANF/SFA recipients, former TANF/SFA recipients up to six months, and under some circumstances, low-income families with incomes at or below 175% of the federal poverty level
 Case Management and Social Services include the following: Information to introduce parents to the WorkFirst program Comprehensive Evaluation, an evaluation to identify a parent's strengths, participation options, and best pathway to employment Referrals for services that a family may need including: a. Family Planning for every individual b. Equal Access (EA) for individuals with a mental, neurological, physical or sensory impairment or other problems that prevent them from getting program benefits in the same way that an unimpaired person would get them c. Family violence d. Learning disabilities e. Substance abuse / chemical dependency f. Pregnant or parenting a child under 12 months. Development of Individual Responsibility Plans (IRP) Intensive social services for those with significant issues and needs Interdisciplinary case staffing Helping pregnant or parenting minors find a suitable living arrangement and complete high school which are both program requirements

Title	WorkFirst (WF)
	Services While Working
	 Wage progression and job retention services (e.g., education and training)
	10. Re-employment services following job loss
	Services While Looking for Work
	11. Employment service supports (e.g., help with transportation)
	12. Employment services (e.g., job leads, and access to resource rooms, phone banks, and job fairs)
	13. Job preparation (e.g., employment competencies, work skills assessment and employment workshops)
	14. Part-time language training for limited-English proficient participants in job search
	15. Customized job skills (short-term training course that leads to an available job at an above-average wage)
	Services While Preparing for Work
	16. Short-term subsidized employment, Community Jobs, for participants who leave job search without finding unsubsidized work
	17. A changing mixture of subsidized or unpaid work, job search, treatment, education, training, and/or other services
Linkages	1. Employment Security Department
	2. Department of Commerce
	3. State Board for Technical and Community Colleges
	4. Workforce Development Councils, operating under the Workforce Investment Act
	5. Native American Tribes
	6. Community programs
	7. ESA State Tribal Relations Office
	8. Refugee and Immigrant community-based organizations
	9. Local planning areas