

## Introduction

Each year, Washington's State Advisory Group reviews juvenile justice system data prepared by their staff (the Office of Juvenile Justice within the Department of Social and Health Services). These data are reviewed and utilized in the selection of priorities and focus areas to pursue with juvenile justice professionals, the Governor, and the Legislature in order to improve the juvenile justice system. In 2011 the WA-PCJJ has determined that Disproportionate Minority Contact (DMC) is the number one priority for the state; other identified priorities include: evidence-based or promising practices targeting minority youth, aftercare/re-entry programs, alternatives to detention--specifically, the Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative (JDAI), services to prevent truancy and suspension/expulsion, and services and programs to reduce the use of detention for status offenders held pursuant to the VCO exception. Other focus areas include: gang prevention and intervention; gender specific services (including services to children in the juvenile justice system victimized by the sex trade); mental health; and system improvement efforts, including a statewide system for youth advocacy.

Data are collected and analyzed in the following categories: demographics, school enrollment, school dropout statistics, school suspension/expulsion, youth living in poverty, adolescent pregnancies, youth employment, youth suicide, children referred to Child Protective Services, families served by Family Reconciliation Services, mental health diagnosis statistics for youth on probation, status offender filings, contempt orders and detention admissions (Truancy, ARY, CHINS), juvenile arrests, juvenile court referrals, juvenile court case referrals by disposition (i.e., diversion, commitment, etc.), juvenile detention population, and population in the Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration. Data are also collected on state and local programs that operate outside the formal juvenile justice system and impact delinquency prevention or reduction.

This information is contained in the following tables, graphs and narrative.

## Current Demographic Picture

Washington's total statewide population was 6.7 million in 2010, and has increased by 14 percent from the 2000 Census (grew by 830,419). A state Office of Financial Management Fact Sheet reports: "This is a 14.1 percent increase from 2000, and the lowest decadal percentage growth since 1930-40, when the Great Depression kept the growth rate down to 11.1 percent." This is the slowest rate of growth for the state in five decades.

There was a slight decrease from the 2009 total state population estimate to the Census 2010 state population count (a 0.8 percent decrease).

Juveniles continue to comprise approximately 24 percent of the state's total population, according to the Census 2010, with 1,581,354 youth ages 0-17 years old residing in Washington State. The juvenile population has increased by 4.5 percent from the 2000 Census count.

The 0-9 age group continues to represent 55 percent of the total youth population age 0-17 in 2010. This cohort increased by six percent from 2000 to the 2010 Census, and increased by 16.7 percent from the 1990 Census. The number of youth age 0-9 in the state is forecasted to increase by 13 percent by the year 2020, and by 20 percent by the year 2030.

The 10-17 age group accounts for approximately 45 percent of the total youth population. This age group increased by approximately three percent from the 2000 to 2010 Census, and increased by 36 percent from the 1990 Census. The 10-17 year old age group is forecasted to increase by approximately seven percent by the year 2020, and by 20 percent by the year 2030.

When comparing the four juvenile age groups (0-4, 5-9, 10-14 and 15-17), the 0-4 year old age group had the highest youth population increase from the 2000 to 2010 Census (11.5 percent increase), followed by the 15-17 year old age group (a 5.7 percent increase). The 5 to 9 and 10 to 14 year old age groups had a very minimal increase from 2000 to 2010 (less than one percent).

In 2010, the three age groups (0-4, 5-9 and 10-14) each comprised from 27.2 to 27.8 percent of the total juvenile population. The 15-17 year old

cohort represented approximately 17 percent of the total juvenile population in the Census 2010 count.

Trends in the state's juvenile population by gender show the percentage of girls and boys has remained constant from the 2000 Census to 2010, with boys representing approximately 51 percent of the 0-17 juvenile population, and girls representing approximately 49 percent.

Changes in the number of youth in selected age groups will make different demands upon the state. Demographic trends should influence how the state plans services for youth. Factors such as minority status, poverty, juvenile crime, and child abuse should also be considered. Public policy, funding, public awareness, types of crimes committed, and law enforcement and judicial behavior can also affect the demand for services for children.

### Location of Youth

The 2010 Census shows that one-half (approximately 50 percent) of the youth in our state continue to live in three western counties: King, Pierce and Snohomish. The Office of Financial Management reports in a February 2011 press release: "Population distribution between Western and Eastern Washington remains unchanged with the same 78/22 percent split in place in 2000. However, there is a shift in the rank of the fastest-growing counties. Clark County (which grew by 23.2 percent in the last decade) was replaced by Franklin County (which grew by 58.4 percent) as the state's fastest growing county."

As of April 1, 2011, 31 of the state's 39 counties continued to meet the state's definition of a "rural" county (a county with a population density less than 100 persons per square mile, or a county smaller than 225 square miles). The remaining eight counties (Benton, Clark, King, Kitsap, Pierce, Snohomish, Spokane and Thurston) collectively comprise three-fourths (74%) of the youth population in the state; with the exception of Benton and Spokane, all of these counties are located in Western Washington.

### Racial and Ethnic Distribution

The statewide juvenile minority youth population was 24.2 percent according to Census 2000, and was 39.3 according to Census 2010 data. This is a 62 percent increase in the percentage of age 0-17 minority youth in Washington over the past decade. According to an OFM February 2011 press release: "Washington grew more diversified during the last decade. The state's Hispanic and Asian American populations grew the fastest."

Population data in the 2011 juvenile justice report provides two different data sources for youth population by race/ethnicity – both the Census 2010, Summary File 1, race/ethnicity population data, and also youth population by race/ethnicity utilizing the "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2010" database; these data were derived from data originally collected by the U.S. Census Bureau and subsequently modified by the National Center for Health Statistics; these data provide Bridged Race Estimates, and are not directly comparable with Census race categories.

According to 2010 Bridged-Race Population Estimates for youth age 0-17, approximately: 65 percent of Washington's youth are White (non-Hispanic), 6 percent are Black (non-Hispanic), 2 percent are American Indian & Alaska Native (non-Hispanic), 9 percent are Asian (non-Hispanic), and 19 percent are Hispanic (of any race) – percentages have been rounded.

The 1990 Census reported that 7 percent of juveniles in the state were of Hispanic origin; according to the 2000 Census data, 12 percent of Washington's youth were of Hispanic or Latino origin; and according to 2010 Census counts, 19 percent of Washington's youth were of Hispanic or Latino origin.

The 12 counties with a juvenile minority population above the 2010 statewide average percentage (35.3%) include: Adams, Benton, Chelan, Douglas, Franklin, Grant, King, Okanogan, Pierce, Skagit, Walla Walla and Yakima. Four counties (Adams, Franklin, Grant and Yakima) have a minority youth population that is 50 percent or more of their total county youth population. Adams County continues to have the highest percentage of minority youth in the state (75% of youth age 0-17).

Forty-four (44) percent of Washington State’s minority youth reside within two western counties (King and Pierce). Thirteen counties have minority youth populations of over 10,000 youth: Benton, Clark, Franklin, Grant, King, Kitsap, Pierce, Skagit, Snohomish, Spokane, Thurston, Whatcom and Yakima.

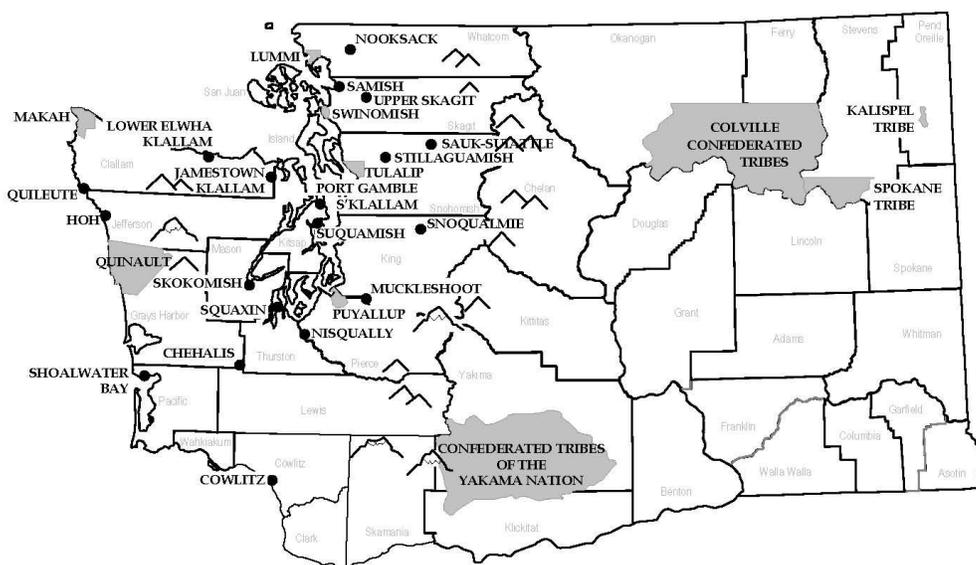
**Juvenile Population of American Indians**

The federal JJDP Act requires states to collect data on the juvenile population residing on reservations and off-reservation trust lands. The Act also requires states to allocate a specified portion of their Formula Grant funds to American Indian Tribes that perform law enforcement functions and who agree to comply with the core requirements of the JJDP Act. There are currently 29 federally recognized Indian Tribes in Washington

(see map below), and there are seven landless, non-federally recognized Indian Tribes.

The 2010 Census provides information on youth residing on 28 tribal reservations and trust lands (does not include Cowlitz). The 2010 Census shows there are a total of 42,296 youth (age 0-17) in the state who live on reservations and trust lands (2.7 percent of the state’s total youth population). There has been a 19 percent decrease in the age 0-17 American Indian juvenile population residing on reservations and trust lands from the 2000 Census to the 2010 Census (from 11,015 to 8,869). In 2010, approximately 37 percent of American Indian youth age 0-17 statewide resided on reservations and trust lands, while in 2000 approximately 35 percent of American Indian youth age 0-17 resided on reservations and trust lands.

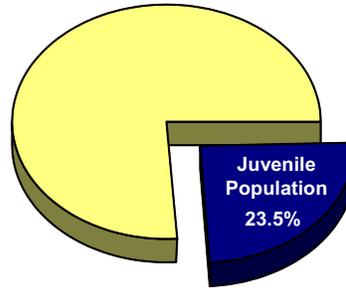
FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED TRIBES OF WASHINGTON STATE



Map Source: Washington State Governor’s Office of Indian Affairs, at: [http://www.goia.wa.gov/tribal\\_gov/documents/WASateTribalMap.pdf](http://www.goia.wa.gov/tribal_gov/documents/WASateTribalMap.pdf) .

Graph 1

### Juvenile Population of Washington State - Census 2010

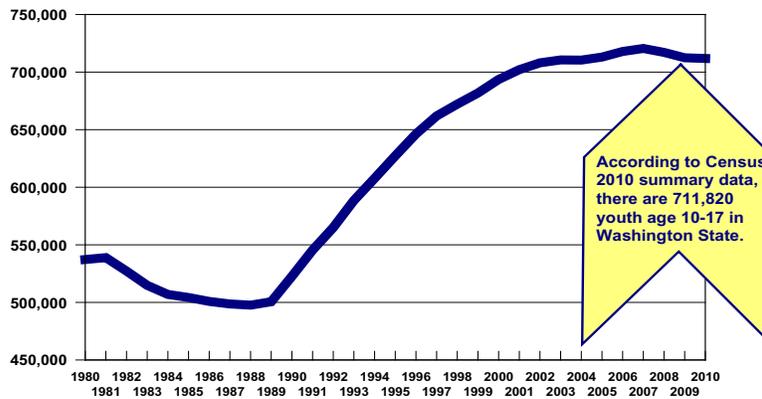


Juveniles represent 23.5 percent of the total population. The total population of Washington per the 2010 Census was 6,724,540. The number of juveniles age 0-17 years old was 1,581,354.

Source: 2010 Census Summary File 1 for Washington," WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division.

Graph 2

### Juvenile Population 1980-2010 Age 10 - 17

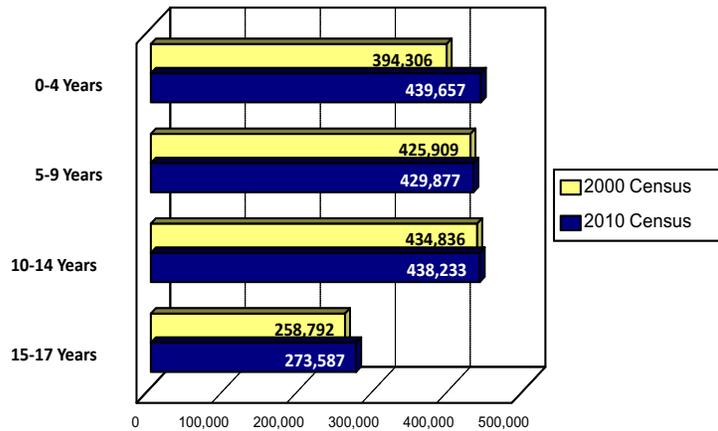


According to Census 2010 summary data, there are 711,820 youth age 10-17 in Washington State.

Source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age groups," WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division.

Graph 3

### Juvenile Population Comparison Four Age Groups



Source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age groups," WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division.

**TABLE 1**  
**Census 2010 Youth Population in**  
**Washington by Age Group**

Age Group	# of Youth	% of Youth Population
0-4 year olds	439,657	27.8%
5-9 year olds	429,877	27.2%
10-14 year olds	438,233	27.7%
15-17 year olds	273,587	17.3%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,581,354</b>	<b>100%</b>

Source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age groups," WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division.

**TABLE 2**  
**Youth Population and Forecast**  
**for Age Ranges 0-4, 5-9, 10-14, 15-17**

Age	2000 Census	2010 Census	2020 Forecast	2030 Forecast	2000-2010 Net Change	2000-2010 % Change	2010-2020 % Change	2010-2030 % Change
<b>0-4</b>	394,306	439,657	491,574	514,606	45,351	12%	12%	17%
<b>5-9</b>	425,909	429,877	489,876	526,901	3,968	1%	14%	23%
<b>0-9</b>	820,215	869,534	981,450	1,041,507	49,319	6%	13%	20%
<b>10-14</b>	434,836	438,233	483,038	534,755	3,397	1%	10%	22%
<b>15-17</b>	258,792	273,587	279,301	318,534	14,795	6%	2%	16%
<b>10-17</b>	693,628	711,820	762,339	853,289	18,192	3%	7%	20%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,513,843</b>	<b>1,581,354</b>	<b>1,743,789</b>	<b>1,894,796</b>	<b>67,511</b>	<b>4%</b>	<b>10%</b>	<b>20%</b>

Source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age groups," WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division. "Forecast of the State Population, November 2010 Forecast," State of WA, Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division, November 2010.

TABLE 3

**Trends in Age 0-17 Population: 1990 - 2010 Census  
Two Age Groups**

Age Group	1990 Census	2000 Census	2010 Census	1990-2000 Net Change	2000-2010 Net Change	2000-2010 % Change
0-9 Years	744,997	820,215	869,534	75,218	49,319	6.0%
10-17 Years	522,615	693,628	711,820	171,013	18,192	2.6%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,267,612</b>	<b>1,513,843</b>	<b>1,581,354</b>	<b>246,231</b>	<b>67,511</b>	<b>4.5%</b>

TABLE 4

**Trends in Age 0-17 Population: 1990 - 2010 Census  
Four Age Groups**

Age Group	1990 Census	2000 Census	2010 Census	1990-2000 Net Change	2000-2010 Net Change	2000-2010 % Change
0-4 Years	374,357	394,306	439,657	19,949	45,351	11.5%
5-9 Years	370,640	425,909	429,877	55,269	3,968	0.9%
10-14 Years	336,801	434,836	438,233	98,035	3,397	0.8%
15-17 Years	185,814	258,792	273,587	72,978	14,795	5.7%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,267,612</b>	<b>1,513,843</b>	<b>1,581,354</b>	<b>246,231</b>	<b>67,511</b>	<b>4.5%</b>

Source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age groups," WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division

TABLE 5

**Trends in Youth Population by Age Group and Gender**

Age Group	2000 Census				2010 Census			
	Male		Female		Male		Female	
0-4 Years	202,065	51.2%	192,241	48.8%	225,088	51.2%	214,569	48.8%
5-9 Years	218,501	51.3%	207,408	48.7%	219,702	51.1%	210,175	48.9%
10-14 Years	222,937	51.3%	211,899	48.7%	224,717	51.3%	213,516	48.7%
15-17 Years	133,557	51.6%	125,235	48.4%	140,695	51.4%	132,892	48.6%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>777,060</b>	<b>51.3%</b>	<b>736,783</b>	<b>48.7%</b>	<b>810,202</b>	<b>51.2%</b>	<b>771,152</b>	<b>48.8%</b>

Source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age groups," WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division

**TABLE 6**  
**Census 2010 - Youth Population by County**

County	Age Group				TOTAL Age 0-17
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-17	
Adams	2,015	1,811	1,647	1,039	6,512
Asotin	1,261	1,335	1,273	835	4,704
Benton	13,071	13,081	13,350	8,162	47,664
Chelan	4,915	4,864	5,072	3,212	18,063
Clallam	3,363	3,398	3,822	2,406	12,989
Clark	29,429	31,139	32,840	19,167	112,575
Columbia	216	197	247	163	823
Cowlitz	6,564	6,760	6,994	4,403	24,721
Douglas	2,803	2,832	2,956	1,880	10,471
Ferry	388	376	430	304	1,498
Franklin	8,297	7,699	6,912	3,806	26,714
Garfield	96	107	159	92	454
Grant	8,075	7,421	7,350	4,379	27,225
Grays Harbor	4,260	4,141	4,493	2,830	15,724
Island	4,542	4,338	4,518	2,896	16,294
Jefferson	1,068	1,127	1,367	884	4,446
King	120,294	113,295	110,789	69,124	413,502
Kitsap	14,831	15,139	15,987	10,539	56,496
Kittitas	2,034	2,040	2,147	1,263	7,484
Klickitat	1,114	1,207	1,336	826	4,483
Lewis	4,585	4,539	5,094	3,242	17,460
Lincoln	551	645	744	456	2,396
Mason	3,278	3,357	3,513	2,226	12,374
Okanogan	2,805	2,531	2,616	1,715	9,667
Pacific	995	978	1,016	759	3,748
Pend Oreille	698	696	868	546	2,808
Pierce	55,663	53,579	54,838	34,047	198,127
San Juan	539	647	776	531	2,493
Skagit	7,597	7,414	7,696	5,030	27,737
Skamania	604	648	730	476	2,458
Snohomish	47,378	47,064	48,705	31,020	174,167
Spokane	30,241	29,752	30,441	19,068	109,502
Stevens	2,310	2,756	3,244	2,185	10,495
Thurston	15,381	15,629	16,559	10,553	58,122
Wahkiakum	159	191	233	151	734
Walla Walla	3,513	3,613	3,764	2,350	13,240
Whatcom	11,337	11,265	12,059	7,544	42,205
Whitman	1,978	1,810	1,789	1,164	6,741
Yakima	21,409	20,456	19,859	12,314	74,038
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>439,657</b>	<b>429,877</b>	<b>438,233</b>	<b>273,587</b>	<b>1,581,354</b>

Source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin," 5 Year Age groups and additional aggregations, WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division.

TABLE 7

## 2010 Total Youth Population by County and Rank Order

County	Age Group				Total Youth Population	Percent of Total Youth Population
	0-4	5-9	10-14	15-17		
King	120,294	113,295	110,789	69,124	413,502	26.1%
Pierce	55,663	53,579	54,838	34,047	198,127	12.5%
Snohomish	47,378	47,064	48,705	31,020	174,167	11.0%
Clark	29,429	31,139	32,840	19,167	112,575	7.1%
Spokane	30,241	29,752	30,441	19,068	109,502	6.9%
Yakima	21,409	20,456	19,859	12,314	74,038	4.7%
Thurston	15,381	15,629	16,559	10,553	58,122	3.7%
Kitsap	14,831	15,139	15,987	10,539	56,496	3.6%
Benton	13,071	13,081	13,350	8,162	47,664	3.0%
Whatcom	11,337	11,265	12,059	7,544	42,205	2.7%
Skagit	7,597	7,414	7,696	5,030	27,737	1.8%
Grant	8,075	7,421	7,350	4,379	27,225	1.7%
Franklin	8,297	7,699	6,912	3,806	26,714	1.7%
Cowlitz	6,564	6,760	6,994	4,403	24,721	1.6%
Chelan	4,915	4,864	5,072	3,212	18,063	1.1%
Lewis	4,585	4,539	5,094	3,242	17,460	1.1%
Island	4,542	4,338	4,518	2,896	16,294	1.0%
Grays Harbor	4,260	4,141	4,493	2,830	15,724	1.0%
Walla Walla	3,513	3,613	3,764	2,350	13,240	0.8%
Clallam	3,363	3,398	3,822	2,406	12,989	0.8%
Mason	3,278	3,357	3,513	2,226	12,374	0.8%
Stevens	2,310	2,756	3,244	2,185	10,495	0.7%
Douglas	2,803	2,832	2,956	1,880	10,471	0.7%
Okanogan	2,805	2,531	2,616	1,715	9,667	0.6%
Kittitas	2,034	2,040	2,147	1,263	7,484	0.5%
Whitman	1,978	1,810	1,789	1,164	6,741	0.4%
Adams	2,015	1,811	1,647	1,039	6,512	0.4%
Asotin	1,261	1,335	1,273	835	4,704	0.3%
Klickitat	1,114	1,207	1,336	826	4,483	0.3%
Jefferson	1,068	1,127	1,367	884	4,446	0.3%
Pacific	995	978	1,016	759	3,748	0.2%
Pend Oreille	698	696	868	546	2,808	0.2%
San Juan	539	647	776	531	2,493	0.2%
Skamania	604	648	730	476	2,458	0.2%
Lincoln	551	645	744	456	2,396	0.2%
Ferry	388	376	430	304	1,498	0.1%
Columbia	216	197	247	163	823	0.1%
Wahkiakum	159	191	233	151	734	0.0%
Garfield	96	107	159	92	454	0.0%
<b>TOTALS</b>	<b>439,657</b>	<b>429,877</b>	<b>438,233</b>	<b>273,587</b>	<b>1,581,354</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

Source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin," 5 Year Age groups and additional aggregations, WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division.

**TABLE 8**  
**2010 Youth Population by Age and DSHS Regions**

Region/ County	Age 0-4	Age 5-9	Subtotal Age 0-9	Age 10-14	Age 15-17	Subtotal Age 10-17	TOTAL Age 0-17
<b>Region 1</b>							
Adams	2,015	1,811	3,826	1,647	1,039	2,686	6,512
Asotin	1,261	1,335	2,596	1,273	835	2,108	4,704
Benton	13,071	13,081	26,152	13,350	8,162	21,512	47,664
Chelan	4,915	4,864	9,779	5,072	3,212	8,284	18,063
Columbia	216	197	413	247	163	410	823
Douglas	2,803	2,832	5,635	2,956	1,880	4,836	10,471
Ferry	388	376	764	430	304	734	1,498
Franklin	8,297	7,699	15,996	6,912	3,806	10,718	26,714
Garfield	96	107	203	159	92	251	454
Grant	8,075	7,421	15,496	7,350	4,379	11,729	27,225
Kittitas	2,034	2,040	4,074	2,147	1,263	3,410	7,484
Klickitat	1,114	1,207	2,321	1,336	826	2,162	4,483
Lincoln	551	645	1,196	744	456	1,200	2,396
Okanogan	2,805	2,531	5,336	2,616	1,715	4,331	9,667
Pend Oreille	698	696	1,394	868	546	1,414	2,808
Spokane	30,241	29,752	59,993	30,441	19,068	49,509	109,502
Stevens	2,310	2,756	5,066	3,244	2,185	5,429	10,495
Walla Walla	3,513	3,613	7,126	3,764	2,350	6,114	13,240
Whitman	1,978	1,810	3,788	1,789	1,164	2,953	6,741
Yakima	21,409	20,456	41,865	19,859	12,314	32,173	74,038
<b>Subtotal:</b>	<b>107,790</b>	<b>105,229</b>	<b>213,019</b>	<b>106,204</b>	<b>65,759</b>	<b>171,963</b>	<b>384,982</b>
<b>Region 2</b>							
Island	4,542	4,338	8,880	4,518	2,896	7,414	16,294
King	120,294	113,295	233,589	110,789	69,124	179,913	413,502
San Juan	539	647	1,186	776	531	1,307	2,493
Skagit	7,597	7,414	15,011	7,696	5,030	12,726	27,737
Snohomish	47,378	47,064	94,442	48,705	31,020	79,725	174,167
Whatcom	11,337	11,265	22,602	12,059	7,544	19,603	42,205
<b>Subtotal:</b>	<b>191,687</b>	<b>184,023</b>	<b>375,710</b>	<b>184,543</b>	<b>116,145</b>	<b>300,688</b>	<b>676,398</b>
<b>Region 3</b>							
Clallam	3,363	3,398	6,761	3,822	2,406	6,228	12,989
Clark	29,429	31,139	60,568	32,840	19,167	52,007	112,575
Cowlitz	6,564	6,760	13,324	6,994	4,403	11,397	24,721
Grays Harbor	4,260	4,141	8,401	4,493	2,830	7,323	15,724
Jefferson	1,068	1,127	2,195	1,367	884	2,251	4,446
Kitsap	14,831	15,139	29,970	15,987	10,539	26,526	56,496
Lewis	4,585	4,539	9,124	5,094	3,242	8,336	17,460
Mason	3,278	3,357	6,635	3,513	2,226	5,739	12,374
Pacific	995	978	1,973	1,016	759	1,775	3,748
Pierce	55,663	53,579	109,242	54,838	34,047	88,885	198,127
Skamania	604	648	1,252	730	476	1,206	2,458
Thurston	15,381	15,629	31,010	16,559	10,553	27,112	58,122
Wahkiakum	159	191	350	233	151	384	734
<b>Subtotal:</b>	<b>140,180</b>	<b>140,625</b>	<b>280,805</b>	<b>147,486</b>	<b>91,683</b>	<b>239,169</b>	<b>519,974</b>

Source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age groups," WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division

TABLE 9

### 2010 Census Age 0-17 Youth Population by Race/Ethnicity and by County

County	WHITE Non-Hispanic	BLACK OR AFRICAN AMER Non-Hispanic	*AMERICAN INDIAN Non-Hispanic	ASIAN Non-Hispanic	HISPANIC OR LATINO of Any Race	**NATIVE HAWAIIAN Non-Hispanic	SOME OTHER RACE ALONE Non-Hispanic	TWO OR MORE RACES Non-Hispanic
Adams	1,586	31	24	27	4,780	1	8	55
Asotin	4,058	38	79	26	276	11	4	212
Benton	29,611	651	346	1,089	14,046	70	112	1,739
Chelan	9,610	59	103	144	7,631	24	26	466
Clallam	9,327	89	943	158	1,454	14	28	976
Clark	672	3	12	4	100	2	1	29
Columbia	83,027	2,447	761	4,352	13,572	887	230	7,299
Cowlitz	18,878	184	351	324	3,647	65	25	1,247
Douglas	5,302	23	83	59	4,686	19	16	283
Ferry	919	4	353	17	86	0	1	118
Franklin	8,199	298	77	343	17,215	18	46	518
Garfield	389	0	1	10	41	0	0	13
Grant	11,433	192	212	148	14,513	17	33	677
Grays Harbor	10,917	137	830	188	2,679	37	17	919
Island	11,837	468	127	643	1,620	106	37	1,456
Jefferson	3,506	57	174	64	307	23	20	295
King	217,784	31,576	2,805	59,145	59,299	4,412	1,698	36,783
Kitsap	39,201	1,437	958	2,303	5,794	603	152	6,048
Kittitas	5,877	51	69	107	1,080	15	10	275
Klickitat	3,221	16	114	23	911	4	2	192
Lewis	13,173	119	216	144	2,931	22	17	838
Lincoln	2,164	15	44	5	88	0	1	79
Mason	8,796	88	503	99	1,973	53	18	844
Okanogan	4,737	46	1,355	59	3,057	10	11	392
Pacific	2,577	30	115	95	694	3	1	233
Pend Oreille	2,315	19	170	13	156	6	15	114
Pierce	116,307	13,467	2,432	9,496	29,688	3,379	556	22,802
San Juan	2,005	18	18	34	296	1	6	115
Skagit	16,908	192	617	410	8,417	53	55	1,085
Skamania	2,023	22	34	15	245	1	0	118
Snohomish	112,431	4,722	2,300	14,711	25,275	872	463	13,393
Spokane	87,184	2,050	1,816	2,128	8,180	664	224	7,256
Stevens	8,557	49	712	44	517	24	26	566
Thurston	39,721	1,722	772	2,830	7,027	555	131	5,364
Wahkiakum	623	5	18	3	48	2	0	35
Walla Walla	7,820	110	93	114	4,592	31	15	465
Whatcom	30,239	450	1,434	1,356	6,111	108	103	2,404
Whitman	5,337	135	56	401	461	6	6	339
Yakima	22,229	406	3,034	530	45,942	23	117	1,757
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>960,500</b>	<b>61,426</b>	<b>24,161</b>	<b>101,661</b>	<b>299,435</b>	<b>12,141</b>	<b>4,231</b>	<b>117,799</b>
<b>% of Total Pop</b>	<b>60.74%</b>	<b>3.88%</b>	<b>1.53%</b>	<b>6.43%</b>	<b>18.94%</b>	<b>0.77%</b>	<b>0.27%</b>	<b>7.45%</b>

TABLE 10

## 2010 Census Age 0-17 Youth Population Distribution by Race/Ethnicity and by County

County	WHITE	BLACK OR	*AMERICAN	ASIAN	HISPANIC	**NATIVE	SOME OTHER	TWO OR
	Non-Hispanic	AFRICAN AMER Non-Hispanic	INDIAN Non-Hispanic		OR LATINO of Any Race	HAWAIIAN Non-Hispanic	RACE ALONE Non-Hispanic	MORE RACES Non-Hispanic
Adams	24.36	0.48	0.37	0.41	73.40	0.02	0.12	0.84
Asotin	86.27	0.81	1.68	0.55	5.87	0.23	0.09	4.51
Benton	62.12	1.37	0.73	2.28	29.47	0.15	0.23	3.65
Chelan	53.20	0.33	0.57	0.80	42.25	0.13	0.14	2.58
Clallam	71.81	0.69	7.26	1.22	11.19	0.11	0.22	7.51
Clark	81.65	0.36	1.46	0.49	12.15	0.24	0.12	3.52
Columbia	73.75	2.17	0.68	3.87	12.06	0.79	0.20	6.48
Cowlitz	76.36	0.74	1.42	1.31	14.75	0.26	0.10	5.04
Douglas	50.64	0.22	0.79	0.56	44.75	0.18	0.15	2.70
Ferry	61.35	0.27	23.56	1.13	5.74	0.00	0.07	7.88
Franklin	30.69	1.12	0.29	1.28	64.44	0.07	0.17	1.94
Garfield	85.68	0.00	0.22	2.20	9.03	0.00	0.00	2.86
Grant	41.99	0.71	0.78	0.54	53.31	0.06	0.12	2.49
Grays Harbor	69.43	0.87	5.28	1.20	17.04	0.24	0.11	5.84
Island	72.65	2.87	0.78	3.95	9.94	0.65	0.23	8.94
Jefferson	78.86	1.28	3.91	1.44	6.91	0.52	0.45	6.64
King	52.67	7.64	0.68	14.30	14.34	1.07	0.41	8.90
Kitsap	69.39	2.54	1.70	4.08	10.26	1.07	0.27	10.71
Kittitas	78.53	0.68	0.92	1.43	14.43	0.20	0.13	3.67
Klickitat	71.85	0.36	2.54	0.51	20.32	0.09	0.04	4.28
Lewis	75.45	0.68	1.24	0.82	16.79	0.13	0.10	4.80
Lincoln	90.32	0.63	1.84	0.21	3.67	0.00	0.04	3.30
Mason	71.08	0.71	4.06	0.80	15.94	0.43	0.15	6.82
Okanogan	49.00	0.48	14.02	0.61	31.62	0.10	0.11	4.06
Pacific	68.76	0.80	3.07	2.53	18.52	0.08	0.03	6.22
Pend Oreille	82.44	0.68	6.05	0.46	5.56	0.21	0.53	4.06
Pierce	58.70	6.80	1.23	4.79	14.98	1.71	0.28	11.51
San Juan	80.43	0.72	0.72	1.36	11.87	0.04	0.24	4.61
Skagit	60.96	0.69	2.22	1.48	30.35	0.19	0.20	3.91
Skamania	82.30	0.90	1.38	0.61	9.97	0.04	0.00	4.80
Snohomish	64.55	2.71	1.32	8.45	14.51	0.50	0.27	7.69
Spokane	79.62	1.87	1.66	1.94	7.47	0.61	0.20	6.63
Stevens	81.53	0.47	6.78	0.42	4.93	0.23	0.25	5.39
Thurston	68.34	2.96	1.33	4.87	12.09	0.95	0.23	9.23
Wahkiakum	84.88	0.68	2.45	0.41	6.54	0.27	0.00	4.77
Walla Walla	59.06	0.83	0.70	0.86	34.68	0.23	0.11	3.51
Whatcom	71.65	1.07	3.40	3.21	14.48	0.26	0.24	5.70
Whitman	79.17	2.00	0.83	5.95	6.84	0.09	0.09	5.03
Yakima	30.02	0.55	4.10	0.72	62.05	0.03	0.16	2.37
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>60.74%</b>	<b>3.88%</b>	<b>1.53%</b>	<b>6.43%</b>	<b>18.94%</b>	<b>0.77%</b>	<b>0.27%</b>	<b>7.45%</b>

Source: Data derived from Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington, County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, Additional Age Aggregations; WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division.

\* American Indian and Alaska Native Alone, Not Hispanic or Latino

\*\* Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander Alone, Not Hispanic or Latino

TABLE 11

## 2010 Census Age 10-17 Youth Population by Race/Ethnicity and by County

County	BLACK OR	*AMERICAN	ASIAN	HISPANIC	**NATIVE	SOME OTHER	TWO OR	
	WHITE	AFRICAN AMER		INDIAN	OR LATINO	HAWAIIAN	RACE ALONE	MORE RACES
	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	
Adams	768	17	15	12	1,842	0	5	27
Asotin	1,872	17	31	8	105	1	3	71
Benton	14,064	290	164	471	5,712	50	49	712
Chelan	4,730	28	53	62	3,175	10	13	213
Clallam	4,574	51	430	78	609	8	17	461
Clark	39,102	1,235	400	2,072	5,530	424	104	3,140
Columbia	349	3	5	1	42	1	1	8
Cowlitz	8,961	89	168	171	1,411	31	7	559
Douglas	2,653	14	44	31	1,958	9	9	118
Ferry	494	3	126	7	43	0	1	60
Franklin	3,261	138	36	135	6,944	9	25	170
Garfield	223	0	0	2	22	0	0	4
Grant	5,277	88	100	68	5,886	8	14	288
Grays Harbor	5,286	83	411	91	1,055	17	6	374
Island	5,507	224	71	325	592	61	16	618
Jefferson	1,767	28	90	45	156	10	12	143
King	100,217	13,782	1,447	24,828	22,839	1,975	725	14,100
Kitsap	18,938	662	464	1,234	2,338	299	79	2,512
Kittitas	2,753	24	46	56	393	7	4	127
Klickitat	1,601	4	48	12	405	3	2	87
Lewis	6,481	89	139	79	1,150	13	9	376
Lincoln	1,085	11	24	3	41	0	1	35
Mason	4,295	51	234	58	722	16	9	354
Okanogan	2,258	25	591	37	1,242	7	6	165
Pacific	1,246	25	67	42	294	2	0	99
Pend Oreille	1,184	7	84	8	67	6	9	49
Pierce	54,253	6,364	1,160	4,553	11,551	1,485	246	9,273
San Juan	1,103	9	9	19	112	1	1	53
Skagit	8,212	104	302	197	3,412	26	20	453
Skamania	995	13	26	8	103	1	0	60
Snohomish	54,420	2,018	1,097	6,641	9,616	386	205	5,342
Spokane	40,193	938	827	1,008	3,288	292	112	2,851
Stevens	4,542	32	286	16	247	14	14	278
Thurston	18,947	904	350	1,400	2,936	278	64	2,233
Wahkiakum	328	3	13	2	21	0	0	17
Walla Walla	3,823	53	52	58	1,913	20	7	188
Whatcom	14,298	225	697	634	2,655	55	49	990
Whitman	2,440	55	29	132	175	5	1	116
Yakima	10,576	175	1,210	259	19,155	16	53	729
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>453,076</b>	<b>27,881</b>	<b>11,346</b>	<b>44,863</b>	<b>119,757</b>	<b>5,546</b>	<b>1,898</b>	<b>47,453</b>
<b>% of Age 10-17</b>	<b>63.65%</b>	<b>3.92%</b>	<b>1.59%</b>	<b>6.30%</b>	<b>16.82%</b>	<b>0.78%</b>	<b>0.27%</b>	<b>6.67%</b>
<b>Population</b>								

TABLE 12

**2010 Census Age 10-17 Youth Population  
Distribution by Race/Ethnicity and by County**

County	WHITE	BLACK OR	*AMERICAN	ASIAN	HISPANIC	**NATIVE	SOME OTHER	TWO OR
	Non-Hispanic	AFRICAN AMER Non-Hispanic	INDIAN Non-Hispanic		OR LATINO of Any Race	HAWAIIAN Non-Hispanic	RACE ALONE Non-Hispanic	MORE RACES Non-Hispanic
Adams	28.59	0.63	0.56	0.45	68.58	0.00	0.19	1.01
Asotin	88.80	0.81	1.47	0.38	4.98	0.05	0.14	3.37
Benton	65.38	1.35	0.76	2.19	26.55	0.23	0.23	3.31
Chelan	57.10	0.34	0.64	0.75	38.33	0.12	0.16	2.57
Clallam	73.44	0.82	6.90	1.25	9.78	0.13	0.27	7.40
Clark	75.19	2.37	0.77	3.98	10.63	0.82	0.20	6.04
Columbia	85.12	0.73	1.22	0.24	10.24	0.24	0.24	1.95
Cowlitz	78.63	0.78	1.47	1.50	12.38	0.27	0.06	4.90
Douglas	54.86	0.29	0.91	0.64	40.49	0.19	0.19	2.44
Ferry	67.30	0.41	17.17	0.95	5.86	0.00	0.14	8.17
Franklin	30.43	1.29	0.34	1.26	64.79	0.08	0.23	1.59
Garfield	88.84	0.00	0.00	0.80	8.76	0.00	0.00	1.59
Grant	44.99	0.75	0.85	0.58	50.18	0.07	0.12	2.46
Grays Harbor	72.18	1.13	5.61	1.24	14.41	0.23	0.08	5.11
Island	74.28	3.02	0.96	4.38	7.98	0.82	0.22	8.34
Jefferson	78.50	1.24	4.00	2.00	6.93	0.44	0.53	6.35
King	55.70	7.66	0.80	13.80	12.69	1.10	0.40	7.84
Kitsap	71.39	2.50	1.75	4.65	8.81	1.13	0.30	9.47
Kittitas	80.73	0.70	1.35	1.64	11.52	0.21	0.12	3.72
Klickitat	74.05	0.19	2.22	0.56	18.73	0.14	0.09	4.02
Lewis	77.75	1.07	1.67	0.95	13.80	0.16	0.11	4.51
Lincoln	90.42	0.92	2.00	0.25	3.42	0.00	0.08	2.92
Mason	74.84	0.89	4.08	1.01	12.58	0.28	0.16	6.17
Okanogan	52.14	0.58	13.65	0.85	28.68	0.16	0.14	3.81
Pacific	70.20	1.41	3.77	2.37	16.56	0.11	0.00	5.58
Pend Oreille	83.73	0.50	5.94	0.57	4.74	0.42	0.64	3.47
Pierce	61.04	7.16	1.31	5.12	13.00	1.67	0.28	10.43
San Juan	84.39	0.69	0.69	1.45	8.57	0.08	0.08	4.06
Skagit	64.53	0.82	2.37	1.55	26.81	0.20	0.16	3.56
Skamania	82.50	1.08	2.16	0.66	8.54	0.08	0.00	4.98
Snohomish	68.26	2.53	1.38	8.33	12.06	0.48	0.26	6.70
Spokane	81.18	1.89	1.67	2.04	6.64	0.59	0.23	5.76
Stevens	83.66	0.59	5.27	0.29	4.55	0.26	0.26	5.12
Thurston	69.88	3.33	1.29	5.16	10.83	1.03	0.24	8.24
Wahkiakum	85.42	0.78	3.39	0.52	5.47	0.00	0.00	4.43
Walla Walla	62.53	0.87	0.85	0.95	31.29	0.33	0.11	3.07
Whatcom	72.94	1.15	3.56	3.23	13.54	0.28	0.25	5.05
Whitman	82.63	1.86	0.98	4.47	5.93	0.17	0.03	3.93
Yakima	32.87	0.54	3.76	0.81	59.54	0.05	0.16	2.27
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>63.65</b>	<b>3.92</b>	<b>1.59</b>	<b>6.30</b>	<b>16.82</b>	<b>0.78</b>	<b>0.27</b>	<b>6.67</b>

Source: Data derived from Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington, County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1-Year Age Groups; WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division.

\* American Indian and Alaska Native Alone, Not Hispanic or Latino

\*\* Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander Alone, Not Hispanic or Latino

TABLE 13

## 2010 Age 0-17 Youth Population by Race/Ethnicity by County

These Bridged-Race population estimates were derived from data collected by the U.S. Census Bureau and subsequently modified by the NCHS *					
County	WHITE Non-Hispanic	BLACK Non-Hispanic	AMERICAN INDIAN Non-Hispanic	ASIAN Non-Hispanic	HISPANIC of Any Race
Adams	1,629	42	32	29	4,780
Asotin	4,186	85	114	43	276
Benton	30,718	1,077	430	1,393	14,046
Chelan	9,944	128	153	207	7,631
Clallam	9,903	215	1,183	234	1,454
Clark	86,989	4,186	1,092	6,736	13,572
Columbia	694	9	14	6	100
Cowlitz	19,646	433	509	486	3,647
Douglas	5,504	71	113	97	4,686
Ferry	970	21	403	18	86
Franklin	8,542	440	97	420	17,215
Garfield	398	3	2	10	41
Grant	11,876	343	288	205	14,513
Grays Harbor	11,435	273	1,052	285	2,679
Island	12,571	825	178	1,100	1,620
Jefferson	3,695	112	226	106	307
King	237,889	40,373	3,838	72,103	59,299
Kitsap	42,424	2,912	1,234	4,132	5,794
Kittitas	6,071	94	96	143	1,080
Klickitat	3,348	37	151	36	911
Lewis	13,733	253	323	220	2,931
Lincoln	2,211	31	59	7	88
Mason	9,311	228	657	205	1,973
Okanogan	4,926	111	1,489	84	3,057
Pacific	2,721	56	168	109	694
Pend Oreille	2,387	52	193	20	156
Pierce	126,401	22,176	3,324	16,538	29,688
San Juan	2,093	31	27	46	296
Skagit	17,597	423	744	556	8,417
Skamania	2,101	38	57	17	245
Snohomish	119,475	7,701	2,915	18,801	25,275
Spokane	91,106	4,285	2,333	3,598	8,180
Stevens	8,895	121	860	102	517
Thurston	42,555	3,203	1,030	4,307	7,027
Wahkiakum	652	7	22	5	48
Walla Walla	8,125	217	126	180	4,592
Whatcom	31,616	964	1,660	1,854	6,111
Whitman	5,573	191	80	436	461
Yakima	23,271	765	3,340	720	45,942
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,023,181</b>	<b>92,532</b>	<b>30,612</b>	<b>135,594</b>	<b>299,435</b>
<b>% of Total Pop</b>	<b>64.70%</b>	<b>5.85%</b>	<b>1.94%</b>	<b>8.57%</b>	<b>18.94%</b>

Source: Puzzanchera, C., Sladky, A., and Kang, W. (2011). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2010," Online.

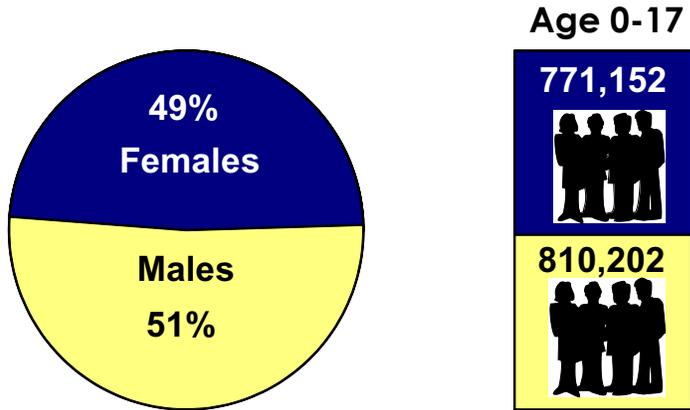
Available: <http://www.ojdp.ncirs.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/>, updated 12/16/2011.

\* The population estimates displayed in "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations" were derived from data originally collected by the U.S. Census Bureau and subsequently modified by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS).

Data File Source: National Center for Health Statistics (2011). Bridged-race estimates of the April 1, 2010, U.S. resident population by county, single-year of age, sex, race and Hispanic origin. [Released 11/17/2011; Retrieved 11/22/2011]. Prepared under a collaborative arrangement with the U.S. Census Bureau. Available from [http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/bridged\\_race.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/bridged_race.htm).

Graph 4

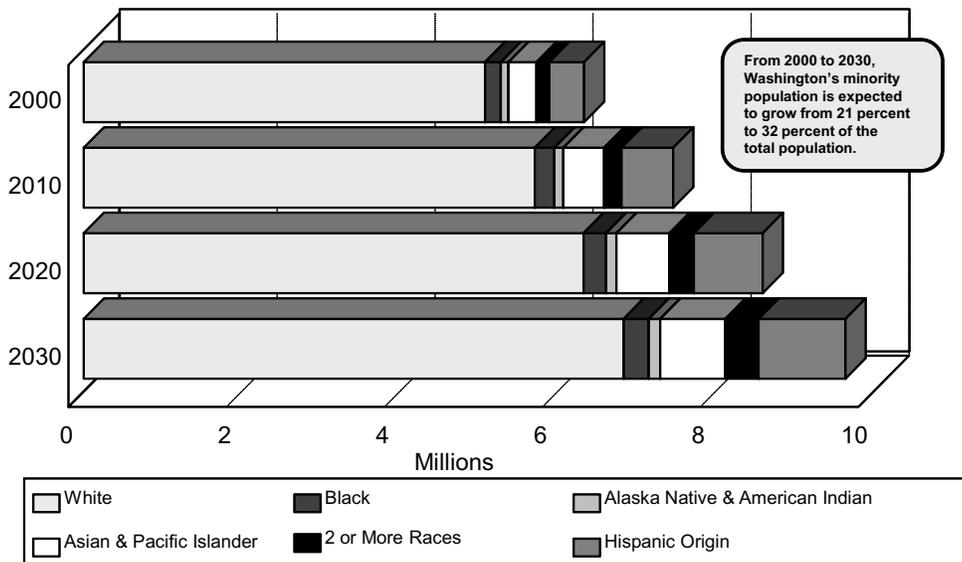
### Juvenile Population by Gender Census 2010



Source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age groups," WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division.

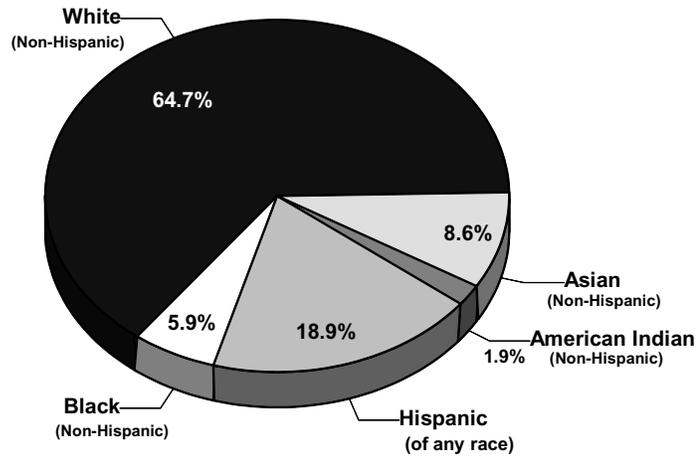
Graph 5

### Washington State Population and Population Growth by Race/Ethnicity



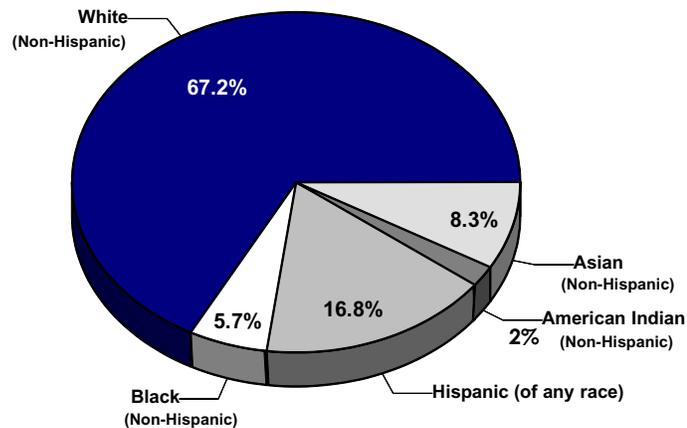
Source: Office of Financial Management, Washington's minorities show large long-term increases, March 22, 2006 press release.

**Graph 6**  
**Juveniles (Age 0-17) by Race/Ethnicity**  
**2010 Bridged-Race Population Estimates**



Source: Puzanchera, C., Sladky, A., And Kang, W. (2011), "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2011," Online; available at <http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/ezapop/> updated 12/16/2011.

**Graph 7**  
**Juveniles (Age 10-17) by Race/Ethnicity**  
**2010 Bridged-Race Population Estimates**



Source: Puzanchera, C., Sladky, A., And Kang, W. (2011), "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2011," Online; available at <http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/ezapop/> updated 12/16/2011.

TABLE 14

## 2010 Distribution of Age 0-17 Youth Population by Race/Ethnicity by County

These Bridged-Race population estimates were derived from data collected by the U.S. Census Bureau and subsequently modified by the NCHS \*

County	Population Age 0-17	WHITE Non-Hispanic	BLACK Non-Hispanic	AMERICAN INDIAN Non-Hispanic	ASIAN Non-Hispanic	HISPANIC of Any Race
Adams	6,512	25.02	0.64	0.49	0.45	73.40
Asotin	4,704	88.99	1.81	2.42	0.91	5.87
Benton	47,664	64.45	2.26	0.90	2.92	29.47
Chelan	18,063	55.05	0.71	0.85	1.15	42.25
Clallam	12,989	76.24	1.66	9.11	1.80	11.19
Clark	112,575	77.27	3.72	0.97	5.98	12.06
Columbia	823	84.33	1.09	1.70	0.73	12.15
Cowlitz	24,721	79.47	1.75	2.06	1.97	14.75
Douglas	10,471	52.56	0.68	1.08	0.93	44.75
Ferry	1,498	64.75	1.40	26.90	1.20	5.74
Franklin	26,714	31.98	1.65	0.36	1.57	64.44
Garfield	454	87.67	0.66	0.44	2.20	9.03
Grant	27,225	43.62	1.26	1.06	0.75	53.31
Grays Harbor	15,724	72.72	1.74	6.69	1.81	17.04
Island	16,294	77.15	5.06	1.09	6.75	9.94
Jefferson	4,446	83.11	2.52	5.08	2.38	6.91
King	413,502	57.53	9.76	0.93	17.44	14.34
Kitsap	56,496	75.09	5.15	2.18	7.31	10.26
Kittitas	7,484	81.12	1.26	1.28	1.91	14.43
Klickitat	4,483	74.68	0.83	3.37	0.80	20.32
Lewis	17,460	78.65	1.45	1.85	1.26	16.79
Lincoln	2,396	92.28	1.29	2.46	0.29	3.67
Mason	12,374	75.25	1.84	5.31	1.66	15.94
Okanogan	9,667	50.96	1.15	15.40	0.87	31.62
Pacific	3,748	72.60	1.49	4.48	2.91	18.52
Pend Oreille	2,808	85.01	1.85	6.87	0.71	5.56
Pierce	198,127	63.80	11.19	1.68	8.35	14.98
San Juan	2,493	83.96	1.24	1.08	1.85	11.87
Skagit	27,737	63.44	1.53	2.68	2.00	30.35
Skamania	2,458	85.48	1.55	2.32	0.69	9.97
Snohomish	174,167	68.60	4.42	1.67	10.79	14.51
Spokane	109,502	83.20	3.91	2.13	3.29	7.47
Stevens	10,495	84.75	1.15	8.19	0.97	4.93
Thurston	58,122	73.22	5.51	1.77	7.41	12.09
Wahkiakum	734	88.83	0.95	3.00	0.68	6.54
Walla Walla	13,240	61.37	1.64	0.95	1.36	34.68
Whatcom	42,205	74.91	2.28	3.93	4.39	14.48
Whitman	6,741	82.67	2.83	1.19	6.47	6.84
Yakima	74,038	31.43	1.03	4.51	0.97	62.05
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,581,354</b>	<b>64.70</b>	<b>5.85</b>	<b>1.94</b>	<b>8.57</b>	<b>18.94</b>

Source: Puzanzhera, C., Sladky, A., and Kang, W. (2011). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2010," Online.

Available: <http://www.ojdp.ncjrs.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/>, updated 12/16/2011.

\* The population estimates displayed in "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations" were derived from data originally collected by the U.S. Census Bureau and subsequently modified by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS).

Data File Source: National Center for Health Statistics (2011). Bridged-race estimates of the April 1, 2010, U.S. resident population by county, single-year of age, sex, race and Hispanic origin. [Released 11/17/2011; Retrieved 11/22/2011]. Prepared under a collaborative arrangement with the U.S. Census Bureau. Available from [http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/bridged\\_race.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/bridged_race.htm).

**TABLE 15**  
**2010 Minority Youth Population (Age 0-17) \***  
**by County**

<b>County</b>	<b>Total Number Minority Youth *</b>	<b>Rank by Number</b>
Adams	4,883	18
Asotin	518	32
Benton	16,946	8
Chelan	8,119	14
Clallam	3,086	23
Clark	25,586	5
Columbia	129	37
Cowlitz	5,075	16
Douglas	4,967	17
Ferry	528	31
Franklin	18,172	7
Garfield	56	39
Grant	15,349	10
Grays Harbor	4,289	20
Island	3,723	22
Jefferson	751	30
King	175,613	1
Kitsap	14,072	11
Kittitas	1,413	26
Klickitat	1,135	28
Lewis	3,727	21
Lincoln	185	36
Mason	3,063	24
Okanogan	4,741	19
Pacific	1,027	29
Pend Oreille	421	33
Pierce	71,726	2
San Juan	400	34
Skagit	10,140	13
Skamania	357	35
Snohomish	54,692	3
Spokane	18,396	6
Stevens	1,600	25
Thurston	15,567	9
Wahkiakum	82	38
Walla Walla	5,115	15
Whatcom	10,589	12
Whitman	1,168	27
Yakima	50,767	4
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>558,173</b>	

\* Includes youth of Hispanic origin.

Source: Puzanchera, C., Sladky, A., and Kang, W. (2011). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2010," Online. Available: <http://www.ojdp.ncjrs.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/>, updated 12/16/2011.

**TABLE 16**  
**2010 Minority Youth Population (Age 0-17) \***  
**by County and Percentage of Population**

<b>County</b>	<b>Percentage Minority Youth*</b>	<b>Rank by Percentage</b>
Adams	74.98	1
Asotin	11.01	38
Benton	35.55	12
Chelan	44.95	7
Clallam	23.76	22
Clark	22.73	24
Columbia	15.67	32
Cowlitz	20.53	26
Douglas	47.44	6
Ferry	35.25	13
Franklin	68.02	3
Garfield	12.33	36
Grant	56.38	4
Grays Harbor	27.28	16
Island	22.85	23
Jefferson	16.89	29
King	42.47	8
Kitsap	24.91	20
Kittitas	18.88	27
Klickitat	25.32	18
Lewis	21.35	25
Lincoln	7.72	39
Mason	24.75	21
Okanogan	49.04	5
Pacific	27.40	15
Pend Oreille	14.99	34
Pierce	36.20	11
San Juan	16.04	31
Skagit	36.56	10
Skamania	14.52	35
Snohomish	31.40	14
Spokane	16.80	30
Stevens	15.25	33
Thurston	26.78	17
Wahkiakum	11.17	37
Walla Walla	38.63	9
Whatcom	25.09	19
Whitman	17.33	28
Yakima	68.57	2
<b>STATEWIDE TOTAL</b>	<b>35.30</b>	

\* Includes youth of Hispanic origin.

Source: Puzanchera, C., Sladky, A., and Kang, W. (2011). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2010," Online.  
 Available: <http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/>, updated 12/16/2011.

**TABLE 17**

**Distribution of Youth Population (Age 0-17)  
by Race/Ethnicity in 2010**

	White (non-Hispanic)	Black (non-Hispanic)	American Indian (non-Hispanic)	Asian (non-Hispanic)	Hispanic of any Race	TOTAL
<b>2010</b>						
<b>Estimate</b>	1,023,181	92,532	30,612	135,594	299,435	<b>1,581,354</b>
<b>Percentage</b>	<b>64.7%</b>	<b>5.9%</b>	<b>1.9%</b>	<b>8.6%</b>	<b>18.9%</b>	<b>100%</b>

**TABLE 18**

**Counties with Minority Youth Populations  
Above the 2010 Statewide Average by DSHS Region**

<b>DSHS Region 1</b>		<b>DSHS Region 2</b>	
Adams	<b>75.0</b>	King	<b>42.5</b>
Benton	<b>35.6</b>	Skagit	<b>36.6</b>
Chelan	<b>45.0</b>		
Douglas	<b>47.4</b>	<b>DSHS Region 3</b>	
Franklin	<b>68.0</b>	Pierce	<b>36.2</b>
Grant	<b>56.4</b>		
Okanogan	<b>49.0</b>		
Walla Walla	<b>38.6</b>		
Yakima	<b>68.6</b>		

Source: Puzanchera, C., Sladky, A., and Kang, W. (2011). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2010," Online. Available: <http://www.ojdp.ncjrs.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/>, updated 12/16/2011.

**TABLE 19**  
**2010 Age 10-17 Youth Population by Race/Ethnicity by County**

These Bridged-Race population estimates were derived from data collected by the U.S. Census Bureau and subsequently modified by the NCHS *					
County	WHITE Non-Hispanic	BLACK Non-Hispanic	AMERICAN INDIAN Non-Hispanic	ASIAN Non-Hispanic	HISPANIC of Any Race
Adams	790	22	19	13	1,842
Asotin	1,919	33	40	11	105
Benton	14,526	455	202	617	5,712
Chelan	4,883	62	75	89	3,175
Clallam	4,859	99	541	120	609
Clark	40,813	1,976	563	3,125	5,530
Columbia	356	5	5	2	42
Cowlitz	9,304	195	243	244	1,411
Douglas	2,743	31	57	47	1,958
Ferry	518	8	157	8	43
Franklin	3,377	190	41	166	6,944
Garfield	225	1	1	2	22
Grant	5,472	143	132	96	5,886
Grays Harbor	5,498	130	509	131	1055
Island	5,816	367	94	545	592
Jefferson	1,866	50	112	67	156
King	107,748	17,403	1,914	30,009	22,839
Kitsap	20,309	1,215	584	2,080	2,338
Kittitas	2,844	39	61	73	393
Klickitat	1,660	14	65	18	405
Lewis	6,735	144	192	115	1,150
Lincoln	1,107	17	32	3	41
Mason	4,509	112	302	94	722
Okanogan	2,339	57	643	50	1,242
Pacific	1,305	40	86	50	294
Pend Oreille	1,218	20	95	14	67
Pierce	58,404	9,796	1,562	7,572	11,551
San Juan	1,139	18	12	26	112
Skagit	8,492	194	365	263	3,412
Skamania	1,035	20	38	10	103
Snohomish	57,236	3,197	1,364	8,312	9,616
Spokane	41,780	1,774	1,044	1,623	3,288
Stevens	4,711	63	360	48	247
Thurston	20,139	1,493	472	2,072	2,936
Wahkiakum	342	4	15	2	21
Walla Walla	3,947	93	70	91	1,913
Whatcom	14,864	440	786	858	2,655
Whitman	2,516	78	37	147	175
Yakima	11,018	318	1,339	343	19,155
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>478,362</b>	<b>40,316</b>	<b>14,229</b>	<b>59,156</b>	<b>119,757</b>
<b>% of Total Pop</b>	<b>67.20</b>	<b>5.66</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>8.31</b>	<b>16.82</b>

Source: Puzanhera, C., Sladky, A., and Kang, W. (2011). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2010," Online.

Available: <http://www.ojdp.ncjrs.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/>, updated 12/16/2011.

\* The population estimates displayed in "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations" were derived from data originally collected by the U.S. Census Bureau and subsequently modified by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS).

Data File Source: National Center for Health Statistics (2011). Bridged-race estimates of the April 1, 2010, U.S. resident population by county, single-year of age, sex, race and Hispanic origin. [Released 11/17/2011; Retrieved 11/22/2011]. Prepared under a collaborative arrangement with the U.S. Census Bureau. Available from [http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/bridged\\_race.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/bridged_race.htm).

TABLE 20

2010 Distribution of AGE 10-17 Youth Population by Race/Ethnicity by County

These Bridged-Race population estimates were derived from data collected by the U.S. Census Bureau and subsequently modified by the NCHS *						
County	Population Age 10-17	WHITE Non-Hispanic	BLACK Non-Hispanic	AMERICAN INDIAN Non-Hispanic	ASIAN Non-Hispanic	HISPANIC of Any Race
Adams	2,686	29.41	0.82	0.71	0.48	68.58
Asotin	2,108	91.03	1.57	1.90	0.52	4.98
Benton	21,512	67.53	2.12	0.94	2.87	26.55
Chelan	8,284	58.94	0.75	0.91	1.07	38.33
Clallam	6,228	78.02	1.59	8.69	1.93	9.78
Clark	52,007	78.48	3.80	1.08	6.01	10.63
Columbia	410	86.83	1.22	1.22	0.49	10.24
Cowlitz	11,397	81.64	1.71	2.13	2.14	12.38
Douglas	4,836	56.72	0.64	1.18	0.97	40.49
Ferry	734	70.57	1.09	21.39	1.09	5.86
Franklin	10,718	31.51	1.77	0.38	1.55	64.79
Garfield	251	89.64	0.40	0.40	0.80	8.76
Grant	11,729	46.65	1.22	1.13	0.82	50.18
Grays Harbor	7,323	75.08	1.78	6.95	1.79	14.41
Island	7,414	78.45	4.95	1.27	7.35	7.98
Jefferson	2,251	82.90	2.22	4.98	2.98	6.93
King	179,913	59.89	9.67	1.06	16.68	12.69
Kitsap	26,526	76.56	4.58	2.20	7.84	8.81
Kittitas	3,410	83.40	1.14	1.79	2.14	11.52
Klickitat	2,162	76.78	0.65	3.01	0.83	18.73
Lewis	8,336	80.79	1.73	2.30	1.38	13.80
Lincoln	1,200	92.25	1.42	2.67	0.25	3.42
Mason	5,739	78.57	1.95	5.26	1.64	12.58
Okanogan	4,331	54.01	1.32	14.85	1.15	28.68
Pacific	1,775	73.52	2.25	4.85	2.82	16.56
Pend Oreille	1,414	86.14	1.41	6.72	0.99	4.74
Pierce	88,885	65.71	11.02	1.76	8.52	13.00
San Juan	1,307	87.15	1.38	0.92	1.99	8.57
Skagit	12,726	66.73	1.52	2.87	2.07	26.81
Skamania	1,206	85.82	1.66	3.15	0.83	8.54
Snohomish	79,725	71.79	4.01	1.71	10.43	12.06
Spokane	49,509	84.39	3.58	2.11	3.28	6.64
Stevens	5,429	86.77	1.16	6.63	0.88	4.55
Thurston	27,112	74.28	5.51	1.74	7.64	10.83
Wahkiakum	384	89.06	1.04	3.91	0.52	5.47
Walla Walla	6,114	64.56	1.52	1.14	1.49	31.29
Whatcom	19,603	75.83	2.24	4.01	4.38	13.54
Whitman	2,953	85.20	2.64	1.25	4.98	5.93
Yakima	32,173	34.25	0.99	4.16	1.07	59.54
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>711,820</b>	<b>67.20</b>	<b>5.66</b>	<b>2.00</b>	<b>8.31</b>	<b>16.82</b>

Source: Puzzanhera, C., Sladky, A., and Kang, W. (2011). "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2010," Online.

Available: <http://www.ojido.ncjrs.gov/ojstatbb/ezapop/>, updated 12/16/2011.

\* The population estimates displayed in "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations" were derived from data originally collected by the U.S. Census Bureau and subsequently modified by the National Center for Health Statistics (NCHS).

Data File Source: National Center for Health Statistics (2011). Bridged-race estimates of the April 1, 2010, U.S. resident population by county, single-year of age, sex, race and Hispanic origin. [Released 11/17/2011; Retrieved 11/22/2011]. Prepared under a collaborative arrangement with the U.S. Census Bureau.

Available from [http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/bridged\\_race.htm](http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/bridged_race.htm).

TABLE 21

**2010 Census of Total Age 0-17 Youth Population \***  
**Residing on American Indian Reservation and Off-Reservation Trust Lands**  
**in Washington State**

RESERVATIONS AND TRUST LANDS	Age 0-4	Age 5-9	SUBTOTAL 0-9	Age 10-14	Age 15-17	SUBTOTAL 10-17	TOTAL
Chehalis	59	62	121	58	30	88	209
Colville	660	524	1,184	542	376	918	2,102
Hoh Indian	7	13	20	16	8	24	44
Jamestown S'Klallam	1	1	2	0	0	0	2
Kalispel	26	27	53	32	8	40	93
Lower Elwha	70	52	122	47	23	70	192
Lummi	283	316	599	346	238	584	1,183
Makah	128	113	241	136	73	209	450
Muckleshoot	298	295	593	306	208	514	1,107
Nisqually	49	52	101	44	32	76	177
Nooksack	94	62	156	90	56	146	302
Port Gamble	70	62	132	58	45	103	235
Port Madison	447	493	940	462	303	765	1,705
Puyallup	3,443	3,393	6,836	3,462	2,126	5,588	12,424
Quileute	44	43	87	37	19	56	143
Quinault	128	109	237	118	92	210	447
Samish	1,562	1,663	3,225	1,873	1,244	3,117	6,342
Sauk-Suiattle	3	9	12	9	3	12	24
Shoalwater Bay	5	11	16	6	4	10	26
Skokomish	37	53	90	72	34	106	196
Snoqualmie	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spokane	215	207	422	172	106	278	700
Squaxin Island	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
Stillaguamish	48	44	92	47	20	67	159
Swinomish	143	155	298	162	80	242	540
Tulalip	642	697	1,339	733	459	1,192	2,531
Upper Skagit	18	26	44	22	7	29	73
Yakama Nation	3,180	3,038	6,218	2,879	1,792	4,671	10,889
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>11,661</b>	<b>11,520</b>	<b>23,181</b>	<b>11,729</b>	<b>7,386</b>	<b>19,115</b>	<b>42,296</b>

Source: Data derived from Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington, Tribal Area Summary, Population by Age, Sex Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age Groups, Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division.

TABLE 21-A

**Distribution of Youth Population**  
**for Washington State Reservations and Trust Lands in 2010**

Youth Age 0-17	Total Statewide Age 0-17 Population	% of Youth Residing On Reservations/Trust Lands
42,296	1,581,354	2.67%

TABLE 22

**2010 Census of American Indian (Non-Hispanic) Youth Population \*  
Residing on American Indian Reservation and Off-Reservation  
Trust Lands In Washington State**

RESERVATIONS AND TRUST LANDS	Age 0-4	Age 5-9	Subtotal 0-9	Age 10-14	Age 15-17	Subtotal 10-17	TOTAL
Chehalis	34	27	61	31	21	52	113
Colville	451	351	802	345	208	553	1,355
Hoh Indian	5	7	12	9	5	14	26
Jamestown S'Klallam	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Kalispel	17	20	37	26	6	32	69
Lower Elwha	48	28	76	40	20	60	136
Lummi	164	189	353	215	151	366	719
Makah	90	71	161	93	48	141	302
Muckleshoot	119	111	230	125	91	216	446
Nisqually	28	34	62	27	14	41	103
Nooksack	59	29	88	47	24	71	159
Port Gamble	62	50	112	51	31	82	194
Port Madison	51	56	107	50	28	78	185
Puyallup	81	93	174	71	59	130	304
Quileute	33	30	63	30	15	45	108
Quinault	88	76	164	81	69	150	314
Samish	12	9	21	18	11	29	50
Sauk-Suiattle	1	4	5	6	3	9	14
Shoalwater Bay	4	9	13	4	2	6	19
Skokomish	31	44	75	52	19	71	146
Snoqualmie	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Spokane	166	169	335	131	73	204	539
Squaxin Island	19	23	42	25	11	36	78
Stillaguamish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swinomish	68	65	133	76	29	105	238
Tulalip	248	211	459	221	127	348	807
Upper Skagit	13	19	32	17	5	22	54
Yakama Nation	700	755	1,455	606	329	935	2,390
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,592</b>	<b>2,481</b>	<b>5,073</b>	<b>2,397</b>	<b>1,399</b>	<b>3,796</b>	<b>8,869</b>

\* May include Alaska Natives, age 0-17.

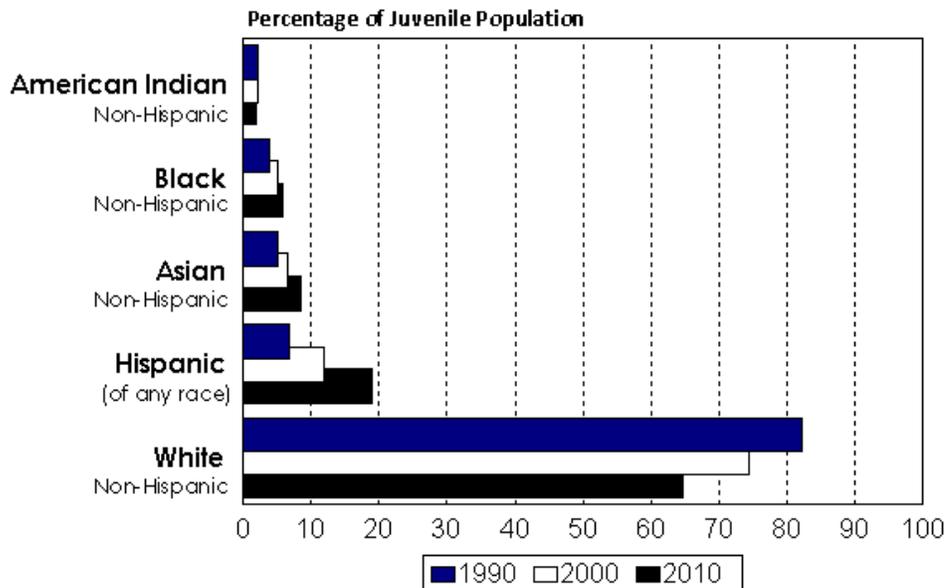
Source: Data derived from Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington, Tribal Area Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age Groups, Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division.

TABLE 22-A

**Distribution of American Indian Youth Population  
for Washington State Reservations and Trust Lands in 2010**

American Indian Youth* Age 0-17	Total Statewide Age 0-17 Population	Percentage of American Indian Youth Residing On Reservations/Trust Lands
8,869	1,581,354	0.56%

**Graph 8**  
**WA State Juvenile Population (Age 0-17)**  
**Trend by Race/Ethnicity 1990-2010**



Source: Puzanchera, C., Sladky, A., And Kang, W. (2011), "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2011," Online; available at <http://www.ojjdp.ncjrs.org/ojstatbb/ezapop/> updated 12/16/2011.

## Public School Enrollment

In 2011, according to the Washington State Superintendent of Public Instruction, there were 1,034,932 students enrolled in Washington's public schools. This is an increase of over 10,000 students from the prior year (2010), when the enrollment was 1,029,087. During the last five years (2007-2011), public school enrollment has gradually increased. Grades with the highest number of students enrolled in October 2011 were ninth (84,457); twelfth (82,884) and tenth (80,599). 2011 was the third year in a row that the number of students in the twelfth grade was among the three grades with the highest enrollment, suggesting an increase in student retention and decrease in the high school dropout rate.

During the school year 2011-12, minority youth represented 39.7 percent of the total Washington public school enrollment. Approximately 19.5 percent were Hispanic, 7.2 percent of the students were Asian, 4.6 percent were Black, 1.6 percent were American Indian, and 60.2 percent were White. Minority enrollment in Washington's

public schools has increased during the past decade, particularly enrollment of Hispanic students. During the past five years (2007-2011) minority enrollment increased from 33.3 percent in 2007 to 39.7 percent in 2011 (an increase of over 19%).

Local school districts and Educational Services Districts (ESDs) in Washington, via the OSPI, provide education services 220 days per year to all youth at juvenile detention centers (under age 18), within JRA facilities (up to age 21), and juveniles (under age 18) who have been transferred to adult court jurisdiction and are detained in adult jails. The OSPI developed a guidebook regarding providing education to juveniles held in adult jails, which is legislatively mandated in WA State.

According to researchers including J. David Hawkins, Richard Catalano, Bonnie Bernard and others, there is a correlation between school attendance and performance, and risky behaviors, including substance abuse, delinquency, sexual activity and association with peers engaging in risky behaviors. It is noteworthy that school districts in Washington State reported 38,144 suspensions and expulsions for student behavior (alcohol,

drugs, harassment by intimidation (bullying), violent criminal offenses, and assault) in school year 2008-09. This number represents 3.7 percent of the total enrollment in our public schools.

The National Center for Educational Statistics estimates that on an average school day, as many as 15 percent of junior and senior high school students are not in school. For many, this is a pattern that leads to the negative behaviors listed above and dropping out of school. Dropping out of school can have profound effects on a young person's life. As reported in the Condition of Education 1999 (National Center for Education Statistics, June 1998, Annual Report to Congress) "students who drop out of school have fewer opportunities to succeed in the workforce or to assume a fully functional place in society at large than those who complete high school."

Condition of Education 1999 (National Center for Education Statistics, June 1998, Annual Report to Congress) "students who drop out of school have fewer opportunities to succeed in the workforce or to assume a fully functional place in society at large than those who complete high school."

Programs that help youth stay in school, and programs that help youth re-enter school and complete graduation, have both social and economic implications. Socially, youth who are attending school are less likely to be involved in substance abuse and delinquency. Economically, youth who complete high school are more likely to be employed than youth who drop out of school.

The Census Bureau reports that earnings of students without a high school diploma average far below the poverty line. The U.S. Department of education reports that high school dropouts experience more unemployment during their work careers than those students who completed high school or college. Additionally, those who complete high school are more likely to be employed as young adults (Condition of Education, 1999). When employment rates for recent high school graduates (who were not enrolled in college) were compared to recent school dropouts, it was found that 67 percent of the high school graduates were employed, compared to 45 percent of the school dropouts (averaged rate) (the Condition of Education, 1999, Annual Report to Congress).

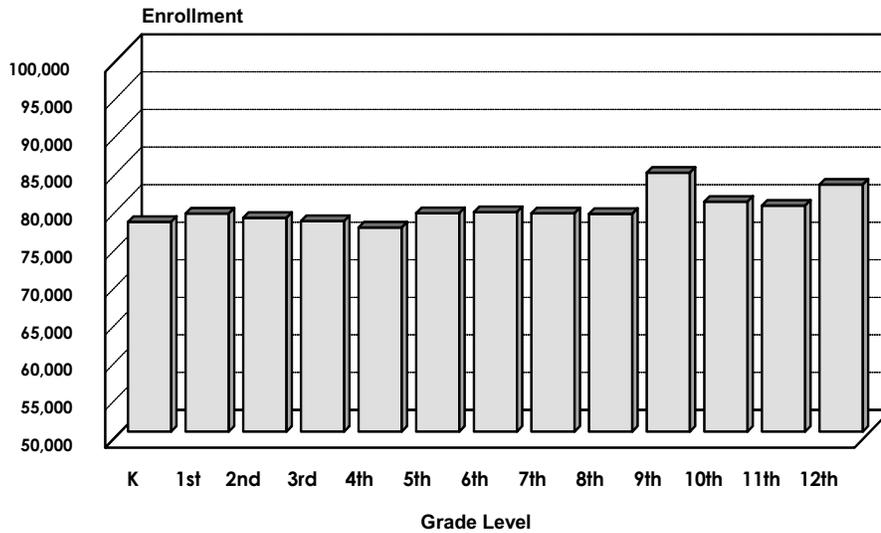
The Superintendent of Public Instruction **Graduation and Dropout Statistics Annual Report 2010-11** (Report to the Legislature) indicates that in school year 2010-11, 14,054 students dropped out of school (grades 9-12). This represents a slight decrease of 4.9 percent from the 2009-10 school year (14,781). The annual dropout rate was 4.4 in school year 2010-11, and 4.6 in school year 2009-2010.

American Indian, Pacific Islander, and Black students had the highest dropout rates in school year 2010-11 (10.75, 7.26, and 6.91 respectively). Asian and White students, and students reporting 2 or more races, had the lowest dropout rates (2.51, 3.87, and 3.87 respectively).

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Graph 9

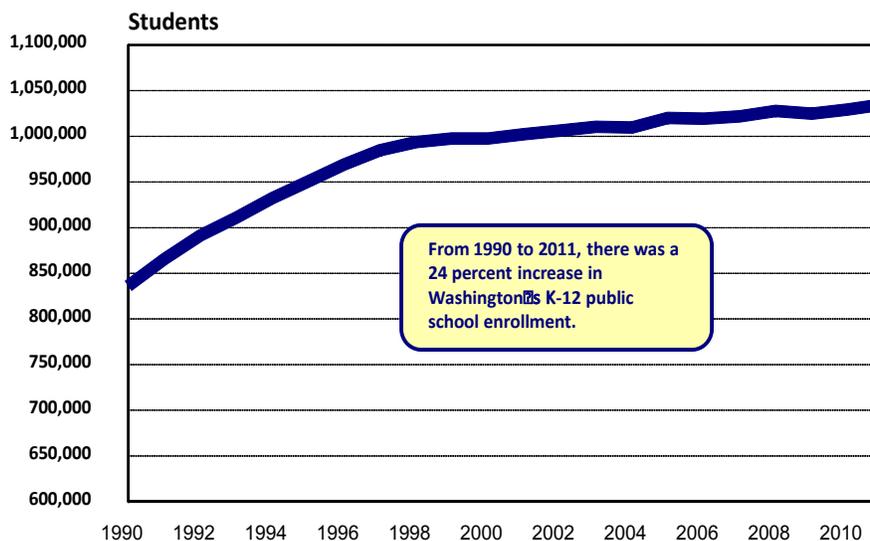
### Washington State Public School Enrollment Grades K - 12, October 2011 Headcount



Source: Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, October 2011-12 statewide October enrollment report; data as of 12/20/11.

Graph 10

### Washington State K-12 Public School Enrollment 1990 - 2011



Source: Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, Information Technology Services, "Public School Enrollment by Grade/County," October Annual Reports 1809A (for 1990-2004). October 2005 and 2006 enrollment derived from SPI October 2005 P-105 Data File; 2007 - 2009 data from "Total Enrollment Gender and Ethnicity--October Headcount Enrollment--Public" (taken from P105 Reporting Form); 2009 data updated 6/15/10. October 2010 headcount data as of 1/6/11 from October 1 Enrollment Report State Level State Ethnicity Race by Grade; and 2011 October enrollment report data as of 12/20/11.

**TABLE 23**  
**K-12 Public School Enrollment by Grade Level**  
**October Enrollment Report 2007 - 2011**

Grade Level	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
<b>K</b>	77,919	75,998	74,645	74,001	72,361
<b>First</b>	79,022	78,080	77,336	76,096	76,671
<b>Second</b>	78,445	77,539	75,989	77,513	76,871
<b>Third</b>	78,018	76,503	77,762	77,991	76,972
<b>Fourth</b>	77,168	78,445	78,185	78,129	76,814
<b>Fifth</b>	79,081	78,315	78,051	77,842	76,664
<b>Sixth</b>	79,211	78,296	77,611	77,313	76,053
<b>Seventh</b>	79,058	78,512	77,680	77,130	77,860
<b>Eighth</b>	78,995	77,628	77,263	78,999	78,325
<b>Ninth</b>	84,457	84,113	85,608	87,638	89,132
<b>Tenth</b>	80,599	81,966	81,266	83,359	85,041
<b>Eleventh</b>	80,075	79,874	79,642	81,601	80,555
<b>Twelfth</b>	82,884	83,818	83,683	80,013	78,515
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,034,932</b>	<b>1,029,087</b>	<b>1,024,721</b>	<b>1,027,625</b>	<b>1,021,834</b>

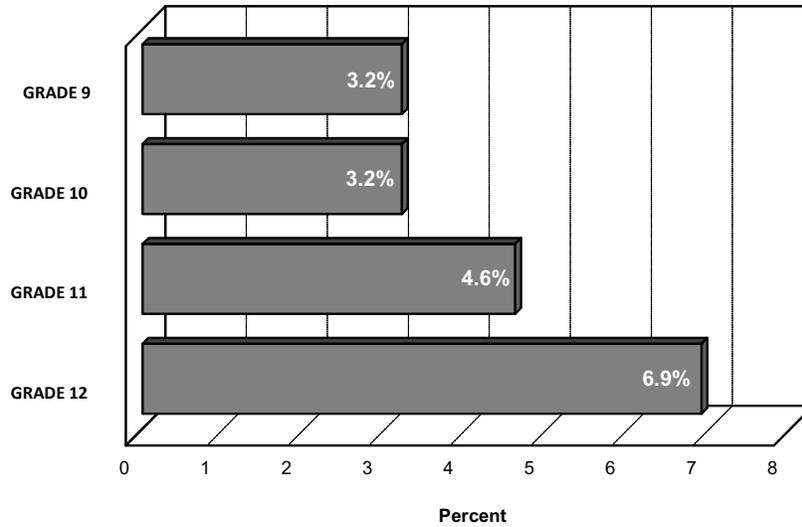
Source: Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI); 2011-12 October 1 Enrollment Data as of 12/20/11; 2010-11 data updated 8/29/11 from October 1 Enrollment Report, "Enrollment by Grade"; 2007-2009 data from "State Level Total Enrollment Gender and Ethnicity - October Headcount Enrollment--Public" (taken from P105 Reporting Form); Oct. 2009 enrollment data updated June 15, 2010; downloadable OSPI data files - <http://www.k12.wa.us/dataadmin/>

**TABLE 24**  
**K-12 Public School Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity**  
**October 2006 - 2011**

	* 2011		* 2010		2009		2008		2007	
	Students	%								
<b>Black/African American (Not Hispanic)</b>	47,191	4.6%	48,413	4.7%	57,718	5.6%	56,301	5.5%	56,313	5.5%
<b>Asian (Not Hispanic)</b>	74,138	7.2%	73,797	7.2%	81,465	7.9%	81,566	7.9%	80,449	7.9%
<b>American Indian/Alaskan Native (Not Hispanic)</b>	16,530	1.6%	17,557	1.7%	25,772	2.5%	27,085	2.6%	27,397	2.7%
<b>Hispanic/Latino of any race</b>	201,789	19.5%	193,158	18.8%	162,844	15.9%	156,582	15.2%	149,652	14.6%
<b>White (Not Hispanic)</b>	623,497	60.2%	631,193	61.3%	655,263	63.9%	666,078	64.8%	676,361	66.2%
<b>Multiracial (2 or more races, Not Hispanic)</b>	61,563	5.9%	55,665	5.4%	28,570	2.8%	26,500	2.6%	20,810	2.0%
<b>Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander (Not Hispanic)</b>	9,232	0.9%	9,011	0.9%	8,912	0.9%	6,979	0.7%	5,751	0.6%
<b>* Not Provided/ Other/NA</b>	992	0.1%	293	0.0%	4,177	0.4%	6,534	0.6%	5,101	0.5%
<b>Total Enrollment</b>	<b>1,034,932</b>		<b>1,029,087</b>		<b>1,024,721</b>		<b>1,027,625</b>		<b>1,021,834</b>	

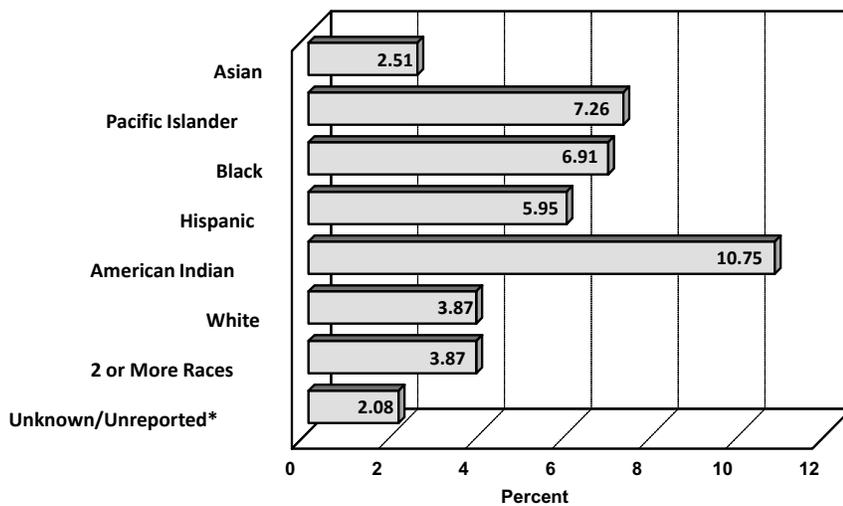
Source: From Statewide Total Enrollments and Percentages by Grade, Gender and Ethnicity -- October 2009 Headcount Enrollment updated June 15, 2010 (taken from P-105 Reporting Form) Reports, Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, <http://www.k12.wa.us/dataadmin/>. 2010-11 October 1 Enrollment data updated report 8/29/11, from Enrollment Report State-Level Federal Ethnicity Race by Grade spreadsheet, OSPI. 2011-12 October Enrollment data as of 12/20/11, from Enrollment Report State-Level Federal Ethnicity Race by Grade spreadsheet, OSPI. \* OSPI Note: Not provided is not an acceptable category beginning in 2010-2011. Students in this category cannot be included in federal compliance reports.

**Graph 11**  
**High School Dropout Rates for 2010-11 by Grade Level**



The annual high school dropout rate for grades 9-12 for school year 2010-2011 was 4.4%.  
 Source: "Graduation and Dropout Statistics Annual Report 2010-11," OSPI, March 2012.

**Graph 12**  
**Grades 9-12 Dropout Percentage by Race/Ethnicity**  
**For School Year 2010-2011**



\* The race/ethnicity status for these students was unknown or unreported--these youth were reported in the "all students" data category.  
 Source: OSPI, "Graduation and Dropout Statistics for Washington's Counties, Districts and Schools," Final Report.

**TABLE 25**  
**Out of School Suspensions and Expulsions \***  
**for Student Behavior in School Year 2010-11 by County**

County	Bullying		Tobacco		Alcohol		Illicit Drug	
	Suspend	Expel	Suspend	Expel	Suspend	Expel	Suspend	Expel
Adams	85	2	3	0	8	0	12	7
Asotin	64	0	14	0	2	0	28	0
Benton	234	8	118	0	48	1	191	29
Chelan	154	4	22	0	14	1	49	15
Clallam	163	8	20	0	15	0	71	5
Clark	880	41	277	4	107	2	534	42
Columbia	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Cowlitz	284	2	122	0	15	0	103	6
Douglas	78	1	11	1	9	1	53	1
Ferry	27	0	3	0	1	0	5	0
Franklin	198	0	27	0	15	0	159	5
Garfield	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Grant	286	4	35	0	39	1	165	7
Grays Harbor	107	6	41	0	30	0	77	7
Island	50	0	14	0	5	0	49	7
Jefferson	30	0	6	0	2	0	14	1
King	1,999	56	245	5	392	7	1,754	104
Kitsap	266	12	138	2	70	11	157	36
Kittitas	43	0	25	0	3	0	16	7
Klickitat	61	0	3	0	2	0	10	0
Lewis	198	2	61	0	36	0	105	3
Lincoln	15	0	3	2	3	0	4	0
Mason	58	11	25	1	9	4	78	22
Okanogan	88	4	28	0	25	0	36	0
Pacific	25	1	4	0	6	0	7	1
Pend Oreille	24	0	7	0	0	0	3	0
Pierce	1,306	37	384	8	205	8	795	91
San Juan	17	0	2	0	0	0	8	0
Skagit	181	3	41	0	19	2	178	19
Skamania	19	0	5	0	1	0	8	0
Snohomish	1,102	12	382	1	162	6	744	68
Spokane	656	14	211	2	85	18	618	84
Stevens	91	4	28	1	10	1	60	5
Thurston	385	3	112	0	68	2	389	4
Wahkiakum	5	0	1	0	0	0	5	0
Walla Walla	99	0	19	0	9	1	35	6
Whatcom	285	7	93	0	43	0	151	5
Whitman	39	0	8	0	0	0	13	1
Yakima	696	44	126	0	45	4	420	83
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,306</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>2,666</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>1,503</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>7,104</b>	<b>671</b>

\* "Suspension" shall mean a denial of attendance at any single subject or class, or at any full schedule of subjects or classes for a stated period of time.

"Expulsion" shall mean a denial of attendance at any single subject or class, or at any full schedule of subjects or classes for an indefinite period of time.

Districts have latitude to implement local suspension policies that are in accordance with local district policy and the State Board of Education rules governing suspensions and emergency actions. (See RCW 28A.600.460 for state guidelines.) Districts were asked to report only out-of-school suspensions and expulsions.

Source: 2010-11 Student Behavior Report, Safe and Drug-Free Schools and Communities, Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction; February 7, 2011 report.

Source Note: "Because school districts have significant control over disciplinary policies, and conduct definitions and sanctions vary significantly from district to district, **comparisons between districts are not recommended without further research.** For local student conduct policies and procedures, please contact district officials and request student code of conduct handbooks. Please note that high numbers may signify due diligence in addressing student safety."

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Asotin	64	0	14	0	2	0	28	0
Benton	234	8	118	0	48	1	191	29
Chelan	154	4	22	0	14	1	49	15
Clallam	163	8	20	0	15	0	71	5
Clark	880	41	277	4	107	2	534	42
Columbia	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Cowlitz	284	2	122	0	15	0	103	6
Douglas	78	1	11	1	9	1	53	1
Ferry	27	0	3	0	1	0	5	0
Franklin	198	0	27	0	15	0	159	5
Garfield	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Grant	286	4	35	0	39	1	165	7
Grays Harbor	107	6	41	0	30	0	77	7
Island	50	0	14	0	5	0	49	7
Jefferson	30	0	6	0	2	0	14	1
King	1,999	56	245	5	392	7	1,754	104
Kitsap	266	12	138	2	70	11	157	36
Kittitas	43	0	25	0	3	0	16	7
Klickitat	61	0	3	0	2	0	10	0
Lewis	198	2	61	0	36	0	105	3
Lincoln	15	0	3	2	3	0	4	0
Mason	58	11	25	1	9	4	78	22
Okanogan	88	4	28	0	25	0	36	0
Pacific	25	1	4	0	6	0	7	1
Pend Oreille	24	0	7	0	0	0	3	0
Pierce	1,306	37	384	8	205	8	795	91
San Juan	17	0	2	0	0	0	8	0
Skagit	181	3	41	0	19	2	178	19
Skamania	19	0	5	0	1	0	8	0
Snohomish	1,102	12	382	1	162	6	744	68
Spokane	656	14	211	2	85	18	618	84
Stevens	91	4	28	1	10	1	60	5
Thurston	385	3	112	0	68	2	389	4
Wahkiakum	5	0	1	0	0	0	5	0
Walla Walla	99	0	19	0	9	1	35	6
Whatcom	285	7	93	0	43	0	151	5
Whitman	39	0	8	0	0	0	13	1
Yakima	696	44	126	0	45	4	420	83
<b>Total</b>	<b>10,306</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>2,666</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>1,503</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>7,104</b>	<b>671</b>

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**TABLE 26**  
**High School (Grades 9-12) Dropout Statistics by County**  
**(Number of Dropouts and Annual Dropout Rates)**

COUNTY	2010-11 Total Dropouts	Rank By Number	2010-11 Percent Dropouts	Rank By Percent	2009-10 Total Dropouts	Rank By Number	2009-10 Percent Dropouts	Rank By Percent	Change in % from 2009-10 to 2010-11
Adams	41	29	3.4	23	53	28	4.3	18	-0.9
Asotin	80	25	7.1	5	69	25	6.0	6	1.1
Benton	243	14	2.4	32	397	9	4.0	20	-1.5
Chelan	210	16	5.3	11	227	16	5.6	13	-0.3
Clallam	1,307	4	21.4	2	1,407	4	24.7	2	-3.3
Clark	861	6	3.6	20	856	6	3.7	26	-0.1
Columbia	0	38	0.0	38	3	38	1.7	38	-1.7
Cowlitz	229	15	4.3	16	181	19	3.3	27	1.0
Douglas	62	28	2.9	27	53	29	2.5	31	0.4
Ferry	6	36	2.2	33	9	36	3.1	30	-0.9
Franklin	257	13	5.6	8	243	14	5.6	14	0.1
Garfield	0	39	0.0	39	0	39	0.0	39	0.0
Grant	278	12	5.2	12	309	12	5.8	8	-0.6
Grays Harbor	180	20	5.4	10	207	17	6.0	7	-0.6
Island	75	26	2.9	28	54	27	2.0	36	0.9
Jefferson	26	30	2.7	29	24	32	2.5	32	0.3
King	2,563	1	3.3	26	2,519	1	3.2	29	0.1
Kitsap	325	9	2.7	30	282	13	2.3	34	0.4
Kittitas	91	23	5.8	6	77	24	5.1	15	0.7
Klickitat	20	32	1.8	35	37	30	3.8	24	-2.0
Lewis	204	18	5.1	14	237	15	5.8	9	-0.7
Lincoln	10	35	1.6	36	16	35	2.4	33	-0.7
Mason	107	22	4.2	17	106	22	4.3	19	0.0
Okanogan	117	21	5.5	9	172	21	8.5	4	-3.0
Pacific	88	24	8.8	3	95	23	9.1	3	-0.3
Pend Oreille	12	34	2.1	34	18	34	3.3	28	-1.2
Pierce	2,167	2	5.7	7	2,224	2	5.8	10	-0.1
San Juan	19	33	3.5	21	24	33	4.3	17	-0.8
Skagit	294	11	5.1	15	332	11	5.6	12	-0.5
Skamania	187	19	29.0	1	180	20	28.0	1	1.0
Snohomish	1,366	3	3.9	18	1,557	3	4.5	16	-0.6
Spokane	882	5	3.9	19	870	5	3.8	25	0.0
Stevens	205	17	7.8	4	205	18	8.3	5	-0.5
Thurston	408	8	3.3	25	489	8	3.8	23	-0.6
Wahkiakum	5	37	3.4	24	6	37	3.9	21	-0.5
Walla Walla	72	27	2.6	31	59	26	2.1	35	0.4
Whatcom	296	10	3.5	22	336	10	3.9	22	-0.4
Whitman	21	31	1.5	37	25	31	1.8	37	-0.2
Yakima	740	7	5.2	13	823	7	5.8	11	-0.6
<b>STATE TOTAL</b>	<b>14,054</b>		<b>4.4</b>		<b>14,781</b>		<b>4.6</b>		<b>-0.2</b>

Source: Appendix C, "County Graduation and Dropout Rates, Grades 7-12, All Students," data tables for 2008-09 and 2009-10 from "Graduation and Dropout Statistics for Washington" annual reports, Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction; 2009-10 data updated June 2010. The net enrollment utilized does not include students who transfer to another school or those still enrolled beyond their expected year of graduation.

\* The dropout totals include students who complete without a regular HS diploma (GED) and those with an "unknown" status.

Note: The following definition of dropout was utilized by OSPI: "A dropout is a student who leaves school for any reason, except death, before completing school with a regular diploma and does not transfer to another school."

TABLE 27

**High School Dropout Rates by Grade Level  
and Gender from 2001 - 2010**

School Year	Grade 9	Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 12	Dropout Rate Males Only	Dropout Rate Females Only	ANNUAL DROPOUT RATE
2010-11	3.16	3.21	4.58	6.94	4.85	3.92	4.39
2009-10	3.40	3.56	4.64	7.27	5.05	4.15	4.61
2008-09	3.59	3.91	5.41	8.06	5.64	4.54	5.10
2007-08	3.71	4.36	6.19	9.00	6.27	4.97	5.63
2006-07	3.74	4.47	6.27	8.36	6.20	4.86	5.55
2005-06	4.25	4.44	6.62	8.04	6.31	5.04	5.69
2004-05	4.08	4.28	5.54	6.77	5.76	4.34	5.07
2003-04	5.12	5.61	6.45	6.25	6.41	5.20	5.82
2002-03	6.17	5.89	6.74	8.06	7.44	5.88	6.68
2001-02	6.61	6.73	7.69	10.14	8.58	6.78	7.71

Source: Compiled from "Graduation and Dropout Statistics for Washington" annual school-year reports, Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, Olympia, Washington; last updated March 2012.

OSPI notes the graduation results should be considered estimates.

Note: These data may not be directly comparable with data prior to 2001-02, as students receiving an IEP diploma or GED, or whose status is "unknown," are additionally considered dropouts in the above school years.

**TABLE 28**  
**Grades 9-12 Annual Dropout Rates by Race/Ethnicity**  
**Statewide Summary**

SCHOOL YEAR 2010-2011	GRADES 9-12 TOTAL DROPOUTS	GRADES 9-12 STUDENTS SERVED (minus transfers)*	DROPOUT PERCENTAGE 2010-11
RACE/ETHNICITY			
Asian	598	23,837	2.51
Pacific Islander	183	2,522	7.26
Black	1,076	15,579	6.91
Hispanic	3,059	51,418	5.95
American Indian	597	5,554	10.75
White	7,985	206,438	3.87
2 or More Races	549	14,185	3.87
Unknown/Unreported **	7	337	2.08
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>14,054</b>	<b>319,870</b>	<b>4.39</b>
SCHOOL YEAR 2009-2010	GRADES 9-12 TOTAL DROPOUTS	GRADES 9-12 STUDENTS SERVED (minus transfers)*	DROPOUT PERCENTAGE 2009-10
RACE/ETHNICITY			
Asian/Pacific Islander	874	27,890	3.13
Black	1,199	17,657	6.79
Hispanic	2,715	42,993	6.31
American Indian	751	7,931	9.47
White	8,591	213,398	4.03
Unknown	651	10,924	5.96
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>14,781</b>	<b>320,793</b>	<b>4.61</b>
SCHOOL YEAR 2008-2009	GRADES 9-12 TOTAL DROPOUTS	GRADES 9-12 STUDENTS SERVED (minus transfers)*	ANNUAL DROPOUT PERCENTAGE 2008-09
RACE/ETHNICITY			
Asian/Pacific Islander	909	27,951	3.25
Black	1,371	17,572	7.80
Hispanic	2,976	41,185	7.23
American Indian	847	8,360	10.13
White	9,841	220,280	4.47
Unknown	471	6,396	7.36
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>16,415</b>	<b>321,744</b>	<b>5.10</b>
SCHOOL YEAR 2007-2008	GRADES 9-12 TOTAL DROPOUTS	GRADES 9-12 STUDENTS SERVED (minus transfers)*	ANNUAL DROPOUT PERCENTAGE 2007-08
RACE/ETHNICITY			
Asian/Pacific Islander	1,090	27,271	4.00
Black	1,567	17,442	8.98
Hispanic	3,065	38,699	7.92
American Indian	1,017	8,814	11.54
White	11,088	226,631	4.89
Unknown	426	5,099	8.35
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>18,253</b>	<b>323,956</b>	<b>5.63</b>

\*\* The race/ethnicity status for these students was unknown or unreported--these youth were reported in the all students data category.

Source: OSPI, "Graduation and Dropout Statistics for Washington's Counties, Districts and Schools," Final Reports.

\* Net students served -- does not include students who transfer to another school or those still enrolled beyond their expected year of graduation.

## Youth Unemployment

In February 2012, the Washington State seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 8.2 percent. This was substantially below the February 2011 rate of 9.5 percent, and even further below the February 2010 rate of 10.2 percent. The state rate is just below the national rate of 8.3 percent for February 2012.

In Washington State, approximately 34.1 percent of those youth (16 to 19 years old) seeking employment were unemployed in 2010 – this is the highest youth unemployment rate for our state in over 15 years, and well above the 2009 unemployment rate of 30.5%.

According to a recent (August 2011) U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics news release: “The number of unemployed youth in July 2011 was 4.1 million, down from 4.4 million a year ago. The youth unemployment rate declined by 1.0 percentage point over the year to 18.1 percent in July 2011, after hitting a record high for July in 2010. Among major demographic groups, unemployment rates were lower than a year earlier for young men

(18.3 percent) and Asians (15.3 percent), while jobless rates were little changed for young women (17.8 percent), whites (15.9 percent), blacks (31.0 percent), and Hispanics (20.1 percent).”

The month of July is typically the summertime peak for youth employment – from April through July of each year, the number of youth age 16 to 24 years old seeking employment grows sharply, as a large number of high school and college students search for or take summer jobs, and many graduates enter the labor market to begin or look for permanent employment. According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, “The labor force participation rate for all youth—the proportion of the population 16 to 24 years old working or looking for work—was 59.5 percent in July (2011), the lowest July rate on record.” This rate was down by 1.0 percentage point from the previous year (July 2010), and 18.0 percentage points below the peak for that month in 1989, which was 77.5 percent.

**TABLE 29**  
**Juvenile Unemployment**  
**for 16-19 Year Olds**  
**2000 - 2010**

Year	Approximate Number Unemployed	Approximate Unemployment Rate
2010	45,000	34.1%
2009	44,000	30.5%
2008	39,000	25.7%
2007	28,000	17.6%
2006	31,000	18.0%
2005	29,000	18.9%
2004	32,000	21.9%
2003	37,000	21.7%
2002	39,000	20.7%
2001	37,000	19.8%
2000	36,000	18.6%

Source: Labor Market and Economic Analysis (LMEA), Department of Employment Security, updated December 2011 ;

U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; 2000 to 2004 data from the "Employment Status of the Civilian Noninstitutional Population by Sex, Age, Race, and Hispanic Origin," annual averages, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## Youth Living in Poverty

According to data published by the U.S. Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates for Washington Counties, 2010, approximately 18.2 percent (283,993) of Washington's children under age 18 lived below the poverty level in 2010. This represents over a 13.7 percent increase in the number of children living in poverty from 2009 (249,866). The number of children living in poverty in Washington State increased by 22.3 percent from 2006 to 2010. While children account for only 1 out of every 4 people in Washington, they account for nearly 1 of every 3 people in poverty.

An indicator of children living in poverty is the National School Lunch and Breakfast Program. In Washington State, the number of children eligible for the free and reduced lunch program has increased during the past five years, from 388,254 in 2007 to 467,279 in 2011. This is an increase of over 20 percent. The largest increase in National School Lunch program occurred between 2008 and 2009 when the number of eligible students went from 400,760 (2008) to 433,017(2009).

Perhaps even more indicative of poverty is the increase in Washington's unemployment rate. That rate increased from 4.9 percent in 2006 to 9.4 percent in 2010. The rate for 2011 only fell to 9.2 percent and through the first nine months of 2012, the rate averaged 8.4 percent. According to Greg Weeks, economist for Brandt Information Services and former LMEA Director, Employment Security Department, State of Washington, *"Poverty estimates tracked closely with the unemployment rate through 2011. Thus far in 2012, Washington is recovering even more slowly than the nation, and the state poverty rate can be expected to follow a similar trend. The Washington State Economic and Revenue Forecast Council expects the slow pace of economic recovery to continue, with the unemployment rate projected to stay above 7.0 percent through 2015."*

Children and youth living in poverty is widely recognized as an indicator of well being. Poverty is closely linked to inadequate prenatal care, low birth weight, low academic

achievement, risky behavior, and emotional problems. In addition to the physical and emotional health issues associated with poverty, the Child Trends Data Bank points out that, "...poverty in childhood and adolescence is associated with a higher risk for negative cognitive and academic outcomes, including decreased cognitive abilities and development, less school attendance, lower reading and math test scores, increased distractibility, and higher rates of grade failure and early high school dropout. Poor children are also more likely than other children to have externalizing and other behavior problems, increased aggression, and emotional problems, and are more likely to engage in delinquent behaviors during adolescence".

According to Ruby K. Payne, Ph.D., A Framework for Understanding Poverty, poverty is more than a lack of financial resources. Further, the extent of a person's ability to leave poverty is more dependent upon other resources than it is upon financial resources. Dr. Payne explains that poverty is "the extent to which an individual does without resources." She goes on to identify resources in eight areas: 1) financial, 2) emotional, 3) mental, 4) spiritual, 5) physical, 6) support systems, 7) relationships/role models, and 8) knowledge of hidden rules. This is important in that crime and poverty are so inter-relational. An understanding of the extent of resource deficits in these areas is instrumental to understanding juvenile delinquency and effective prevention, intervention and treatment strategies.

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**TABLE 30**  
**National School Lunch and Breakfast Program**  
**Applications Received**

<b>County</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>% change 2010-2011</b>	<b>% change 2007-2011</b>
Adams	3,320	3,349	3,256	3,040	2,972	-0.9	11.7
Asotin	1,594	1,687	1,633	1,491	1,578	-5.5	1.0
Benton	15,669	15,492	14,629	13,770	13,035	1.1	20.2
Chelan	7,356	7,323	7,060	7,047	7,013	0.5	4.9
Clallam	4,252	4,113	4,088	3,806	3,975	3.4	7.0
Clark	31,784	31,638	29,801	26,652	25,820	0.5	23.1
Columbia	267	271	255	232	249	-1.5	7.2
Cowlitz	8,601	8,550	8,476	7,618	7,169	0.6	20.0
Douglas	4,221	4,162	4,079	3,874	3,574	1.4	18.1
Ferry	630	582	582	589	583	8.2	8.1
Franklin	12,582	12,006	11,482	10,484	9,773	4.8	28.7
Garfield	135	152	175	140	156	-11.2	-13.5
Grant	13,113	12,860	12,387	11,472	11,150	2.0	17.6
Grays Harbor	6,910	6,430	6,476	6,077	5,973	7.5	15.7
Island	3,359	3,192	2,995	2,591	2,493	5.2	34.7
Jefferson	1,392	1,355	1,320	1,163	1,274	2.7	9.3
King	96,129	91,648	86,719	79,003	76,842	4.9	25.1
Kitsap	13,010	12,920	12,204	11,138	11,046	0.7	17.8
Kittitas	1,929	2,011	1,776	1,627	1,503	-4.1	28.3
Klickitat	1,620	1,580	1,605	1,520	1,566	2.5	3.4
Lewis	6,491	6,562	6,248	5,970	5,701	-1.1	13.9
Lincoln	975	989	985	904	964	-1.4	1.1
Mason	4,469	4,520	4,313	3,935	3,932	-1.1	13.7
Okanogan	4,378	4,401	4,385	3,820	4,058	-0.5	7.9
Pacific	1,784	1,701	1,731	1,738	1,764	4.9	1.1
Pend Oreille	1,005	947	1,027	949	1,017	6.1	-1.2
Pierce	59,785	57,292	54,354	50,515	48,263	4.4	23.9
San Juan	654	636	559	453	471	2.8	38.9
Skagit	10,091	9,971	9,429	8,696	8,731	1.2	15.6
Skamania	574	553	516	432	517	3.8	11.0
Snohomish	40,778	38,291	36,246	32,561	30,403	6.5	34.1
Spokane	34,128	33,181	31,838	30,580	29,165	2.9	17.0
Stevens	3,570	3,464	3,562	3,254	3,371	3.1	5.9
Thurston	14,539	13,401	12,672	11,904	11,519	8.5	26.2
Wahkiakum	250	265	246	225	229	-5.7	9.2
Walla Walla	5,025	4,890	4,782	4,575	4,746	2.8	5.9
Whatcom	11,243	11,056	10,959	10,300	10,025	1.7	12.1
Whitman	1,536	1,504	1,425	1,443	1,465	2.1	4.8
Yakima	38,131	37,131	36,742	35,172	34,169	2.7	11.6
<b>State Average</b>	<b>467,279</b>	<b>452,076</b>	<b>433,017</b>	<b>400,760</b>	<b>388,254</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>20.4</b>

Source: Superintendent of Public Instruction (OSPI) (01/25/2012)

**TABLE 31**  
**Poverty Estimates for Washington Counties**  
**Age 0-17**

County	2010 Poverty	2009 Poverty	2008 Poverty	2007 Poverty	2006 Poverty	% Change 2009-10	% Change 2006-10
Adams	1,970	1,786	1,545	1,509	1,715	10.3	14.9
Asotin	1,176	1,108	1,180	1,042	1,222	6.1	-3.8
Benton	8,693	8,011	7,252	6,129	7,400	8.5	17.5
Chelan	3,875	3,432	3,034	3,239	3,378	12.9	14.7
Clallam	2,936	2,859	2,712	2,455	2,505	2.7	17.2
Clark	19,511	18,151	14,074	12,827	13,625	7.5	43.2
Columbia	172	169	169	151	185	1.8	-7.0
Cowlitz	6,895	5,640	4,392	4,699	5,094	22.3	35.4
Douglas	2,234	2,172	1,745	1,859	1,952	2.9	14.4
Ferry	409	504	488	445	466	-18.8	-12.2
Franklin	6,666	6,471	5,560	4,936	6,287	3.0	6.0
Garfield	90	84	73	76	81	7.1	11.1
Grant	8,125	6,694	5,797	6,035	6,970	21.4	16.6
Grays Harbor	4,384	4,021	3,311	3,381	3,689	9.0	18.8
Island	2,332	1,973	2,247	2,256	2,028	18.2	15.0
Jefferson	958	1,045	933	817	890	-8.3	7.6
King	62,481	47,085	40,519	47,820	46,848	32.7	33.4
Kitsap	8,275	6,469	6,539	6,389	6,556	27.9	26.2
Kittitas	1,384	1,277	1,039	1,137	1,215	8.4	13.9
Klickitat	1,268	1,193	1,100	1,067	1,221	6.3	3.8
Lewis	3,755	3,811	3,236	3,514	3,606	-1.5	4.1
Lincoln	428	453	408	357	449	-5.5	-4.7
Mason	2,662	2,729	2,241	2,051	1,997	-2.5	33.3
Okanogan	3,021	2,867	2,712	2,984	2,783	5.4	8.6
Pacific	959	991	960	882	1,007	-3.2	-4.8
Pend Oreille	798	852	742	669	710	-6.3	12.4
Pierce	33,157	29,729	27,405	28,402	27,746	11.5	19.5
San Juan	496	376	332	331	367	31.9	35.1
Skagit	5,562	4,704	4,175	4,876	4,620	18.2	20.4
Skamania	475	437	374	386	396	8.7	19.9
Snohomish	22,142	19,560	17,074	17,018	16,983	13.2	30.4
Spokane	18,978	19,255	17,485	16,698	17,977	-1.4	5.6
Stevens	2,751	2,425	2,084	2,351	2,182	13.4	26.1
Thurston	8,130	7,929	6,108	6,408	7,267	2.5	11.9
Wahkiakum	182	176	151	125	137	3.4	32.8
Walla Walla	2,894	2,806	2,797	2,786	2,845	3.1	1.7
Whatcom	6,796	6,678	5,946	6,721	6,044	1.8	12.4
Whitman	1,051	1,088	988	939	1,039	-3.4	1.2
Yakima	25,922	22,856	18,314	19,571	20,740	13.4	25.0
<b>Statewide Total</b>	<b>283,993</b>	<b>249,866</b>	<b>217,241</b>	<b>225,338</b>	<b>232,222</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>22.3</b>

Source: US Census Bureau, Small Area Income and Poverty Estimates (01/12/12)  
 Model-based Estimates for States, Counties and School Districts

## Adolescent Pregnancy

In 2010, Washington teens age 15-17 years of age had 2,913 pregnancies (live births, abortions and fetal deaths). This equates to a rate of 22 pregnancies per 1,000 youth ages 15-17 years. This is a decrease of eight percent from the 2009 rate of 24. Washington's rate of 22 is higher than the National rate of 17.3 for this age group.

Washington counties with a rate of over 40 pregnancies per 1,000 include: Adams (56.7), Asotin (44.6), Franklin (45.9), Grays Harbor (41.3), Wahkiakum (50), and Yakima (44).are significantly higher than the state rate. These counties include: Adams (73), Yakima (54.2), Franklin (51.8), and Grant (50.5).

According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, teen pregnancy and childbearing bring substantial social and economic costs through immediate and long-term impacts on teen parents and their children.

- Teen pregnancy accounts for nearly \$11 billion per year in costs to U.S. taxpayers for increased health care and foster care, increased incarceration rates among children of teen parents, and lost tax revenue because of lower educational attainment and income among teen mothers.
- Pregnancy and birth are significant contributors to high school dropout rates among girls. Only about 50% of teen mothers receive a high school diploma by 22 years of age, versus approximately 90% of women who had not given birth during adolescence.
- The children of teenage mothers are more likely to have lower school achievement and drop out of high school, have more health problems, be incarcerated at some time during adolescence, give birth as a teenager, and face unemployment as a young adult.

These effects remain for the teen mother and her child even after adjusting for those factors that increased the teenager's risk for pregnancy;

such as, growing up in poverty, having parents with low levels of education, growing up in a single-parent family, and having low attachment to and performance in school

Programs that appear to make a difference in reducing teenage pregnancy include: early childhood education, nurse home-visiting, school-based curricula, abstinence and contraceptive programs, and activities that enhance life options for adolescent girls.

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**TABLE 32**  
**Adolescent Pregnancy\* by County in 2010**

County	Under age 15	Age 15-19	15-17 Years only	18-19 Years only
Adams	3	82	27	55
Asotin	1	38	18	20
Benton	2	331	109	222
Chelan	0	133	50	83
Clallam	1	91	29	62
Clark	6	564	166	398
Columbia	0	3	0	3
Cowlitz	1	166	45	121
Douglas	0	72	26	46
Ferry	0	8	4	4
Franklin	6	244	85	159
Garfield	0	1	0	1
Grant	4	239	85	154
Grays Harbor	1	123	35	88
Island	0	64	21	43
Jefferson	0	23	5	18
King	36	1,912	611	1301
Kitsap	4	310	69	241
Kittitas	0	51	12	39
Klickitat	0	23	3	20
Lewis	7	144	41	103
Lincoln	0	11	4	7
Mason	1	96	32	64
Okanogan	2	97	31	66
Pacific	0	27	6	21
Pend Oreille	0	18	7	11
Pierce	12	1,331	403	928
San Juan	0	10	3	7
Skagit	6	208	78	130
Skamania	0	12	4	8
Snohomish	6	807	250	557
Spokane	6	641	187	454
Stevens	0	70	21	49
Thurston	3	303	83	220
Wahkiakum	0	4	3	1
Walla Walla	0	80	20	60
Whatcom	6	236	70	166
Whitman	0	28	5	23
Yakima	15	747	265	482
Unknown	0	0	0	0
<b>State Total</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>9,348</b>	<b>2913</b>	<b>6435</b>

\* Total pregnancies equals the sum of live births, abortions, and fetal deaths.

Source: Center for Health Statistics, Washington State Department of Health, 12/2011, Table 16. "Total Pregnancies by Woman's Age and County of Residence, 2010."

**TABLE 33**  
**Age 15-17 Adolescent Pregnancies by County \***

County	Census 2010 Female Population Age 15-17	2010 Pregnancies 15-17	2010 15-17 Rate/ 1,000	2009 15-17 Rate/ 1,000	2008 15-17 Rate/ 1,000	2007 15-17 Rate/ 1,000	2006 15-17 Rate/ 1,000	% Change 2009-2010 15-17 Preg/1000
Adams	476	27	56.7	73.0	67.5	69.0	59.7	-22.3
Asotin	404	18	44.6	14.1	11.8	19.3	15.6	215.7
Benton	3,989	109	27.3	22.6	30.6	39.0	28.2	20.8
Chelan	1,600	50	31.3	28.2	41.1	42.7	40.9	10.7
Clallam	1,118	29	25.9	22.6	21.3	24.7	30.0	14.6
Clark	9,358	166	17.7	20.8	20.2	19.9	23.0	-14.7
Columbia	83	0	0.0	11.4	44.4	10.9	10.9	-100.0
Cowlitz	2,162	45	20.8	23.4	27.5	38.4	44.9	-11.0
Douglas	944	26	27.5	28.5	29.3	31.5	40.9	-3.5
Ferry	145	4	27.6	5.0	14.7	24.5	9.9	451.7
Franklin	1,850	85	45.9	51.8	50.5	58.9	61.4	-11.2
Garfield	45	0	0.0	0.0	31.2	0.0	29.4	0.0
Grant	2,058	85	41.3	50.5	50.9	41.0	41.5	-18.3
Grays Harbor	1,381	35	25.3	29.1	29.0	30.2	28.6	-12.9
Island	1,472	21	14.3	10.6	11.1	15.5	16.4	34.1
Jefferson	430	5	11.6	9.9	19.3	9.5	13.5	17.7
King	33,592	611	18.2	20.5	24.7	26.5	23.6	-11.3
Kitsap	5,108	69	13.5	14.8	18.8	21.4	20.6	-8.8
Kittitas	581	12	20.7	19.4	13.1	29.2	16.4	6.3
Klickitat	416	3	7.2	23.7	16.9	16.7	16.8	-69.6
Lewis	1,471	41	27.9	29.3	22.9	30.0	23.6	-4.9
Lincoln	212	4	18.9	4.0	7.8	7.8	3.9	371.7
Mason	1,062	32	30.1	34.4	32.0	38.2	32.4	-12.3
Okanogan	849	31	36.5	29.9	30.3	30.0	42.0	22.1
Pacific	321	6	18.7	22.5	19.3	19.1	40.6	-16.9
Pend Oreille	281	7	24.9	18.2	20.9	26.8	27.4	36.6
Pierce	16,566	403	24.3	26.0	29.0	30.2	29.1	-6.3
San Juan	271	3	11.1	8.2	12.1	28.0	8.1	34.5
Skagit	2,464	78	31.7	30.9	41.0	49.0	42.6	2.4
Skamania	227	4	17.6	15.4	19.0	18.7	7.5	14.1
Snohomish	15,122	250	16.5	18.9	22.2	24.2	23.0	-12.7
Spokane	9,337	187	20.0	20.1	23.4	23.3	23.4	-0.2
Stevens	1,057	21	19.9	17.6	18.1	19.7	19.3	12.7
Thurston	5,026	83	16.5	21.8	18.8	20.0	20.4	-24.4
Wahkiakum	60	3	50.0	10.5	40.9	61.9	10.5	375.0
Walla Walla	1,133	20	17.7	21.3	28.8	37.8	30.9	-17.1
Whatcom	3,692	70	19.0	24.3	26.9	25.1	27.5	-22.1
Whitman	561	5	8.9	6.2	5.9	11.7	4.4	44.4
Yakima	5,968	265	44.4	54.2	54.6	56.4	57.9	-18.1
<b>State Total *</b>	<b>132,892</b>	<b>2,913</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>24.0</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>28.7</b>	<b>27.6</b>	<b>-8.6</b>

\* Total pregnancies equals the sum of live births, abortions, and fetal deaths.

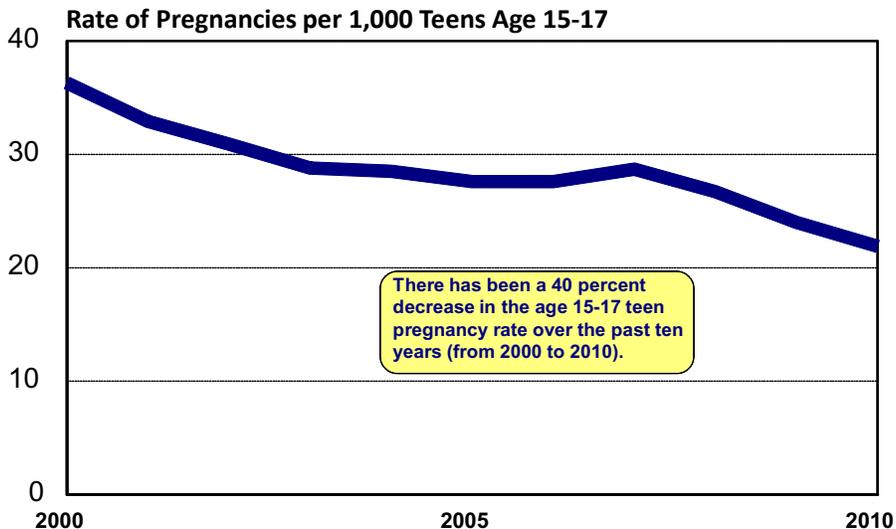
Age-specific rates equal the number of pregnancies to women in a specific age group per 1,000 women in the age group.

Source: Center for Health Statistics, Washington State Dept. of Health, last update 12/2011; Table 16, "Total pregnancies by woman's age and county of residence, 2010; Table 17, "Age-Specific Pregnancy Rates by county of residence, 2009," and Table 28,

"Female Population by Age and County of Residence, 2009" for years 2006-2009.

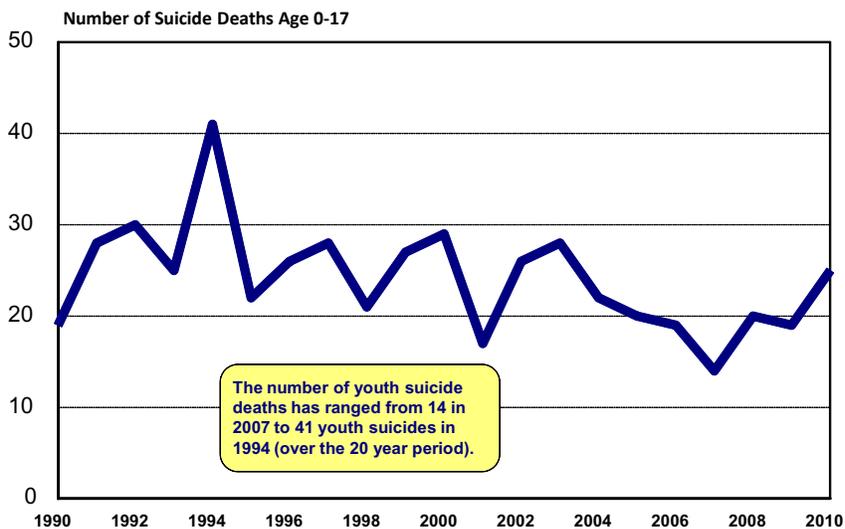
Population data: For years 2006 - 2009, from the Washington State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division, Intercensal and Postcensal Estimates of County Population by Age and Sex; population data for 2010 is from "Census 2010

**Graph 13**  
**Teen Pregnancy Rates in Washington State**  
**2000 - 2010**



Source: Center for Health Statistics, Department of Health, "Total Pregnancies by Woman's Age and County of Residence," last update 12/2011; population data obtained from OFM, "Intercensal and Postcensal Estimates of County Population by Age and Sex"; 2010 population data from Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington.

**Graph 14**  
**Youth Suicide Deaths in Washington State**  
**1990 - 2010**



Source: Data provided by the Washington State Department of Health, Center for Health Statistics, "Residence Suicide Deaths by Gender in Washington, Age 0-17," last update 12/2011.

## Youth Suicide

The number of suicides by youth in Washington varies from year to year. In 2010, there were 26 suicides by youth. During the five years 2006-2010, the number of Washington youth committing suicide has ranged from a high of 20 in 2008 to a low of 14 in 2007. The average number of youth deaths due to suicide for the five-year period 2006-2010 is 19.6.

The number of males who commit suicide is generally higher than the number of females. In recent years, the ratio of males to females has been approximately 4 to 1; however in 2009 the ratio was much lower with 8 females and 11 males having committed suicide.

According to Washington's Department of Health, suicide is the second leading cause of death among our state's young people 15-19 years old. In the most recent survey of adolescent behaviors conducted by Washington's Department of Health, one-fifth of Washington's students in grades 9 through 12 reported that they had seriously considered suicide. Of these, 80 percent had made a suicide plan, 40 percent had made a suicide attempt, and 20 percent had made an attempt that required medical attention.

The National Center for the Prevention of Youth Suicide reports the following data and demographics for national suicides for 2009, age 10-24:

- **NUMBER OF SUICIDES:** 4,630 died by suicide
- **A LEADING CAUSE OF DEATH:** Suicide was the third leading cause of death for 10- to 24-year-olds.
- **SUICIDE RATES:** Rates of suicide are highest for older youth. For youth aged 20 to 24, 12.5 per 100,000 youth died by suicide. For youth aged 15 to 19, 7.8 per 100,000 died, while for youth aged 10 to 14, 1.3 per 100,000 died.
- **GENDER:** Male youth die by suicide over four times more frequently than female youth. **RACE:** Native American/Alaska Native youth have the highest rate with 17.4 suicides per 100,000. White youth are next highest with 7.5 deaths per 100,000.

- **METHODS:** The majority of youth who died by suicide used firearms (45 percent). Suffocation was the second most commonly used method (40 percent).

The National Center further reports that saving the lives of youth at risk involves a diverse range of interventions including effective assessment and treatment of those with mental disorders, promotion of mental health and help-seeking, early detection of and support for youth in crisis, training in life skills, and reduction of access to lethal means of harm.

In 1994, the Washington State Legislature directed the Department of Health to develop a youth suicide prevention plan. The Department has developed a three-tiered prevention approach: a public education program, "Gatekeeper" training (provides training to adult front-line caregivers to recognize risk factors, screen youth, communicate and make referrals) and crisis service enhancements. Washington's Suicide Prevention Plan is considered a national model of state sponsored suicide prevention programs.

Additionally, the state Office of Superintendent of Public Instruction currently has a contract with the Youth Suicide Prevention Program (YSPP) to provide trainings and curriculum for educators to prevent suicide attempts and deaths in schools statewide.

Attempted suicide is a risk factor for future completed suicide, and a potential indicator of other health problems. Many adolescents who have committed suicide or attempted suicide have been in contact with the juvenile justice system (or law enforcement). Incarcerated youth are at an extreme risk for suicide (OJJDP, "Conditions of Confinement" report).

TABLE 34

**Youth Suicide Deaths in Washington State  
by County of Residence, Age 0-17 Years from 2000 - 2010**

County	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000
Adams	0										
Asotin	0		1								
Benton	0		1		1			2		1	2
Chelan	1	1	1								
Clallam	0					1	1		1		1
Clark	0		1	2	1		2	1	1	2	4
Columbia	1						1				
Cowlitz	1					1					3
Douglas	1				1						
Ferry	0										
Franklin	0										
Garfield	0										
Grant	0					1					
Grays Harbor	1										
Island	0			1	1	1		1	1		
Jefferson	0										
King	3	7	4	2	2	3	2	6	6	3	5
Kitsap	0	1		2	4	1	1	2	1	1	
Kittitas	0						1				
Klickitat	0						1				
Lewis	0		1				1	2			
Lincoln	0						1				
Mason	0										
Okanogan	0								1	2	
Pacific	2	1							1		
Pend Orielle	0										
Pierce	3	3	7		2	3	4	8	4	3	3
San Juan	0										
Skagit	0	1		1					1		2
Skamania	0				1				2		
Snohomish	5		3	1	2	1	1	4	1	3	2
Spokane	2	1			1	3	4	2	2		3
Stevens	0			1		1			2		1
Thurston	0	1	1	2	2	1			1	1	1
Wahkiakum	0					1					
Walla Walla	0	1									
Whatcom	1	1		1	1						1
Whitman	1										
Yakima	3	1		1		2	2		1	1	1
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>29</b>

Source: Data provided by the Washington State Department of Health, Center for Health Statistics; last updated 12/2011,  
"Residence Suicide Deaths by Gender in Washington: 2010, Age 0-17."

TABLE 35

**Youth Suicide Deaths in Washington State by Gender  
Age 0-17 Years, from 2006 - 2010**

County	2010			2009			2008			2007			2006			Total 2006-2010
	F	M	Total													
Asotin	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Benton	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
Chelan	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Clallam	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Clark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	1	1	4
Columbia	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Cowlitz	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Douglas	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2
Grant	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grays Harbor	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Island	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	2
King	1	2	3	4	3	7	0	4	4	1	1	2	1	1	2	18
Kitsap	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	2	2	2	4	7
Lewis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Pacific	1	1	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Pierce	0	3	3	0	3	3	1	6	7	0	0	0	1	1	2	15
Skagit	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	2
Skamania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Snohomish	0	5	5	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	1	1	0	2	2	11
Spokane	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	4
Stevens	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1
Thurston	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	2	2	0	2	2	6
Wahkiakum	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Walla Walla	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Whatcom	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	4
Whitman	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Yakima	1	2	3	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	5
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>97</b>

Source: Data provided by the Washington State Department of Health, Center for Health Statistics; last updated 12/2011  
 "Residence Suicide Deaths by Gender in Washington: 2010, Age 0-17."

## Substance Abuse

In 2010, there were 5,776 drug and alcohol arrests, for an arrest rate of 8.1 per 1,000 juveniles age 10-17 in Washington State. The rate of arrests decreased slightly over the rate of arrests in 2009 (9.1). The following table displays the juvenile drug/alcohol arrests and rates per 1,000 juveniles from 2005 – 2010.

### Juvenile Arrests for Drug and Alcohol Offenses 2005 -2010

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005
<b>Arrests</b>	5,776	6,505	7,441	8,216	7,802	7,464
<b>Rate per 1,000</b>	8.1	9.1	10.4	11.4	10.9	10.5

Males accounted for 71.6% of the 2010 drug and alcohol arrests; females, 28.4%.

In 2010, 22.4 percent of the total juvenile arrests in 2010 were for drug and alcohol offenses. Approximately 49.7 percent of the drug and alcohol juvenile arrests in 2010 were for drug offenses, and 50.2 percent were for alcohol offenses.

Substance abuse by juveniles is clearly linked to juvenile violence. According to Hawkins and Catalano,<sup>7</sup> most of the risk factors for substance abuse are the same risk factors as those of juvenile violence and delinquency. Hawkins and Catalano indicate that the more risk factors a child or youth experiences, the more likely the child/youth will experience substance abuse and related problems in adolescence or young adulthood. Risk factors for violence are defined and categorized in four domains:

- Individual/Peer (friends who engage in problem behavior, early initiation of the problem behavior)
- School (Early and persistent anti-social behavior, academic failure beginning in elementary school)
- Community (community laws and norms favorable toward drug use, firearms, and crime; media portrayals of violence; extreme economic deprivation)
- Family ( Family management problems

<sup>7</sup>Hawkins, J.D. and R.F. Catalano, *Risk-Focused Prevention: Using the Social Development Strategy*, 1995.

and conflict, favorable parental attitudes and involvement in the problem behavior)

Youth who engage in substance abuse often demonstrate problem behaviors within their family, school and community. These youth often associate with peers engaged in problem behaviors, and have a family history of problem behavior, family management problems or conflict.

The 2006 “Levels of Risk, Protection and Drug Use in Schools Predict Students’ WASL Scores” study conducted by the Social Development Research Group of the University of Washington found that seventh and tenth grade students in schools with higher rates of alcohol, tobacco, and marijuana use are less likely to meet the standards on the mathematics, reading, and writing sections of the WASL (Washington Assessment of Student Learning) tests. Further the report presented implications for policy and practice suggesting “reducing the prevalence of drug use in school populations will increase students’ academic success.”

The 2010 Washington Healthy Youth Survey reports: Alcohol is implicated in nearly a third of youth traffic fatalities. It is also associated with violence, suicide, educational failure and sexual activity. Contrary to earlier beliefs, recent research shows that alcohol can affect the developing adolescent brain. Most kids find it easy to get alcohol from friends, at parties, or from home.

According to the “Tobacco, Alcohol & Other Drug Abuse Trends in Washington State” 2010 Report from the Division of Alcohol & Substance Abuse (DASA), Department of Social & Health Services, the use of alcohol in the past 30 days and binge drinking by Washington State 8<sup>th</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup> and 12<sup>th</sup> graders has leveled off. The report found that youth who start drinking at age 14 or younger are four times more likely to become alcohol dependent in their lifetimes than those who start drinking at age 20 or older. Other Washington State findings from the Healthy Youth Survey include:

- More than a quarter of High School Seniors have engaged in recent binge drinking,
- One-fifth of Washington 12th graders reported being drunk or high in school in

the past year.

- More than 40% of Washington high school seniors report using alcohol in the past 30 days.
- Almost a third of Washington 6th graders have tried alcohol.
- Marijuana use among 8th and 12th graders has increased. By 12th grade, over 40% of Washington students have tried marijuana.
- By the 12<sup>th</sup> grade, over 40% of students have tried marijuana.
- The percentage of 12th graders who reported they had tried methamphetamine at least once in their lifetime dropped by 21% between 2006 and 2008.
- Two-thirds of youth entering state Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration facilities in SFY 2009 and screened, had substance abuse related problems,
- In state fiscal year 2009, 509 youth received treatment under the chemical dependency disposition alternative.

## Youth Gangs

Since the mid-20th century, gang violence in this country has become widespread—all 50 states and the District of Columbia report gang problems, and reports have increased for 5 of the past 7 years. Despite the steady growth in the number and size of gangs across the United States and the criminal behavior and violence they spawn, little is known about the dynamics that drive gangs and how to best combat their growth. For instance, no consensus exists on how gangs form, and few gang prevention programs have been rigorously evaluated.

The Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention (OJJDP) published a bulletin in December of 2010 entitled *Gang Prevention: An Overview of Research and Programs*. Some of the key findings from that include:

- Youth join gangs for protection, enjoyment, respect, money, or because a friend is in a gang.
- Youth are at higher risk of joining a gang if they engage in delinquent behaviors, are

aggressive or violent, experience multiple care-taker transitions, have many problems at school, associate with other gang-involved youth, or live in communities where they feel unsafe and where many youth are in trouble.

- To prevent youth from joining gangs, communities must strengthen families and schools, improve community supervision, train teachers and parents to manage disruptive youth, and teach students interpersonal skills.

When starting a program for delinquency and gang prevention, a community should conduct a gang-problem assessment to identify elevated risk factors that lead to child delinquency and gang involvement. Communities must define youth gangs, locate them, and identify and target the youth who are at greatest risk of joining. OJJDP has a Comprehensive Gang Model to help communities develop a continuum of gang prevention, intervention, and suppression programs and strategies.

In a cooperative effort between the National Gang Intelligence Center (NGIC) and the National Drug Intelligence Center (NDIC) to examine the threat posed to the United States by criminal gangs, The “National Gang Threat Assessment 2011” was published. The report can be found on-line in its entirety at <http://www.fbi.gov/stats-services/publications/2011-national-gang-threat-assessment>. The assessment is based on federal, state, and local law enforcement information and is supplemented by information retrieved from open sources.

The report lists the following key findings:

- There are approximately 1.4 million active street, prison and outlaw motorcycle gangs (OMG) comprising more than 33,000 gangs in the United States. Gang membership increased most significantly in the Northeast and Southeast regions, although the West and Great Lakes regions boast the highest number of gang members. Neighborhood-based gangs, hybrid gang members, and national-level gangs such as the Surenos are rapidly expanding in many jurisdictions. Many communities are also experiencing an increase in ethnic-based gangs such as African, Asian, Caribbean and Eurasian gangs.

- Gangs are responsible for an average of 48 percent of violent crime in most jurisdictions and up to 90 percent in several others, according to NGIC analysis.
- Gangs are increasingly engaging in non-traditional gang-related crime, such as alien smuggling, human trafficking, and prostitution.
- Gang members continue to engage in gang activity while incarcerated. Family members play pivotal roles in assisting or facilitating gang activities and recruitment during a gang members' incarceration. Gang members in some correctional facilities are adopting radical religious views while incarcerated.
- Gangs encourage members, associates, and relatives to obtain law enforcement, judiciary, or legal employment in order to gather information on rival gangs and law enforcement operations. Gang infiltration of the military continues to pose a significant criminal threat, as members of at least 53 gangs have been identified on both domestic and international military installations. Gang members who learn advanced weaponry and combat techniques in the military are at risk of employing these skills on the street when they return to their communities.
- Gangs on Indian Reservations often emulate national-level gangs and adopt names and identifiers from nationally recognized urban gangs. Gang members on some Indian Reservations are associating with gang members in the community to commit crime.
- Gangs are becoming increasingly adaptable and sophisticated, employing new and advanced technology to facilitate criminal activity discreetly, enhance their criminal operations, and connect with other gang members, criminal organizations, and potential recruits nationwide and even worldwide.
- Gang involvement in alien smuggling, human trafficking, and prostitution is increasing primarily due to their higher profitability and lower risks of detention and punishment than that of drug and weapons trafficking. Over the past year, federal, state, and local law enforcement officials in at least 35 states and

US territories have reported that gangs in their jurisdictions are involved in alien smuggling, human trafficking, or prostitution.

- Human trafficking victims - usually women and children - are often forced, coerced, or led with fraudulent pretense into prostitution and forced labor. The Bloods, MS-13, Surenos, and Somali gangs have been reportedly involved in human trafficking, according to multiple law enforcement and NGIC reporting.

NGIC reporting indicates that juvenile gangs are responsible for a majority of crime in various jurisdictions in Arizona, California, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Illinois, Maryland, Michigan, Missouri, North Carolina, New Hampshire, South Carolina, Texas, Virginia, and Washington.

### Youth gang membership

There is no consensus on the definition of a youth gang. However, the following criteria are widely accepted among researchers for classifying groups as gangs:

- The group has three or more members, generally aged 12-24.
- Members share an identity, typically linked to a name, and often other symbols.
- Members view themselves as a gang, and they are recognized by others as a gang.
- The group has some permanence and a degree of organization.
- The group is involved in an elevated level of criminal activity.

Gang membership may often be less of a long-term commitment than is commonly believed. Studies in Denver and Rochester report that half of the male youth gang members belonged to a gang for less than one year. The studies also found that gang members are responsible for a disproportionate amount of crime.

Many researchers have found that youth gangs have low levels of organizational sophistication and are typically loose in structure.

## Washington State Criminal Street Gang Prevention & Intervention Grant Programs

Washington State RCW 9.101.010 defines criminal street gang as: *“any ongoing organization, association, or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having a common name or common identifying sign or symbol, having as one of its primary activities the commission of criminal acts, and whose members or associates individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in a pattern of criminal street gang activity. This definition does not apply to employees engaged in concerted activities for their mutual aid and protection, or to the activities of labor and bona fide non-profit organization or their members agents.”*

The National Gang Threat Assessment has identified 67 named, recognized gangs in Washington State.

The 2012 Washington State Legislature recognized that street gang activities are a serious problem that threatens the long-term economic, social, and public safety interests of Washington State and its counties and cities. Local communities require assistance to reduce criminal street gang activity and to increase criminal street gang intervention and prevention services that can strengthen families, improve school performance, reduce criminal activity, and promote pro-social development and success among our state’s young adults. As a result, the Legislature has invested funds for a Criminal Street Gang Prevention and Intervention Grant Program to be administered by the WA-PCJJ.

Two programs were funded, one in the City of Tacoma and one in Yakima County. Additionally, the WA-PCJJ contracted with an independent evaluator to conduct the first year evaluation. For additional information on the projects funded see the Programs & Projects section of this report.

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## Child Abuse

In 2011, 75,412 children were referred to Child Protective Services (CPS) in Washington State.

This reflects a decrease of 2,362 from the number of children referred in 2010 (77,774).

Research continues to document a link between domestic violence and substance abuse, and domestic violence and child abuse. According to the National Youth Law Center, in homes where domestic violence occurs there is a 30 to 60 percent likelihood that child abuse also is happening. Nationally, nearly one million children each year are confirmed by State agencies as abused and neglected, and over 1,200 children tragically die at the hands of caretaker. (Prevent Child Abuse America, September 2007)

Child abuse and neglect have known detrimental effects on the physical, psychological, cognitive and behavioral development of children (National Research Council 1993). These consequences range from minor to severe, and include physical injuries, brain damage, chronic low self-esteem, problems with bonding and forming relationships, developmental delays, learning disorders, and aggressive and anti-social behaviors. More recently, Vincent Felitti, M.D. has demonstrated a connection between childhood abuse, particularly sexual abuse, and adult obesity, thus increasing weight-related health risks. Child maltreatment has been linked with long-term negative societal consequences. For example, studies link child maltreatment with increased risk of low academic achievement, drug use, teen pregnancy, generational child abuse and neglect, juvenile delinquency, and adult criminality (Widom, 1992; Kelly, Thornberry, and Smith, 1997).

“Total Estimated Cost of Child Abuse and Neglect in the United States,” written for Prevent Child Abuse America by Ching-Tung Wang, Ph.D. and John Holten, Ph.D., states, “It is well documented that children who have been abused or neglected are more likely to experience adverse outcomes throughout their life span in a number of areas” (summarized):

- Poor physical health
- Poor emotional and mental health
- Social difficulties
- Cognitive dysfunction
- High-risk health behavior
- Behavior problems

The authors go on to estimate the cost of child abuse and neglect in the United States in 2007 to be \$103.8 billion. This cost is based on the number of children who could be classified as being abused or neglected according to the Harm Standard in the Third National Incidence Study of Child Abuse and Neglect (NIS-3) and only the cost related to victims are included.

While the causes of child abuse and neglect are complex, research has identified risk factors that contribute to child maltreatment. These factors include: family history of abuse, parental substance abuse, mental illness or mental retardation, childhood disability, domestic violence, lack of parenting skills and knowledge, extreme poverty, social isolation, and life stress overload. Effective prevention programs identify family risk factors and develop service approaches that target these risk factors.

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## Placement/Counseling Services for Youth

### Regional Crisis Residential Centers

Regional Crisis Residential Centers (CRCs), as authorized by state statute, are emergency, temporary shelters available 24 hours a day, seven days a week, to runaway youth and youth in conflict with their families. Access to these shelters is usually arranged through the Division of Children and Family Services (DCFS), Children's Administration (CA), DSHS. When the youth enters the CRC, the CRC staff contacts the family and can arrange on-site family counseling. Foster homes can also provide short-term temporary care for youth in conflict with their families.

The number of regional CRC beds has declined notably in recent years, as a result of the 2005-2007 budget, which reduced regional CRC spending by 25 percent. There were 52 regional CRC beds from 2002 to 2004; in September 2012, there are 29 regional CRC beds available statewide. These 29 CRC beds are located in six of the state's 39 counties (Clark, King, Snohomish, Spokane, Thurston, and Yakima).

### Secure Crisis Residential Centers

The At-Risk/Runaway Youth Act, effective in July

1995, authorized the creation of "Secure" Crisis Residential Centers (S-CRCs) to receive runaway children taken into custody by law enforcement officers. It also provides for the creation of multi-disciplinary teams to provide assistance and support to a youth and his or her parents. Teams may be formed at the request of a youth placed at the facility, or at the request of a parent. The administrator of the facility may also convene a team if there is reasonable cause to believe that a child is in need of services and the parent is unavailable or unwilling to continue efforts to maintain the family structure.

RCW 13.32A.130 was amended in 2009, to provide that a youth admitted to a secure crisis residential facility not located in a juvenile detention center or a semi-secure facility may remain for up to 15 consecutive days. "If a child is transferred between a secure and semi-secure facility, the aggregate length of time a child may remain in both facilities, shall not exceed 15 consecutive days per admission, and in no event may a child's stay in a secure facility located in a juvenile detention center exceed five days per admission."

Youth may be placed in a S-CRC by law enforcement, and under limited circumstances, by transfer from a semi-secure facility if the youth is assessed as a risk to run. Additionally, in 2000 the Act was amended to expand the population of youth eligible for admission to some S-CRCs. Since June 2000 state law has allowed juvenile courts to order detention of a child for contempt of court related to a status offense proceeding/order to either a detention facility or a S-CRC which is located within a separate section of a detention facility. No more than 50 percent of the S-CRC population can be comprised of youth held for contempt of court.

In 2009, the number of Secure CRC beds was reduced from 60 beds total within nine facilities to 40 beds total within six facilities, as a result of reductions to the 2009 operating budget. As of September 2012, there are 33 total Secure CRC beds statewide within five facilities. Two of these CRCs are located within specific designated areas of secure juvenile detention facilities—in Chelan and Clallam counties, representing 8 beds total—and

<sup>15</sup> Data obtained in September 2012 from the DSHS Research & Data Analysis (RDA) Executive Management Information System (EMIS), "Crisis Residential Center Services—Secure CRC" report.

the remaining 3 are privately operated facilities that meet the federal definition of staff-secure facilities. During SFY 2011 (July 2010 to June 2011), there was a total of 1,016 admissions/placements of youth to the secure crisis residential centers (combined), a decrease (37 percent) from SFY 2010 when there were 1,612 total admissions.<sup>15</sup>

Findings from the second year of a multi-site evaluation conducted by Rainier Research Associates provide characteristics of the runaway youth placed in S-CRCs. During SFY 06, data for admissions to the privately-operated (non-detention) S-CRCs showed: 59 percent of the admissions were female youth; average age was 15.1 years; almost one-half (43 percent) were minority; the average number of visits to a S-CRC during the past 12 months was 2.1 visits; and the average length of stay was 57 hours (about 2-1/2 days). Less than one-half of the admissions were released to a parent (46 percent); consequently, the release destination for only about one-half (52%) of the youth was 'home.' Approximately two-thirds (63%) of the youth had parental guardians and 27 percent were wards of the state, while six percent were in the custody of an "other guardian" or foster parent (legal status at release from the facility).

Conclusions from the third year multi-site evaluation report<sup>16</sup> (including a summary/process analysis of the Snohomish County D.A.R.T.S. Bridges project) included: boys are more likely to repeat runaway behavior than are girls; youth who are in the custody of a foster parent are much more likely to repeat their runaway behavior compared to youth who are in the custody of a parent or parents; there is consistent evidence that receipt of FRS Phase II counseling services may reduce runaway behavior by about 19 percent; the use of a multidisciplinary team did not have a statistically significant effect on reducing recidivism to runaway behavior; and, in general, if a youth is put under the protection of a CHINS, he or she is neither more nor less likely to repeat runaway behavior than is a youth who does not have such protection (i.e., the filing of a CHINS did not have a statistically significant effect on reducing recidivism).

<sup>16</sup> "Net Impact Study - Multi-Site Evaluation for Runaway Youth Projects, 2006-2007 Project Year: Process Analysis of the Snohomish County D.A.R.T.S./Bridges Project: A Three Year Summary from 2004-05 through 2006-07," Rainier Research Associates, Olympia, Washington, February 2008.

## Assessment Services

Diagnostic Assessment Services are offered to children and youth in the care of the state who may qualify for more intensive services. Assessment services typically last no more than 90 days. Assessment services provided to youth include: assessment of the contributing factors to the child's behaviors; assessment of the strengths and needs of the family system; case planning; case management; and individual and family treatment. From assessment care, a child may be placed in treatment foster care, residential care or may return to the family setting with additional community supports.

## Hope Centers and Responsible Living Skills Programs

The 1998 Washington State Legislature established HOPE Centers and Responsible Living Skills Programs to address the needs of dependent homeless and/or street youth who were not the primary focus of the "Becca Law," in that they do not have active, responsible parents in their lives. A "street youth" is defined in RCW as a person under the age of 18 who lives outdoors or in another unsafe location not intended for occupancy.

The objective of Hope Centers is to perform a comprehensive assessment of the youth, and establish an appropriate permanency placement plan. HOPE Centers are 30-day temporary residential facilities, primarily intended to serve older adolescent "street youth," for whom traditional child welfare services have proved ineffective.

Responsible Living Skills (RLS) Programs are designed for dependent street youth age 16 to 18, who have not found success in other traditional state placement. The RLS Program provides residential and transitional living services with an emphasis on independent living skills. In order for a youth to be eligible for the RLS Program, a youth must have first resided in a HOPE Center or in a S-CRC. However, this requirement may be waived if the social worker feels this is the most suitable placement; occasionally, a youth age 14-15 may qualify to reside in an RLS program.

Currently (September 2012), there are a total of 23 Hope beds, a decrease from 2007 through 2009, when there were 27-28 beds available statewide, and a significant increase from prior years (there were 15-18 beds from 2003 to 2006).

**TABLE 36**  
**Referrals to Child Protective Services \***  
**2002 - 2011**

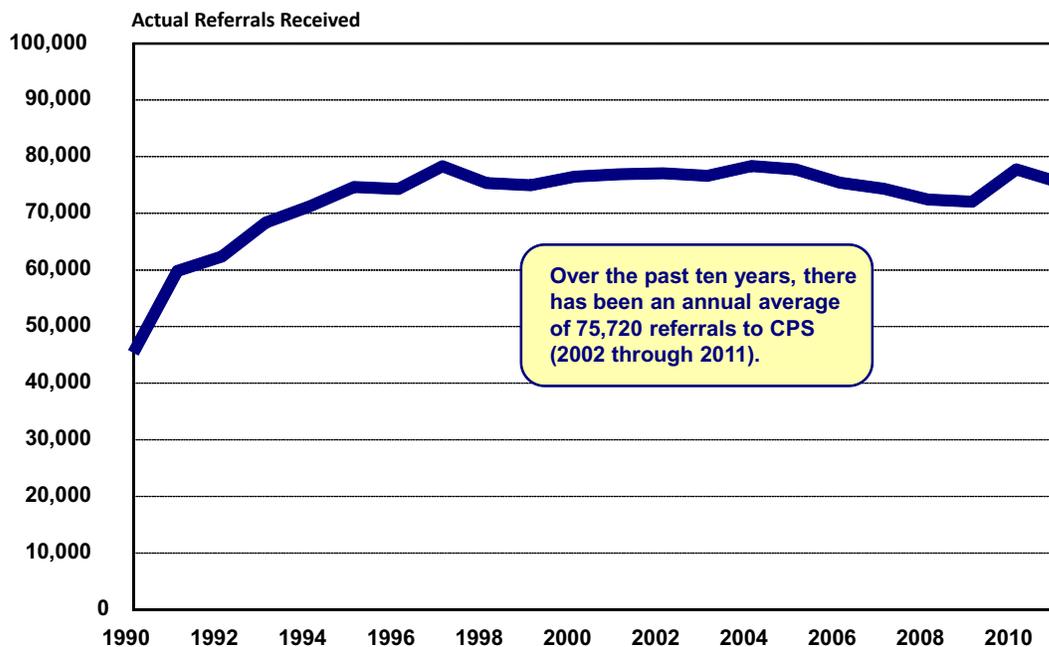
Month	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
January	6,593	6,613	6,088	6,335	6,446	6,933	6,645	6,296	6,582	6,983
February	6,127	6,426	6,032	6,143	6,177	6,245	6,104	6,666	6,067	6,298
March	7,479	7,498	6,677	6,701	7,280	7,358	7,320	7,832	6,764	7,029
April	6,597	7,421	6,595	6,622	6,317	6,134	6,559	7,136	6,626	7,041
May	7,148	7,192	6,529	6,792	7,292	7,414	7,717	7,075	7,373	7,690
June	6,467	6,076	6,225	5,870	5,999	6,364	6,757	6,662	6,185	6,146
July	4,454	5,411	5,253	5,306	5,291	5,237	5,427	5,517	5,797	5,466
August	5,673	5,809	5,098	5,170	5,666	5,794	5,990	5,852	5,400	5,481
September	6,477	6,508	5,934	6,147	5,905	6,138	6,760	6,245	6,671	6,336
October	6,560	6,961	6,076	6,680	6,846	6,815	6,831	6,763	7,274	7,128
November	5,926	6,040	5,790	5,520	6,083	5,819	6,107	6,251	5,739	5,792
December	5,911	5,819	5,743	5,137	5,053	5,162	5,553	6,041	6,143	5,661
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>75,412</b>	<b>77,774</b>	<b>72,040</b>	<b>72,423</b>	<b>74,355</b>	<b>75,413</b>	<b>77,770</b>	<b>78,336</b>	<b>76,621</b>	<b>77,051</b>
<b>Average per Month</b>	<b>6,284</b>	<b>6,481</b>	<b>6,003</b>	<b>6,035</b>	<b>6,196</b>	<b>6,284</b>	<b>6,481</b>	<b>6,528</b>	<b>6,385</b>	<b>6,421</b>

Data obtained from Research and Data Analysis, Dept. of Social & Health Services, Exec. Mgmt. Information System (EMIS) Reports; Source: Case Management Information System (CAMIS) REFPRT - Intake Referral Statistics Report, *Total Intake Referrals by Program*;

2011 data using EMIS report last updated 1/25/2012.

\* The data represent counts of field workers receipts of reportings and referrals about incidences (includes multiple counts of incidents and/or individuals). The data provided is the "Actual" number of referrals received.

**Graph 15**  
**Referrals Received by Child Protective Services**  
**1990 - 2011**



Source: DSHS Research & Data Analysis, Exec. Management Information System, Case Management Information System (CAMIS) -Intake Referral Statistics Reports (updated February 2012 using EMIS report update 1/25/2012).

In 2012, there are six Responsible Living Skills Program providers, with a total of 28 beds.

### **Foster Care and Residential Care**

Family foster care serves most of the children who need out of home care due to abuse, neglect or family conflict. Children live with individual families who are licensed by the Children's Administration (CA) either through the Division of Licensed Resources or through authorized Child Placing Agencies.

### **Family Reconciliation Services**

Within CA, the Family Reconciliation Services (FRS) program provides services to families in conflict and to runaway youth and their families. The goal of FRS is to preserve, strengthen, and reconcile families in conflict. The range of services provided is designed to help families find solutions to their conflicts by developing skills and supports to maintain the family unit. Service delivery begins with the least intensive, least intrusive intervention appropriate in the individual case circumstance.

Services are voluntary, family-focused, and rely on the family's participation. FRS is available at no cost to the family. Participation in FRS cannot be a condition on a family for dismissing a dependency or closing a CPS case. If appropriate, FRS services may be offered to families involved in other CA programs, including CPS or CFWS.

FRS is comprised of two service categories:

**Assessment & Brief Intervention:** These are short-term interactions between Children's Administration (CA) staff and the family requesting services. The services are directed towards de-escalating the immediate crisis, defining the goals of the family seeking services, and exploring options to meet those goals. When possible, the family's kinship and community support systems should be utilized.

**Contracted Counseling:** When it is determined the family would benefit from services from CA beyond assessment and brief intervention, the social worker may offer the family contracted services based on the unique needs of the family. Contracted counseling for FRS primarily consists of Crisis Family Intervention and Functional Family Therapy.

From 2010 to 2011 there was a decrease (11.6 percent) in the number of families receiving As-

essment and Brief Intervention services (formerly Phase I), and approximately an 11 percent decrease in the number of families served through FRS In-Home Contracted counseling.

### **Family Preservation Services**

In addition to FRS, preservation services are provided through the Division of Children and Family Services, Children's Administration, DSHS. Family Preservation Services (FPS) and Intensive Family Preservation Services (IFPS) are available. FPS is available to families whose children face a substantial likelihood of being placed outside of the home or to reunify a child with their family from out-of-home care. These services are available within 48 hours of the referral, and are offered for a maximum of six months provided by a contracted service provider. IFPS is a voluntary service that provides up to 20 hours of in-home therapy weekly, when a family has a child who DCFS believes is at imminent risk of foster care placement. These services are available seven days per week, 24 hours per day, for approximately a 40-day period of time.

### **Child in Need of Services (CHINS) and At-Risk Youth (ARY)**

Under the provisions of the Child in Need of Services (CHINS), the parent, the child or DSHS can file a petition for out of home placement. Placement may be in a foster home or a group home. A multidisciplinary team may be formed to provide assistance and support to children and parents.

In 2010, a total of 246 CHINS were filed, a slight increase (3 percent) from 239 CHINS filings in 2009. In July 1995, CHINS replaced the Alternative Residential Placement process. From 1997 to 1999, the number of CHINS petitions filed had remained fairly constant at 529 to 534 filings, and ranged from 467 to 408 filings during the period 2001 to 2004. From 2006 to 2010, the number of filings per year has ranged from a high of 354 in 2006, to a low of 239 in 2009. There were 26 contempt hearings held related to a CHINS order/proceeding in 2010.

Parents of at-risk youth may petition the court to order the youth to remain in the home. An at-risk youth is defined by statute as a juvenile (under the age of 18): who is absent from home for more than 72 consecutive hours without parental consent; who is beyond the control of the parent

such that the child's behavior substantially endangers the health, safety or welfare of the child or another person; or who has a substance abuse problem for which there are no pending criminal charges related to the substance abuse.

In 2010, there were 1,861 At-Risk Youth filings, a 5 percent increase from 1,771 ARY filings in 2009. There has been an average of 1,988 ARY petition filings annually over the past five years (from 2006 to 2010). There were 2,118 contempt hearings held in 2010 related to an ARY order/proceeding. The number of contempt hearings held related to an ARY proceeding or order continues to be significant from 1998 forward. From 2006 to 2010, the number of contempt hearings held related to an ARY petition averaged 2,306 annually, with a 1.4 percent increase in the number of hearings held from 2009 to 2010.

### Truancy

Changes in the state law in 1995 require the filing of truancy petitions by school districts under certain conditions when a youth required to attend public school has seven unexcused absences in a month or ten unexcused absences in a school year. Additionally, a parent may file a truancy petition with the juvenile court if the school district fails to file a petition, if a child has five or more unexcused absences in any month during a school year, or upon the 10th unexcused absence during a school year.

In 2012, the state legislature made changes to the truancy provisions (Senate bill 6494) that changed the applicability of mandatory truancy petition filing provisions to children under seventeen years of age (i.e., districts are not required to file on 17 year olds); that require initial petitions to contain information about the child's academic status; that prohibit issuance of a bench warrant at an initial truancy status hearing; and that modify school district reporting requirements after the court assumes jurisdiction in a truancy case (the school district must periodically update the court about the child's academic status).

In 1996, in conjunction with the enactment of the At Risk/Runaway Youth Act, the number of petitions filed quadrupled (over a 300 percent increase in the number of filings). Approximately 15 to 16,000 truancy petitions were filed annually with juvenile courts from 1997 through 2001.

From 2002 to 2004, the number of truancy filings declined (to an average of 13,145 annually). From 2005 through 2008, the number of truancy petitions filed again increased, ranging from 14,500 to over 16,000 filings annually. There was a 17.5 percent decrease in truancy petitions filed from 2008 to 2009, and a slight decrease (3.7%) from 2009 to 2010 (there were 12,374 filings in 2010). In 2010, 46 percent of the truancy filings were female youth, and approximately 54 percent were male youth.

From 2004 to 2008, the number of contempt hearings held related to a truancy order/proceeding averaged 5,100 annually. In 2009, there was a significant decrease (55 percent) in the number of contempt hearings held related to a Truancy order (see information regarding Court of Appeals opinion, below). In 2010, the number of contempt hearings related to a truancy order increased by approximately 54 percent from 2009 (from 2,278 to 3,500).

On January 12, 2009, the State Court of Appeals published an opinion that had a significant impact on the truancy petition process (and subsequently on significantly reducing truancy contempt filings and admissions to juvenile detention facilities related to a truancy order/proceeding—for contempt or FTA). The case, titled "Bellevue School District v. E.S." found that the youth had not been afforded legal counsel at the time the original truancy petition was filed in court (the fact-finding stage). The appellate court concluded that a child's interest in liberty, privacy and right to an education are in jeopardy, and a child is unable to protect those interests without counsel; due process demands that the child be represented at the initial truancy hearing.

As a result of this decision (Bellevue School District v. E.S., 148 Wash. App. 205 (2009), petition for review granted July 7, 2009), in 2009 most of the juvenile courts across the state subsequently dismissed all current contempt cases related to a truancy filing if the youth had not been afforded counsel at the fact finding stage; sentenced truants were released from detention, EM or other alternative programming. Also, truancy warrants were recalled by the court for students that did not respond to the contempt hearing if they were not represented by counsel at the initial hearing.

The statewide total orders on contempt, and admissions to detention facilities related to a truancy contempt finding, showed a significant (over 60%) decrease from 2008 to 2009.

On June 9, 2011, the Washington State Supreme Court reversed the Court of Appeals decision, and found that neither the due process clause of the 14th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution nor the due process clause set forth in the Washington State Constitution would require appointment of counsel at the initial truancy proceeding stage; it was concluded there were no significant interests at stake (i.e., the youth's physical liberty) warranting appointment of counsel at the initial hearing where the determination is made if the student is truant under state statute; and it was noted that the youth has the right to counsel at contempt hearings related to a truancy order.

TABLE 37

**Crisis Residential Center (CRC),  
Responsible Living Skills Program (RLSP)  
and Hope Center Beds by County -- 2012**

County	Regional CRC Beds	Secure CRC Beds	RLSP Beds	Hope Ctr Beds
Chelan		4		
Clallam		4		
Clark	4	6		3
King	3	15	4	4
Pierce			7	
Skagit			3	
Snohomish	6		4	4
Spokane	8		4	5
Thurston	4		6	3
Whatcom				1
Yakima	4	4		3
<b>Total</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>23</b>

Source of data: Children's Administration, DSHS, updated September 2012.

Table 38

**Washington State CRC/HOPE CTR/RLSP Facilities**

	<b>FACILITY*</b>	<b>NUMBER OF BEDS</b>
<b>Region 1-N</b>	REGIONAL CRISIS RESIDENTIAL CENTER <b>YFA Connections</b> Spokane, WA	8 Regional
	HOPE CENTER <b>YFA Connections</b> Spokane, WA	5 Hope
	RESPONSIBLE LIVING SKILLS PROGRAM <b>Helping Hands</b> Spokane Valley, WA	4 RLSP
	SECURE CRISIS RESIDENTIAL CENTERS <b>Chelan County Juvenile Center</b> Wenatchee, WA	4 Secure
	<hr/>	<b>TOTAL BEDS ..... 21</b>
<b>Region 1-S</b>	REGIONAL CRISIS RESIDENTIAL CENTER <b>Ohana Crisis Center, Inc.</b> Yakima, WA	4 Regional
	HOPE CENTERS <b>Positive Directions</b> Yakima, WA	2 Hope
	<b>Service Alternatives</b> Yakima, WA	1 Hope
	RESPONSIBLE LIVING SKILLS PROGRAM <b>(no provider at this time)</b> Yakima, WA	
	SECURE CRISIS RESIDENTIAL CENTER <b>Ohana Crisis Center, Inc.</b> Yakima, WA	4 Secure
	<hr/>	<b>TOTAL BEDS ..... 11</b>
<b>Region 2-N</b>	REGIONAL CRISIS RESIDENTIAL CENTER <b>Cedar House</b> Everett, WA	6 Regional
	HOPE CENTERS <b>Cocoon House</b> Everett, WA	3 Hope
	<b>Sevice Alternatives</b> Arlington, WA - 1 Bed Lynden, WA - 1 Bed	2 Hope
	RESPONSIBLE LIVING SKILLS PROGRAM <b>Cocoon House</b> Everett, WA	4 RLSP
	<b>YouthNet</b> Mount Vernon, WA	3 RLSP
	<hr/>	<b>TOTAL BEDS ..... 18</b>

<b>Region 2-S</b>	HOPE CENTER <b>Youth Care</b> Seattle, WA	4 Hope
	RESPONSIBLE LIVING SKILLS PROGRAMS <b>Youth Care</b> Seattle, WA	4 RLSP
	REGIONAL CRISIS RESIDENTIAL CENTER <b>Pioneer Human Services</b> Seattle, WA	3 Regional
	SECURE CRISIS RESIDENTIAL CENTER <b>Pioneer Human Services</b> Seattle, WA	15 Secure
	<hr/>	<b>TOTAL BEDS ..... 26</b>
<b>Region 3-N</b>	RESPONSIBLE LIVING SKILLS PROGRAMS <b>Pierce County Alliance</b> Tacoma, WA	7 RLSP
	<hr/>	<b>TOTAL BEDS ..... 7</b>
<b>Region 3-S</b>	REGIONAL CRISIS RESIDENTIAL CENTERS <b>Community Youth Services</b> Olympia, WA	4 Regional
	<b>JANUS Youth Programs</b> Vancouver, WA	4 Regional
	HOPE CENTERS <b>Community Youth Services</b> Olympia, WA	3 Hope
	<b>JANUS Youth Programs</b> Vancouver, WA	3 Hope
	RESPONSIBLE LIVING SKILLS PROGRAMS <b>Community Youth Services</b> Olympia, WA	6 RLSP
	SECURE CRISIS RESIDENTIAL CENTERS <b>Clallam County Juvenile Court</b> Port Angeles, WA	4 Secure
	<b>JANUS Youth Programs</b> Vancouver, WA	6 Secure
		<hr/>

Source: Children's Administration, Department of Social & Health Services, updated September 2012.

## Assessment Services

### Residential Providers

#### REGION 1

*Lutheran Community Services*  
Spokane, WA 99204

#### REGION 2

*Central Washington Comprehensive Mental Health*  
Yakima, WA 98901

#### REGION 3

*Catholic Community Services*  
Mount Vernon, WA 98273

*Secret Harbor Youth Services*  
Burlington, WA 98233

#### REGION 4

*Friends of Youth*  
Renton, WA 98506

*Ruth Dykeman Childrens Center*  
Burien, WA 98166

*Ryther Child Center*  
Seattle, WA 98115

*YMCA Family Services & Mental Health*  
Seattle, WA 98110

#### REGION 5

*A Place Called Hope*  
Gig Harbor, WA 98335

*Homelife*  
Tacoma, WA 98419

#### REGION 6

*Community Youth Services*  
Olympia, WA 98506

*Janus Youth Inc.*  
Vancouver, WA 98662

source: Children's Administration, Department of Social and Health Services, last updated September 2012.

**TABLE 39**  
**Number of Families Served Through**  
**Family Reconciliation Services (FRS)**  
**1996 - 2011**

	(formerly Phase I) Assessment & Brief Intervention (Actual cases opened)	(formerly Phase II) In-Home Contracted Counseling (Families served)	Percentage Served Contracted Counseling
<b>2011</b>	5,993	684	<b>11%</b>
<b>2010</b>	6,779	767	<b>11%</b>
<b>2009</b>	7,056	908	<b>13%</b>
<b>2008</b>	7,209	1,550	<b>22%</b>
<b>2007</b>	7,636	1,484	<b>19%</b>
<b>2006</b>	7,709	1,385	<b>18%</b>
<b>2005</b>	8,116	1,672	<b>21%</b>
<b>2004</b>	8,420	1,713	<b>20%</b>
<b>2003</b>	8,559	1,431	<b>17%</b>
<b>2002</b>	8,239	2,076	<b>25%</b>
<b>2001</b>	8,748	2,699	<b>31%</b>
<b>2000</b>	8,907	2,577	<b>29%</b>
<b>1999</b>	8,796	2,438	<b>28%</b>
<b>1998</b>	9,323	2,463	<b>26%</b>
<b>1997</b>	9,754	2,542	<b>26%</b>
<b>1996</b>	9,412	2,362	<b>25%</b>

Note: A new method of paying for FRS began July 2006, and client counts for July through September 2006 are incomplete. An estimate of the correct count provided by Children's Administration, Decision Support Unit, for CY 2006 is about 1,583. Data obtained from CAMIS downloads as presented in the Research and Data Analysis, DSHS, EMIS Reports, Family Support & Preservation Services - FRS (FRS Actual Cases Opened and Families Served); total annual number of families served from 1996 to 2004 has been updated to reflect May 2007 EMIS Report totals. CY 2011 data generated from EMIS report 1/25/2012. Source for families served In-Home Contracted Counseling: EMIS, RDA, DSHS; CAMIS reporting system reflecting unduplicated SSPS month of service client counts.

TABLE 40

**Youth\* on Probation with a Mental Health Diagnosis  
Washington State Juvenile Court Pre-Screen Risk Assessment  
2004 - 2010**

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
<b>Total # of Assessments</b>	11,619	9,586	9,304	9,380	9,251	8,749	8,418
<b>Diagnosed</b>	7.3%	7.7%	7.2%	7.0%	7.4%	7.6%	8.3%
<b>Medication Prescribed</b>	3.0%	2.7%	2.8%	2.5%	2.4%	2.5%	2.7%
<b>Treatment Prescribed</b>	1.4%	1.3%	1.4%	1.5%	1.7%	2.0%	1.8%
<b>Medication and Treatment Prescribed</b>	10.5%	10.5%	9.5%	9.6%	9.4%	9.3%	10.7%
<b>Total Diagnosed</b>	22.1%	22.2%	20.9%	20.6%	20.9%	21.4%	23.5%
<b>Not Diagnosed</b>	77.9%	77.8%	79.1%	79.4%	79.1%	78.4%	76.4%

\* A youth is counted once in each year, but the same youth may be counted in different years. An improved version of the assessment software was implemented in 2003.

Sources: Data from the Washington State Institute for Public Policy, *Washington State Juvenile Court Pre-Screen Risk Assessment*, for years 2004 through 2008. Data for 2009 and 2010 provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts, WA State Center for Court Research, last updated December 2011.

Note: Less than one percent of assessment data was reported as "missing" for each of the years.

**TABLE 41**  
**Child in Need of Services (CHINS), Dependency, At-Risk Youth (ARY),**  
**and Truancy Cases Filed 2006 - 2010**

County/Court	CHINS					DEPENDENCY					ARY					TRUANCY				
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Adams	1	0	0	0	0	14	5	5	16	15	1	0	0	0	40	42	36	38	37	
Asotin/Garfield		0	0	0	0	26	6	15	33	32	3	5	0	3	7	15	48	30	27	
Benton/Franklin		0	1	0	3	182	188	183	159	151	55	36	56	53	886	776	803	947	931	
Chelan	7	5	6	3	3	40	37	60	47	74	46	45	31	18	158	190	274	290	88	
Clallam	4	9	14	7	18	80	57	56	66	66	80	77	96	107	334	379	437	523	481	
Clark	12	5	5	6	11	343	259	213	281	322	17	12	15	17	729	686	874	882	743	
Columbia/Walla Walla	2	3	1	0	0	41	60	30	55	66	11	10	8	17	120	152	162	207	89	
Cowlitz	6	1	2	0	4	95	60	85	72	97	39	64	83	122	443	511	530	692	612	
Douglas		1	1	1	0	8	8	20	14	33	26	33	24	23	94	62	94	113	127	
Ferry/Pend Oreille/Stevens	21	11	12	21	16	91	60	93	81	72	45	28	38	52	65	102	108	110	110	
Grant	4	2	0	2	2	85	55	75	98	104	20	29	18	15	108	130	195	192	200	
Grays Harbor	2	0	2	3	8	149	105	155	177	143	116	114	103	81	262	257	299	387	370	
Island		0	0	1	7	36	31	41	48	44	12	15	18	11	341	223	277	301	394	
Jefferson	1	7	4	4	3	37	10	20	14	6	10	14	16	6	36	59	46	60	49	
King	58	42	48	58	70	808	619	573	697	706	277	296	354	341	1,614	2,083	2,513	2,111	2,204	
Kitsap	1	3	4	3	2	287	160	170	176	139	13	20	26	19	277	324	407	502	533	
Kittitas	2	2	2	3	3	33	24	25	29	21	7	2	9	11	13	18	51	60	88	
Klickitat	2	1	2	0	1	24	18	13	19	15	1	1	4	3	16	16	40	32	21	
Lewis		0	2	6	3	60	30	46	71	68	27	43	30	29	146	160	166	160	229	
Lincoln	1	0	2	3	1	6	5	4	15	7	2	3	5	2	13	13	13	24	36	
Mason	4	5	4	5	7	64	59	38	77	71	19	18	15	19	96	107	93	161	143	
Okanogan		1	0	0	0	31	24	37	35	22	6	1	4	4	127	104	109	118	141	
Pacific/Wahkiakum	9	12	7	13	19	17	17	17	27	35	16	10	13	21	22	20	30	33	30	
Pierce	5	5	5	6	3	923	594	656	514	416	141	139	161	152	989	757	1,129	949	1,262	
San Juan	1	0	0	0	1	3	0	3	5	4	3	1	0	4	4	2	13	14	5	
Skagit	4	10	4	6	9	135	62	90	93	143	69	74	58	60	576	473	485	657	648	
Skamania	1	0	0	0	0	19	12	11	5	9	2	0	3	0	3	6	16	28	20	
Snohomish	13	14	19	28	50	460	392	540	513	466	234	171	246	343	2,160	2,607	2,672	3,069	2,803	
Spokane	55	63	51	62	76	520	479	580	618	530	244	194	223	216	1,700	1,735	2,046	1,974	2,081	
Thurston	18	18	20	18	25	114	94	132	134	109	138	134	132	123	347	303	422	439	438	
Whatcom	7	17	18	14	3	202	153	137	162	111	43	44	53	68	226	303	330	340	283	
Whitman	2	2	1	2	2	23	15	20	28	18	2	2	2	5	27	21	22	24	18	
Yakima	3	0	7	1	4	202	185	194	168	161	136	136	149	159	395	220	838	769	531	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>244</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>354</b>	<b>5,158</b>	<b>3,883</b>	<b>4,337</b>	<b>4,547</b>	<b>4,276</b>	<b>1,861</b>	<b>1,771</b>	<b>1,993</b>	<b>2,104</b>	<b>12,374</b>	<b>12,856</b>	<b>15,578</b>	<b>16,236</b>	<b>15,772</b>	

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, "Caseloads of the Courts of Washington," Superior Courts Juvenile Dependency Cases Filed by Type of Case (CY).

TABLE 42

## Contempt Hearings Held in At-Risk Youth (ARY) and Truancy Cases \*

County/Court	ARY Contempt Hearings						Truancy Contempt Hearings**					
	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2009-10 % Change	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2009-10 % Change
Adams	1						2					
Asotin/Garfield												
Benton/Franklin	43	44	68	66	57	-2%	644	321	406	359	385	101%
Chelan	35	27	15	19	17	30%	92	28	96	15	17	229%
Clallam	73	60	97	162	161	22%	303	192	373	680	476	58%
Clark	12	6	2			100%	1	1	1			0%
Columbia/Walla Walla										1		
Cowlitz	54	121	181	228	357	-55%	17	35	194	347	361	-51%
Douglas	44	32	34	21	26	38%	120	52	105	172	179	131%
Ferry/Pend Oreille/Stevens	43	52	39	33	63	-17%	60	19	49	55	54	216%
Grant	42	49	44	21	30	-14%	170	212	223	159	168	-20%
Grays Harbor	247	226	212	172	226	9%	369	366	342	269	355	1%
Island	5	10	4	6	14	-50%	11	17	9	29	17	-35%
Jefferson	17	9	6	1	11	89%	38	25	44	50	56	52%
King	171	158	137	177	320	8%	12		61	176	136	
Kitsap	14	15	9	2	0	-7%	110	93	144	157	153	18%
Kittitas	3	2	4	8	18	50%	4	1	24	17	67	300%
Klickitat			2	2	0		1	3	10	0	4	-67%
Lewis	46	52	40	51	23	-12%	108	27	73	112	84	300%
Lincoln		1		0	0	-100%	2	1	7	11	2	100%
Mason	27	13	15	29	30	108%	190	75	295	370	215	153%
Okanogan	12	1	13	2	7	1100%	128	55	95	93	99	133%
Pacific/Wahkiakum	6	3	7	6	5	100%						
Pierce	197	163	197	205	184	21%	45	63	308	299	336	-29%
San Juan	2		3	4			1	7	14	9	7	-86%
Skagit	80	68	81	48	16	18%		3	53	3	1	-100%
Skamania				0			1		13	15	19	
Snohomish	320	261	337	420	423	23%	438	132	894	829	825	232%
Spokane	211	250	229	231	183	-16%	176	101	215	298	284	74%
Thurston	95	144	135	151	121	-34%	270	153	379	347	337	76%
Whatcom	60	55	72	88	82	9%	105	23	102	116	71	357%
Whitman				2						1		
Yakima	258	266	241	242	328	-3%	82	273	518	404	192	-70%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>2,118</b>	<b>2,088</b>	<b>2,224</b>	<b>2,397</b>	<b>2,702</b>	<b>1%</b>	<b>3,500</b>	<b>2,278</b>	<b>5,047</b>	<b>5,393</b>	<b>4,900</b>	<b>54%</b>

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts; contempt data is based on calendar year docket data--any action that took place during the calendar year related to a petition is included; data last updated February 2012.

The Administrative Office of the Courts makes no representation as to the accuracy and completeness of the data except for court business purposes.

\* Contempt hearings held as reflected in case dockets and reported on SCOMIS (and CAPS for Yakima only) for ARY and Truancy cases.

\*\* Note: In January 2009 the State Court of Appeals published an opinion that had a significant impact on the truancy petition process (and subsequently on significantly reducing truancy contempt filings and admissions to juvenile detention facilities related to a truancy order/proceeding); Bellevue School District v. E.S., 148 Wash. App. 205 (2009); however, on June 9, 2011, the State Supreme Court reversed the Court of Appeals decision.

TABLE 43

**At-Risk Youth (ARY), CHINS & Truancy Filings, Contempt Hearings \*  
and Orders on Contempt by County for 2010**

County	ARY			CHINS			TRUANCY			TOTAL ARY, CHINS & TRUANCY		
	Filings	Contempt Hearings	Order on Contempt	Filings	Contempt Hearings	Order on Contempt	Filings	Contempt Hearings	Order on Contempt	Filings	Contempt Hearings	Orders on Contempt
Adams	1	1	1	1			40	2	2	42	3	3
Asotin	3						7		2	10	0	2
Benton	45	34	61				431	298	390	476	332	451
Chelan	46	35	47	7			158	92	91	211	127	138
Clallam	80	73	83	4			334	303	324	418	376	407
Clark	17	12	10	12			729	1	1	758	13	11
Columbia				1			3			4	0	0
Cowlitz	39	54	55	6			443	17	10	488	71	65
Douglas	26	44	31				94	120	102	120	164	133
Ferry							2		2	2	0	2
Franklin	10	9	11				455	346	348	465	355	359
Garfield										0	0	0
Grant	20	42	45	4	2	2	108	170	179	132	214	226
Grays Harbor	116	247	247	2			262	369	378	380	616	625
Island	12	5	17				341	11		353	16	17
Jefferson	10	17	10	1			36	38	41	47	55	51
King	277	171	290	58	6	8	1,614	12	48	1,949	189	346
Kitsap	13	14	12	1			277	110	96	291	124	108
Kittitas	7	3	3	2			13	4	2	22	7	5
Klickitat	1		3	2			16	1	3	19	1	6
Lewis	27	46	51				146	108	113	173	154	164
Lincoln	2			1			13	2	2	16	2	2
Mason	19	27	38	4			96	190	224	119	217	262
Okanogan	6	12	9				127	128	145	133	140	154
Pacific	13	6	9	7			22			42	6	9
Pend Oreille	21	16	40	16	6	12	26	18	17	63	40	69
Pierce	141	197	194	5			989	45	46	1,135	242	240
San Juan	3	2	1	1			4	1		8	3	1
Skagit	69	80	66	4			576			649	80	66
Skamania	2			1			3	1	1	6	1	1
Snohomish	234	320	474	13			2,160	438	415	2,407	758	889
Spokane	244	211	268	55	8	10	1,700	176	182	1,999	395	460
Stevens	24	27	27	5			37	42	61	66	69	88
Thurston	138	95	106	18			347	270	312	503	365	418
Wahkiakum	3			2						5	0	0
Walla Walla	11			1			117			129	0	0
Whatcom	43	60	59	7	4	5	226	105	99	276	169	163
Whitman	2		1	2			27			31	0	1
Yakima	136	258	104	3			395	82	23	534	340	127
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,861</b>	<b>2,118</b>	<b>2,373</b>	<b>246</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>12,374</b>	<b>3,500</b>	<b>3,659</b>	<b>14,481</b>	<b>5,644</b>	<b>6,069</b>

Sources: Administrative Office of the Courts, "Caseloads of the Courts of Washington," Superior Courts Juvenile Dependency Cases Filed by Type of Case; and Administrative Office of the Courts, February 2012 -- contempt data is based on docket data --any action that took place during the calendar year related to a petition is included.

\* Contempt hearings held as reflected in case dockets and reported on SCOMIS (and CAPS for Yakima only) for ARY, Truancy, and CHINS cases.

Variances in reporting practices to SCOMIS by individual courts and generic coding options may account for inconsistencies between the number of cases with contempt hearings and the number of contempt orders.

The Administrative Office of the Courts makes no representation as to the accuracy and completeness of the data except for court business purposes.

TABLE 44-A

**At-Risk Youth (ARY), CHINS & Truancy -- Cases Filed, Contempt Hearings and Orders on Contempt by RACE/ETHNICITY for 2010**

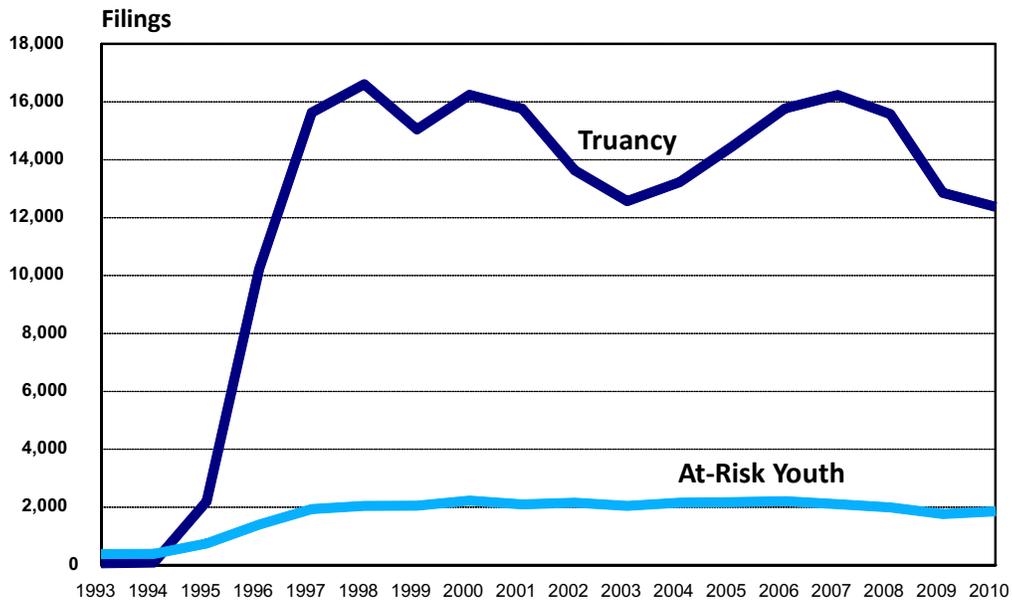
	American Indian or Alaskan Native, Non-Hispanic	Asian or Pacific Islander, Non-Hispanic	Black, Non-Hispanic	White, Non-Hispanic	Hispanic (of any race)	Unknown	TOTAL
<b>CHINS</b>							
Filings	10	6	34	158	17	21	246
Contempt Hearings			2	18	3	3	26
Order on Contempt	1		2	23	6	5	37
<b>ARY</b>							
Filings	65	46	150	1,214	273	113	1,861
Contempt Hearings	71	34	163	1,462	286	102	2,118
Order on Contempt	74	54	211	1,673	275	86	2,373
<b>TRUANCY</b>							
Filings	642	525	898	6,755	2,210	1,344	12,374
Contempt Hearings	270	84	146	1,889	891	220	3,500
Order on Contempt	270	91	159	2,010	910	219	3,659

TABLE 44-B

**At-Risk Youth (ARY), CHINS & Truancy -- Cases Filed, Contempt Hearings and Orders on Contempt by GENDER for 2010**

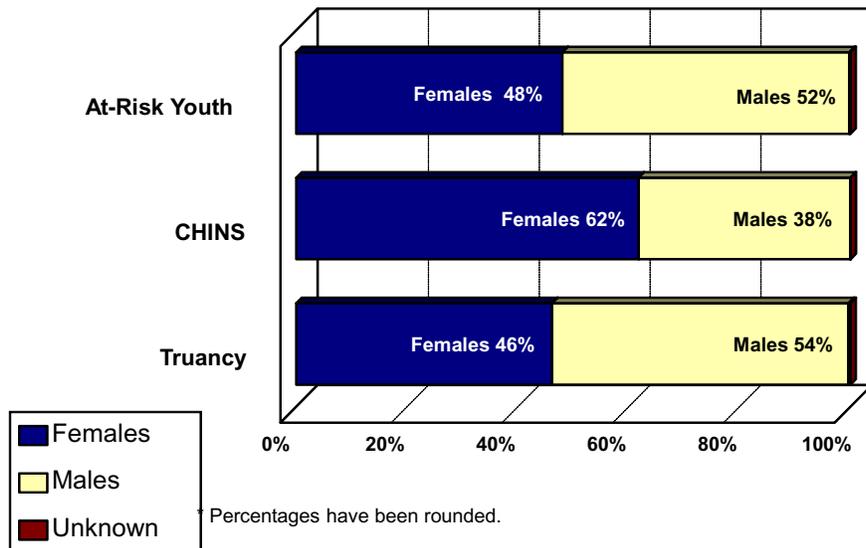
	Female	% Female	Male	% Male	Unknown	% Unknown	TOTAL
<b>CHINS</b>							
Filings	152	61.8%	94	38.2%		0.0%	246
Contempt Hearings	13	50.0%	13	50.0%		0.0%	26
Order on Contempt	17	45.9%	20	54.1%		0.0%	37
<b>ARY</b>							
Filings	894	48.0%	963	51.7%	4	0.2%	1,861
Contempt Hearings	950	44.9%	1,168	55.1%		0.0%	2,118
Order on Contempt	1,043	44.0%	1,330	56.0%		0.0%	2,373
<b>TRUANCY</b>							
Filings	5,715	46.2%	6,616	53.5%	43	0.3%	12,374
Contempt Hearings	1,557	44.5%	1,936	55.3%	7	0.2%	3,500
Order on Contempt	1,599	43.7%	2,053	56.1%	7	0.2%	3,659

**Graph 16**  
**At-Risk Youth (ARY) and Truancy Cases Filed**  
**1993 - 2010**



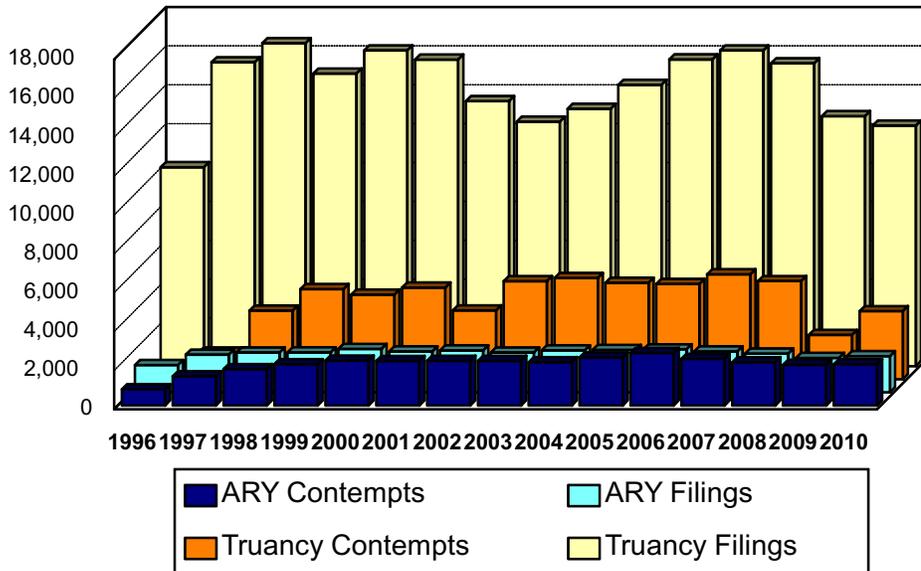
Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, "Caseloads of the Courts of Washington," Superior Courts Juvenile Dependency Cases Filed by Type of Case, annual reports.

**Graph 17**  
**Percentage of ARY, CHINS & Truancy Cases**  
**Filed by Gender for 2010**



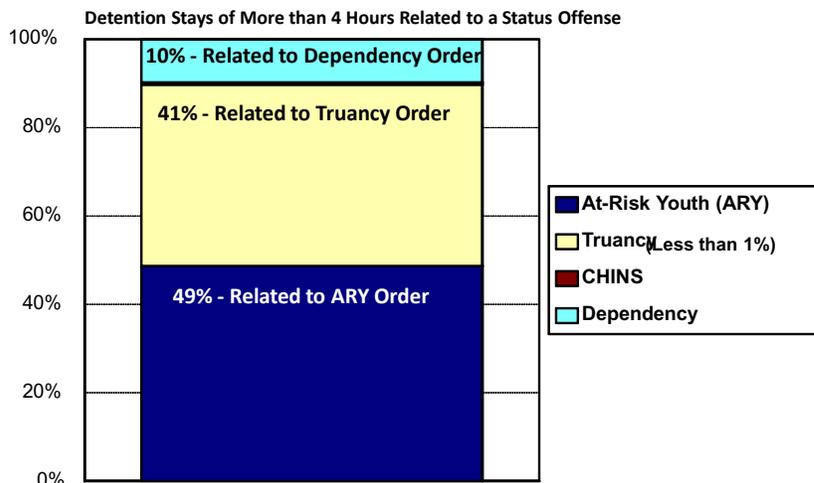
Data Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, February 2012.

**Graph 18**  
**Filings and Contempt Hearings\* in**  
**At-Risk Youth (ARY) and Truancy Cases**  
**1996 - 2010**



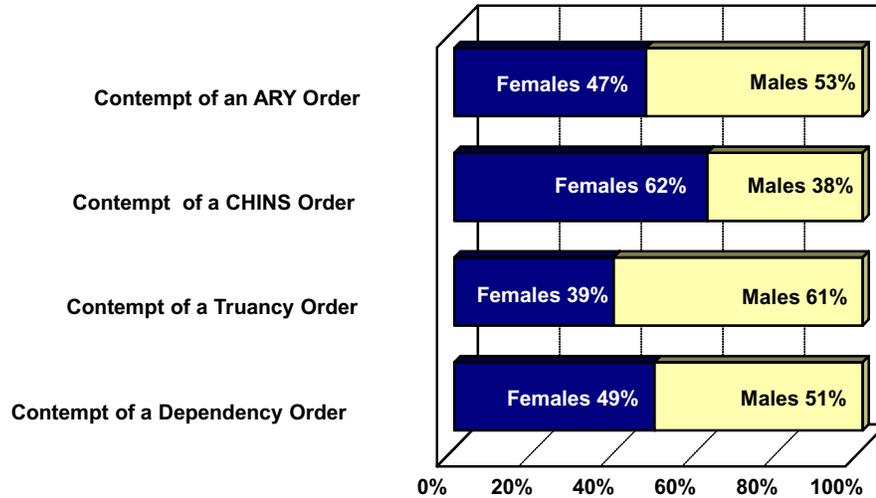
\* Contempt Hearings held as reflected in case dockets and reported on SCOMIS; Pierce County Juvenile Court provided 2002 contempt data for Pierce County.  
 Source: Administrative Office of the Courts; the AOC makes no representation as to the accuracy and completeness of the data except for court business purposes; most recent update February 2012.

**Table 19**  
**Admissions to Juvenile Detention Facilities**  
**Statewide Related to a Status Offense in 2010 (by**  
**Type of Status Offense)**



Graph 20

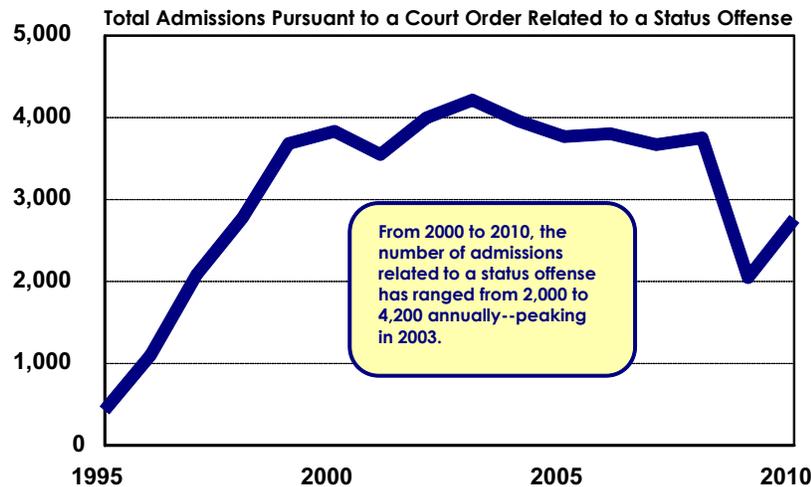
### Admissions to Juvenile Detention Facilities Related to a Status Offense by Gender in 2010



Data Source: County detention data sources (including King and Martin Hall) and Administrative Office of the Courts (JCS); the AOC makes no representation as to the accuracy and completeness of the data except for court business purposes.

Graph 21

### Admissions to Juvenile Detention Facilities Related to a Status Offense from 1995 to 2010 \*



\* An admission to a juvenile detention facility with a duration (stay) of more than four hours; does not include juveniles detained in detention facilities related only to a minor in possession charge.

Sources: Administrative Office of the Courts and county detention data sources; 2005 data may not be complete and comparable to prior years data due to conversion to the new JCS application; 2006 -2010 data obtained from JCS system.

## Juvenile Arrests

Arrest data contained in the following pages summarize juvenile arrest data that was provided to the Office of Juvenile Justice by the WUCR Program, which is administered by the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs. These data were compiled from monthly UCR submissions to the WUCR Program by individual law enforcement agencies; data collection follows the FBI guidelines and standards.

The national Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program has been redesigned, and since December 2006 Washington State has been converting to this new data collection system – known as the National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS). By the end of 2012, it is anticipated that Washington State will be providing NIBRS crime statistics rather than UCR summary data for all reporting agencies – NIBRS provides more comprehensive data for reports and analysis.

The 2010 data provided in the following tables and summarized in this narrative include both summary UCR and NIBRS data reported by individual agencies to the WUCR Program.

Staff of the Washington State Partnership Council on Juvenile Justice (WA-PCJJ) provided the analysis and summary of the juvenile arrest data set.

Arrests shown on the following tables actually underreport the number of juveniles arrested; these numbers have not been adjusted by subtracting the population of police jurisdictions that did not report arrest data to UCR. The figures of arrests do not represent every juvenile arrest made during the year, but reflect the information that was reported by the arresting agencies. Please note that juvenile arrest data provided in WA-PCJJ reports do not include runaways or curfew violators reported to the WUCR by individual agencies.

Available reports for 2010 represented approximately 87 percent of the state's juvenile population, a decline in the reporting population percentage from 2009, when approximately 92 percent of the state's juvenile population was represented. (The conversion from the UCR summary data system to the NIBRS reporting system may have contributed to the number of agencies that did not report in 2010.) From 1998 through 2009 the percentage of the population repre-

sented had remained fairly consistent, with 90 to 96 percent of the population represented.

Rates for the various categories of offenses are based on the population of juveniles age 10 through 17. There were 25,772 juvenile arrests reported in 2010. This figure represents an arrest rate of 36.2 for every thousand juveniles in the state age 10 through 17, a decrease from the 2008 rate of 41.0. The 2010 juvenile arrest rate is the lowest reported for Washington State since prior to 1982. There was a 47 percent decrease in the rate per 1,000 juveniles age 10-17 from 2000 to 2010.

From 1985 to 1988, the arrest rate for juveniles age 10-17 remained fairly steady at approximately 90 per 1,000. The rate decreased in the 1989-1990 period to about 86 per 1,000, and for the years, 1991-1992, the rates were approximately 92 per 1,000. The juvenile arrest rate for 1993 was 90.1, and increased to a high of 94.9 in 1994.

Arrest data for 2010 include 114 arrests of youth under the age of 10 (representing less than one percent of the total juvenile arrests). This is a decrease from the number of arrests of youth under the age of 10 years in 2009 (151 arrests), and there has been an 80 percent decrease from 2000 to 2010 in the number of juveniles under the age of 10 arrested (there were 558 juveniles under the age of 10 arrested in 2000).

### Comparing Juvenile and Adult Arrests

When comparing arrests for adults and juveniles in Washington State in 2010, juveniles comprised approximately 11 percent of the total number of arrests statewide, a reduction from 12 percent of the total number of arrests in 2009. Adults continue to represent a significantly larger proportion of the arrests for drug and alcohol offenses (91 percent) than juveniles (9 percent of the total arrests in 2010).

Approximately 21 percent of property offense arrests were juvenile arrests in 2010 (a decrease from 23 percent in 2009), and approximately 16 percent of violent crime arrests in 2010 were juvenile arrests, compared to 17 percent of total arrests in 2009.

### Juvenile Violent Crime Arrests

There was a decrease in the juvenile arrest rate for violent offenses from 2009 to 2010. The rate

of arrests for violent offenses was 1.8 per 1,000 juveniles age 10-17 in 2010, a decrease from the rate of 2.1 per 1,000 juveniles age 10-17 in 2008 and 2009. The 2010 rate of 1.8 is the lowest rate reported since prior to 1982. There was a 36 percent decrease in the violent crime arrest rate from 2000 to 2010.

The 1,287 arrests of juveniles for violent crimes in 2010 breakdown as follows:

- 6 arrests for murder or manslaughter.
- 101 arrests for forcible rape.
- 704 arrests for aggravated assault.
- 476 arrests for robbery.

There were decreases in the number of arrests in all four of the above violent offense categories (see also Table 53) from 2009 to 2010. Most significantly, the arrest rate per 1,000 juveniles age 10-17 showed a 67 percent decrease in the juvenile arrest rate for murder or manslaughter from 2009 to 2010.

In 2010, 12 counties had a violent offense rate above the statewide average, while one county (Adams) had a juvenile violent offense rate that was more than two times the statewide average.

### Juvenile Arrests for Other Offenses

The rate of juvenile arrests for property offenses decreased by approximately 14 percent from 2009 to 2010 (from 16.0 per 1,000 youth age 10-17 to 13.7 per 1,000 youth age 10-17). The 2010 rate (13.7) is the lowest reported rate for juvenile property offenses since prior to 1985. The rate of arrests for property offenses decreased by 54 percent from 2000 to 2010.

Larceny – theft has continued to represent the offense for which youth were most often arrested (22.5 percent of the total juvenile arrests in 2010). Larceny arrests comprised approximately 60 percent of the property offenses in 2009 and in 2010. Approximately 19 percent of the arrests for property offenses were for vandalism, and 13 percent were for burglary in 2010.

In 2010, the rate of juvenile arrests for drug and alcohol offenses was 8.1 per 1,000 juveniles age 10-17. This represents a decrease (11 percent) in the rate from 2009 to 2010. The 2010 rate is a 39.6 percent decrease from the 2000 rate of 13.4 per 1,000 juvenile age 10-17. This is the lowest reported rate for juvenile drug and alcohol offenses since prior to 1982.

Within the drug and alcohol offense category, in 2010 drug offenses comprised approximately 50 percent and alcohol offenses comprised 50 percent of all juvenile drug and alcohol arrests. The majority of all juvenile arrests for drug offenses were for “possession” (approximately 84 percent in 2010).

### Juvenile Arrests by County

*Note: The arrest rates for counties with very small juvenile populations (such as Columbia, Garfield, and Wahkiakum) may be distorted, because a few arrests can change the rates dramatically.*

When the 39 counties are ranked by juvenile arrest rates in 2010, the five largest counties rank: King (36th); Pierce (23rd); Snohomish (26th), Clark (19th) and Spokane (17th). Note: There was significant under-reporting by law enforcement within King County in 2010 (a significant percentage—approximately 40% in 2010—of the population within the county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported.

In 2010, there were 14 counties with juvenile populations age 10-17 over 5,000, with an arrest rate above the statewide average of 36.2 per 1,000 juveniles age 10-17: Benton, Chelan, Clark, Cowlitz, Franklin, Grant, Grays Harbor, Lewis, Mason, Skagit, Spokane, Walla Walla, Whatcom, and Yakima.

In 2010, three counties (Adams, Benton, and Franklin) had a juvenile arrest rate that was two times (or higher) than the statewide average per 1,000 youth age 10-17 for total arrests. Five counties (Benton, Jefferson, Lincoln, Okanogan, and Whatcom) had an arrest rate that was more than twice the statewide average for arrests for drug and alcohol offenses in 2010, and one county (Adams) had a juvenile violent offense arrest rate that was more than two times the statewide average. Three counties had juvenile arrest rates that were more than twice the statewide average for property offenses: Adams, Benton, and Skagit; and the following five counties had an arrest rate that was more than twice the statewide average for “all other offenses”: Adams, Asotin, Benton, Cowlitz and Franklin.

### Juvenile Arrests by Race

The racial distribution of total juvenile arrests for 2010 follows: 83.9 percent were White, 10.6 percent were Black, 2.8 percent were Native American, and 2.6 percent were Asian youth. Race proportions include persons of Hispanic origin. In 2000, 84.4 percent were White, 9.2 percent were Black, 3.4 percent were American Indian and 3.1 percent were Asian youth. There was a 15 percent increase in the percentage of arrests for Black youth from 2000 to 2010, while there was less than a one percent decrease for White youth, an 17.6 percent decrease for Native American youth, and a 16.1 percent decrease for Asian youth.

According to the “Easy Access to Juvenile Populations” data set, 87 percent of youth age 10-17 of Hispanic ethnicity in 2010 were reported in the White race category.

Arrest rates for violent offenses by race in 2010 show the following:

	White	Black	American Indian	Asian & Pacific Is.
% of Population Age 10-17	81.9	6.3	3.0	8.8
% of Arrests	83.9	10.6	2.8	2.6
Homocide/Manslaughter	50.0	50.0	0	0
Rape	84.1	11.9	3.0	1.0
Robbery	51.9	40.9	3.6	3.6
Aggravated Assault	80.2	13.8	4.0	2.0

### Juvenile Arrests by Gender

In 2010, females accounted for 30.5 percent of the total juvenile arrests, a slight increase(1.6 percent) from 30.0 percent of total juvenile arrests in 2009. From 2000 to 2010, the percentage of total arrests increased by approximately 11 percent for girls, while in comparison the percentage of total arrests for boys decreased by 4 percent. The percentage of total juvenile arrests by females has ranged from 27.5 to 30.5 percent annually from 2000 to 2010.

During 2009 females accounted for approximately:

- 31 percent of all juvenile arrests.
- 28 percent of all juvenile arrests for drug and alcohol offenses
- 33 percent of all juvenile arrests for property offenses

- 18 percent of all juvenile arrests for violent offenses
- 31 percent of all juvenile arrests for “all other” offenses

Girls accounted for 33 percent of the juvenile arrests for property offenses in 2010, a slight increase from 32 percent of the juvenile arrests for property offenses in 2009. Girls represented approximately 45 percent of all juvenile arrests for larceny (theft) in 2010.

Girls accounted for 28.4 percent of the total juvenile arrests for drug and alcohol offenses in 2010, little change from 28.9 percent in 2009. Also, there was little change in the percentage of total arrests for “all other offenses” for females from 2009 to 2010 (from 30.4 to 30.6 percent of total juvenile arrests). The percentage of total juvenile arrests for violent crimes by girls increased by 11 percent from 2009 to 2010 (from 16.4 to 18.2 percent of total juvenile violent crimes).

In 2010, girls represented approximately: 38 percent of the arrests for “other assaults”; 45 percent of the juvenile arrests for larceny-theft; 83 percent of the total juvenile arrests for prostitution and commercial vice; 30 percent of the total juvenile arrests for disorderly conduct; and 36 percent of juvenile arrests for liquor law violations.

Thus, while the total number of juvenile arrests for committing crimes has decreased substantially over the past ten years (from 47,763 in 2000 to 25,772 arrests in 2010—a 46 percent decrease in the number of arrests), the female juvenile arrest trend differs from the male trend (the number of juvenile arrests for boys decreased by 48 percent from 2000 to 2010, compared to a 40 percent decrease for girls).

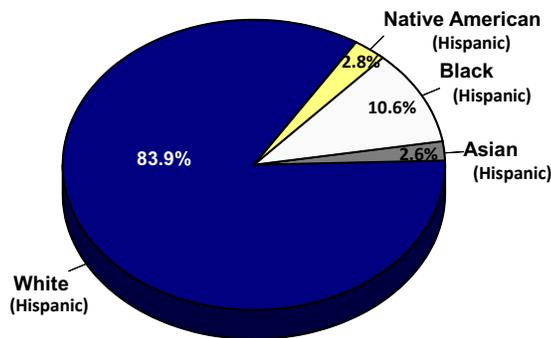
This is consistent with the national trend in the rise in the proportion of females entering the juvenile justice system—“According to data from the Federal Bureau of Investigation, from 1991 to 2000, arrests of girls increased more (or decreased less) than arrests of boys for most types of offenses. By 2004, girls accounted for 30 percent of all juvenile arrests. However, questions remain about whether these trends reflect an actual in-

<sup>1</sup>Ojdp Girls Study Group Series Bulletin, **Understanding and Responding to Girls' Delinquency**, April 2010, U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Justice Programs, Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention.

crease in girls' delinquency or changes in societal responses to girls' behavior. To find answers to these questions, the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention convened the Girls Study Group to establish a theoretical and empirical foundation to guide the development, testing, and

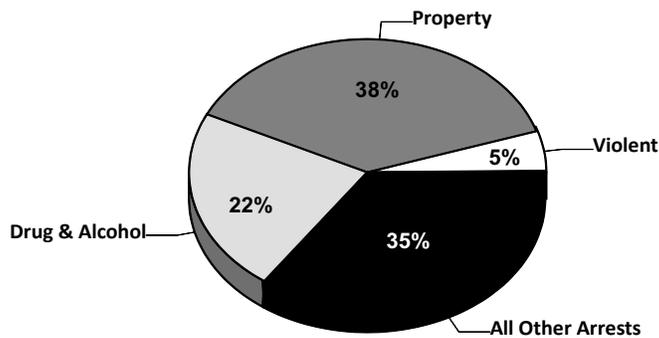
dissemination of strategies to reduce or prevent girls' involvement in delinquency and violence." An October 2008 OJJDP bulletin on findings from the Girls Study Group indicates that arrest laws and changes in law enforcement policy appear to have had more of an impact on arrest rates than changes in girls' behavior.

Graph 22  
**2010 Juvenile Arrests by Race \***

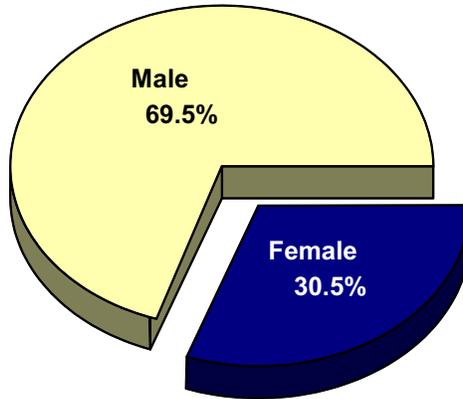


\* Note: Race proportions include youth of Hispanic origin. Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race; however, typically in UCR they are included in the White race category.

Graph 23  
**2010 Juvenile Arrests by Type of Offense**

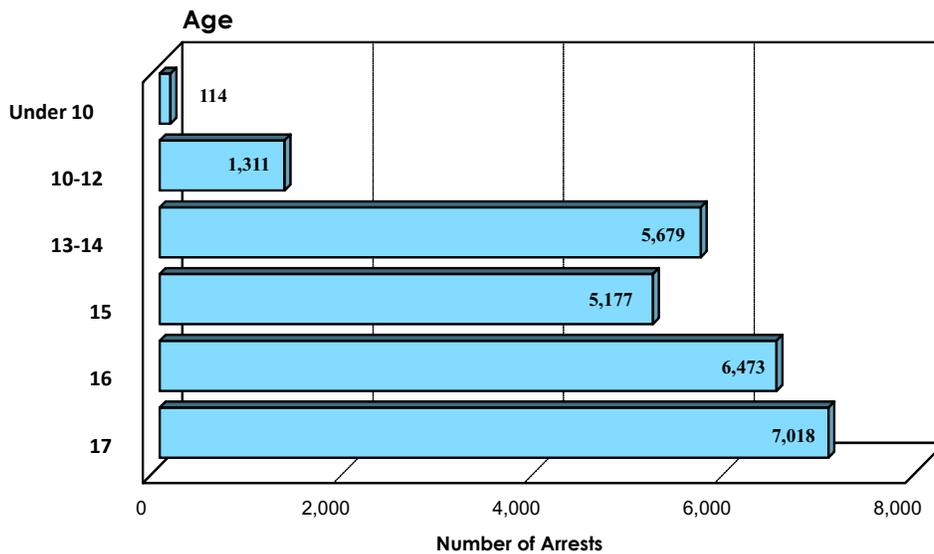


Graph 24  
2010 Juvenile Arrests by Gender

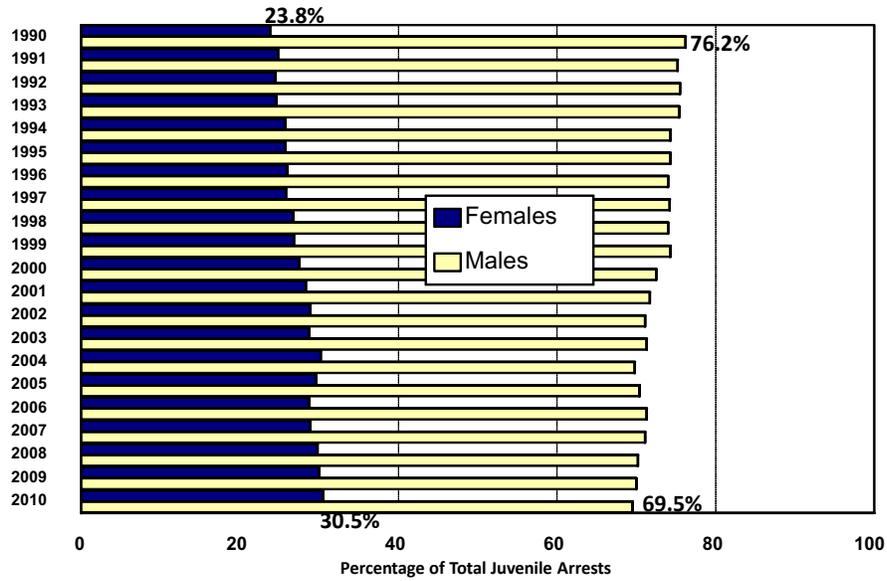


Juvenile arrest data source: Compiled from data provided by WASPC, June 2011 (data submitted to the WUCR Program and NIBRS System); runaways taken into protective custody and curfew-loitering violators reported to UCR are not included in the arrest totals.

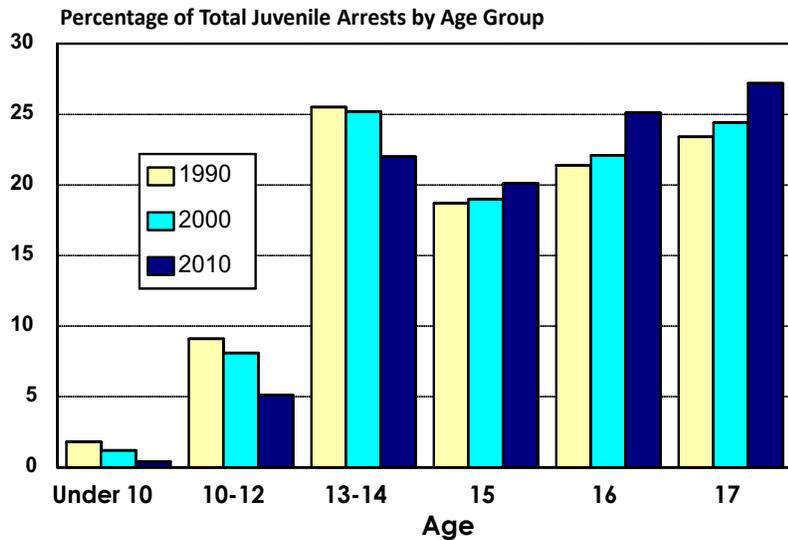
Graph 25  
2010 Juvenile Arrests By Age of Offender



**Graph 26**  
**1990 - 2010 Juvenile Arrests by Gender**



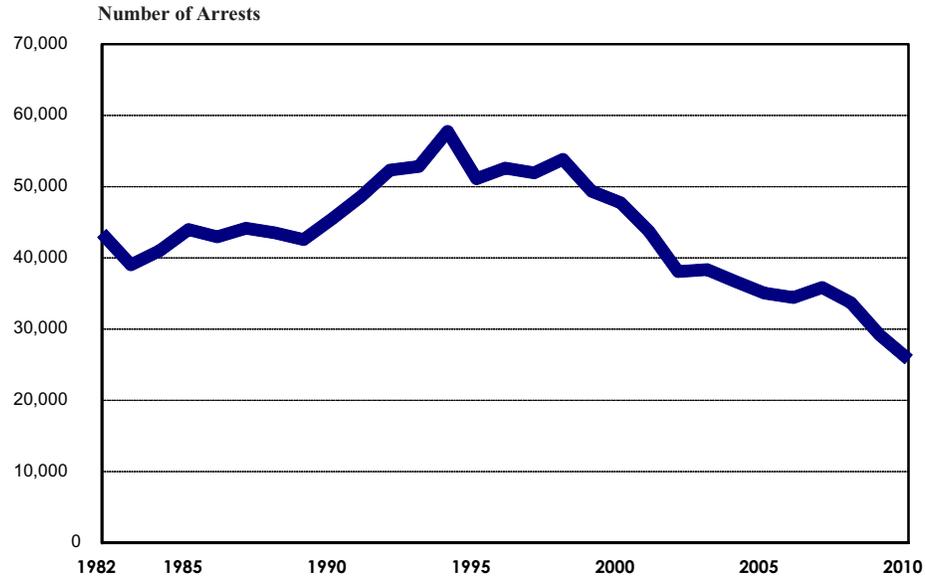
**Graph 27**  
**Juvenile Arrests by Age 1990 - 2010**



Juvenile arrest data source: Compiled from data provided by WASPC, June 2011 (data submitted to the WUCR Program and NIBRS System); runaways taken into protective custody and curfew-loitering violators reported to UCR are not included in the arrest totals.

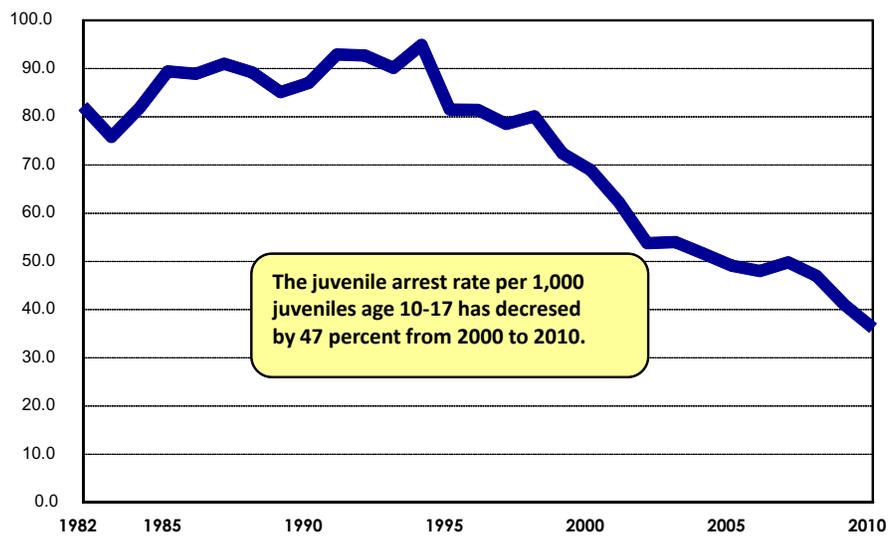
Graph 28  
**Juvenile Arrests 1982-2010\***

**TOTAL ARRESTS**



\* Arrest data include juveniles under the age of 10; data do not include runaways and curfew-loitering violators reported to WUCR. Data source: WUCR and NIBRS, Washington Association of Sheriffs & Police Chiefs.

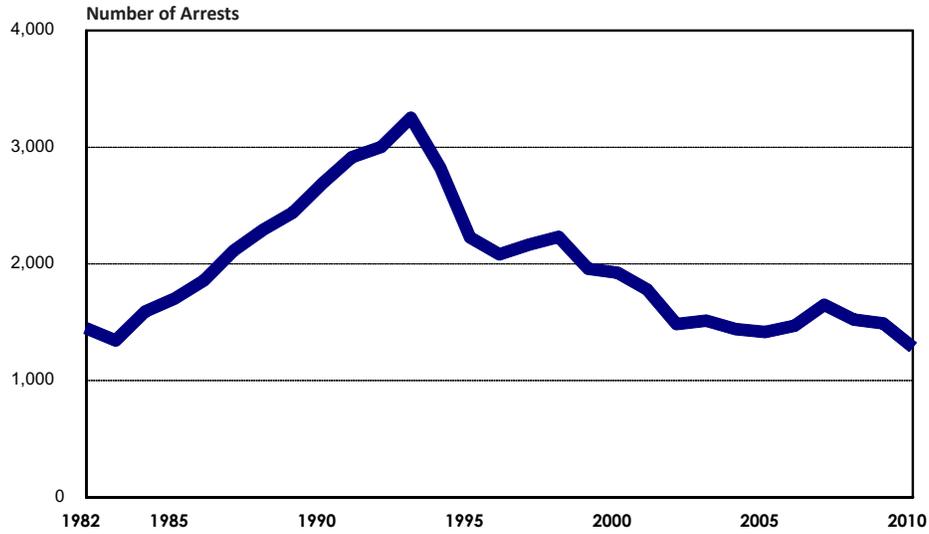
Graph 29  
**Total Arrest Rate Per 1,000 Juveniles  
 Age 10-17\***



\* Arrest data include juveniles under the age of 10; data do not include runaways and curfew-loitering violators reported to WUCR. Data source: WUCR and NIBRS, Washington Association of Sheriffs & Police Chiefs.

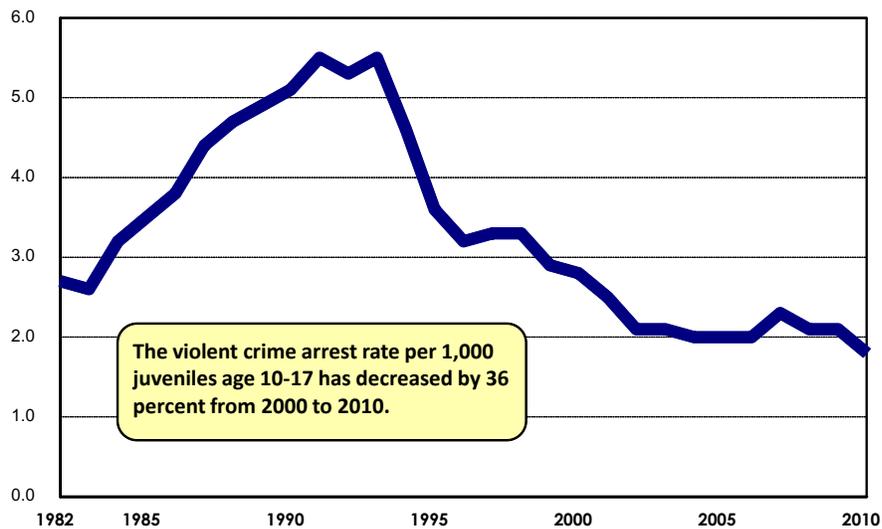
Graph 30  
**Juvenile Arrests 1982-2010 \***

**VIOLENT CRIME ARRESTS**



\* Arrest data include juveniles under the age of 10.

Graph 31  
**Violent Crime Arrest Rate Per 1,000 Juveniles  
 Age 10-17\***

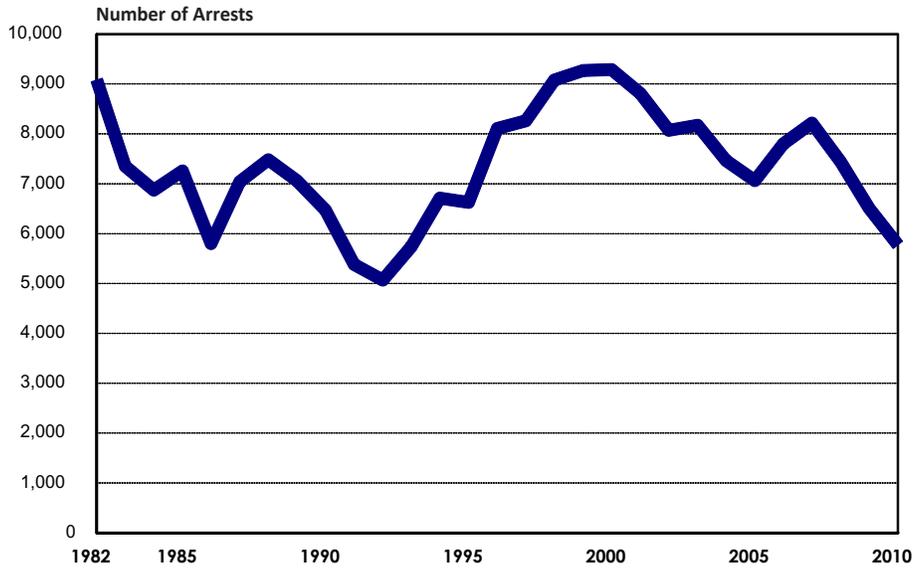


\* Arrest data include juveniles under the age of 10.

Graph 32

Juvenile Arrests 1982-2010\*

**DRUG AND ALCOHOL OFFENSE ARRESTS**

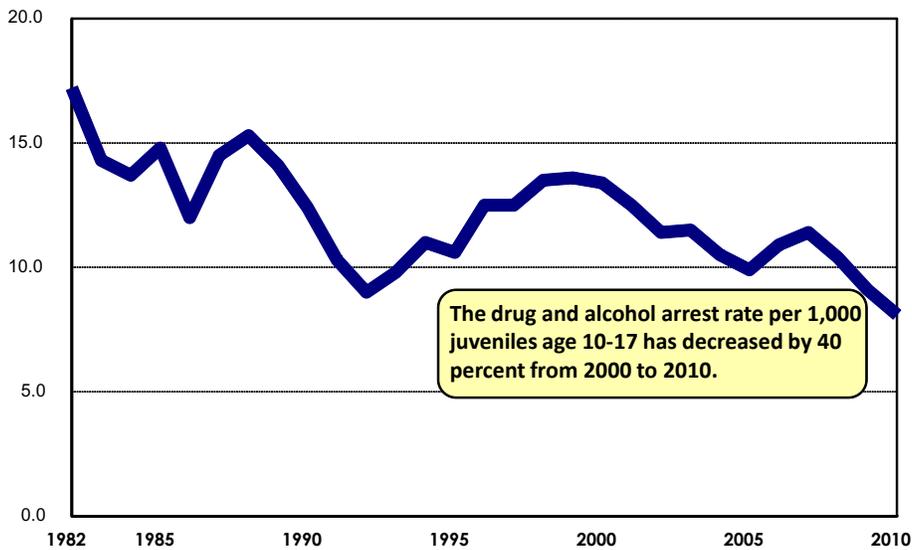


\* Arrest data include juveniles under the age of 10.

Graph 33

Drug and Alcohol Arrest Rate Per 1,000 Juveniles

Age 10-17\*



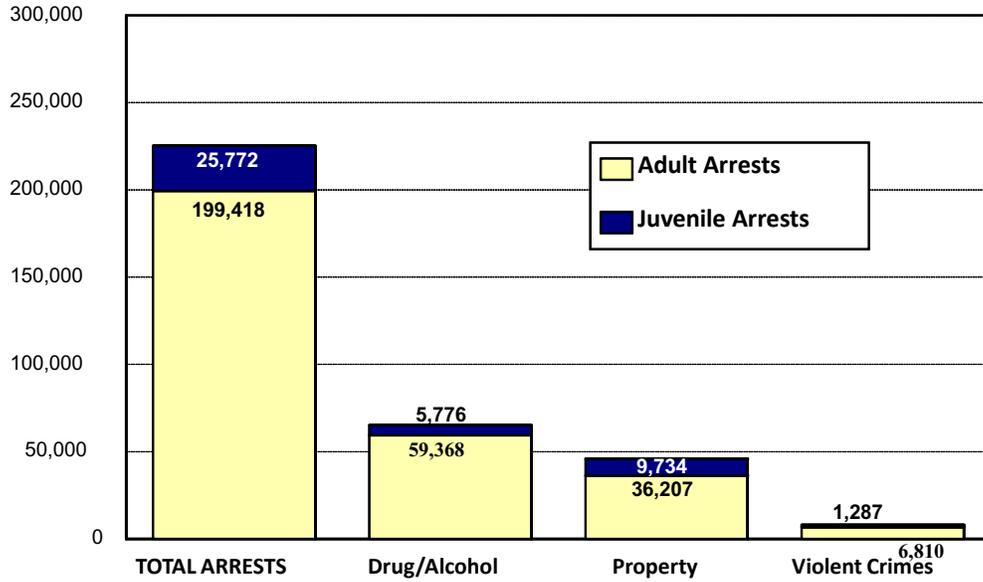
The drug and alcohol arrest rate per 1,000 juveniles age 10-17 has decreased by 40 percent from 2000 to 2010.

\* Arrest data include juveniles under the age of 10.

Graph 34

### Juvenile and Adult Arrests - 2010

#### NUMBER OF ARRESTS BY TYPE OF OFFENSE

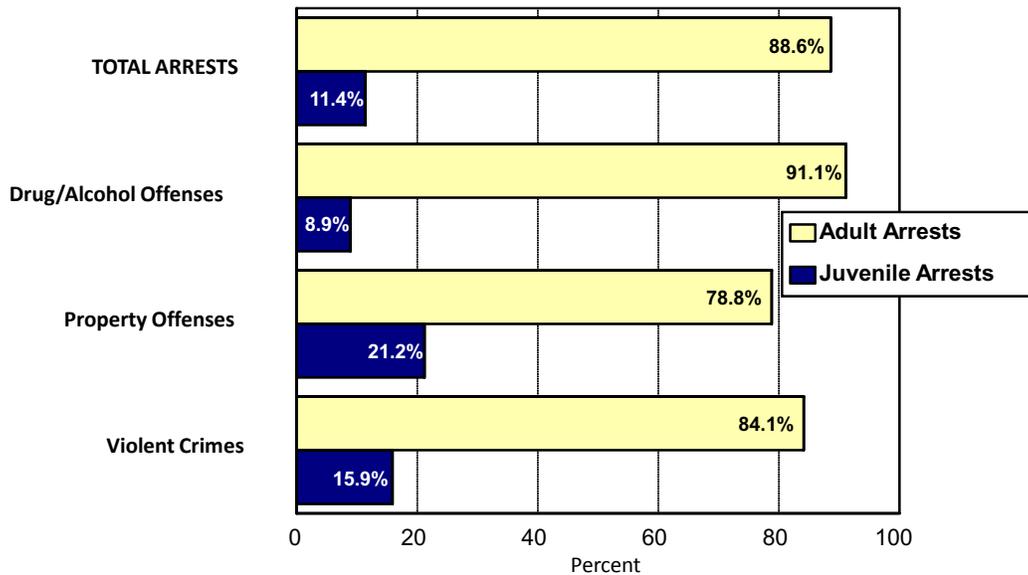


Juvenile arrest data source: Compiled from data provided by WASPC, WUCR and NIBRS, June 2011; runaways taken into protective custody and curfew-loitering violators reported to UCR are not included in the juvenile arrest totals.

Graph 35

### Juvenile and Adult Arrests - 2010

#### PERCENTAGE OF ARRESTS BY TYPE OF OFFENSE



**TABLE 45**  
**Total Juvenile Arrest Rates**  
**1982 - 2010 \***

Year	Juvenile Population Age 10-17	Total Juvenile Arrests*	Rate Per 1,000
2010	711,820	25,772	36.2
2009	712,418	29,187	41.0
2008	717,126	33,736	47.0
2007	720,502	35,865	49.8
2006	717,898	34,432	48.0
2005	713,051	35,046	49.1
2004	710,432	36,667	51.6
2003	710,592	38,365	54.0
2002	708,035	38,073	53.8
2001	702,137	43,714	62.3
2000	693,628	47,763	68.9
1999	681,823	49,357	72.4
1998	672,177	53,827	80.1
1997	661,940	51,940	78.5
1996	646,280	52,592	81.4
1995	627,255	51,120	81.5
1994	609,020	57,773	94.9
1993	586,247	52,831	90.1
1992	564,506	52,314	92.7
1991	523,514	48,639	92.9
1990	523,514	45,535	87.0
1989	500,067	42,575	85.1
1988	487,638	43,511	89.2
1987	485,346	44,149	91.0
1986	483,439	42,963	88.9
1985	491,756	43,982	89.4
1984	501,222	41,007	81.8
1983	514,838	39,035	75.8
1982	528,942	43,445	82.1

\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

TABLE 45 (continued)

## Total Juvenile Arrest Rates 1982 - 2010 \*

Year	VIOLENT OFFENSES**		PROPERTY OFFENSES		DRUG & ALCOHOL OFFENSES	
	Violent Crime Arrests	Rate Per 1,000	Property Arrests	Rate Per 1,000	Drug and Alcohol Arrests	Rate Per 1,000
2010	1,287	1.8	9,734	13.7	5,776	8.1
2009	1,491	2.1	11,376	16.0	6,505	9.1
2008	1,523	2.1	13,608	19.0	7,441	10.4
2007	1,650	2.3	14,320	19.9	8,216	11.4
2006	1,470	2.0	13,476	18.8	7,802	10.9
2005	1,416	2.0	14,187	19.9	7,063	9.9
2004	1,441	2.0	15,008	21.1	7,464	10.5
2003	1,513	2.1	15,711	22.1	8,173	11.5
2002	1,484	2.1	16,005	22.6	8,070	11.4
2001	1,780	2.5	17,914	25.5	8,811	12.5
2000	1,924	2.8	20,628	29.7	9,289	13.4
1999	1,959	2.9	22,037	32.3	9,268	13.6
1998	2,232	3.3	24,692	36.7	9,080	13.5
1997	2,165	3.3	24,533	37.1	8,262	12.5
1996	2,082	3.2	26,234	40.6	8,109	12.5
1995	2,227	3.6	27,104	43.2	6,626	10.6
1994	2,822	4.6	31,221	51.3	6,710	11.0
1993	3,252	5.5	28,194	48.1	5,740	9.8
1992	3,003	5.3	29,485	52.2	5,069	9.0
1991	2,878	5.5	27,274	52.1	5,380	10.3
1990	2,689	5.1	25,115	48.0	6,467	12.4
1989	2,440	4.9	22,646	45.3	7,062	14.1
1988	2,293	4.7	23,419	48.0	7,480	15.3
1987	2,114	4.4	24,491	50.5	7,039	14.5
1986	1,859	3.8	21,904	45.3	5,801	12.0
1985	1,704	3.5	22,451	45.7	7,255	14.8
1984	1,593	3.2	***		6,871	13.7
1983	1,343	2.6	***		7,352	14.3
1982	1,449	2.7	***		9,078	17.2

\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

\*\*Beginning in 1994 the method of accounting for assaults in Seattle P.D. changed.

Prior data included 12 classifications of assaults which are now categorized as "other offenses.

\*\*\* Data not available for 1982-84.

Population data source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age groups," WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division

Juvenile arrests data source: Compiled from data provided by WASPC, WUCR Program, June 2011; runaways taken into protective custody and curfew-loitering law violators reported to UCR are not included in the arrest totals

Note: In 2006, 165 arrests were reported to WUCR as driving under the influence arrests for juveniles "under age 18" these arrests were adult arrests or of unknown age, and therefore are not included in the 2006 juvenile arrest total (and have been added to the adult arrest total for 2006)

**TABLE 46**  
**Juvenile Arrests and Rates by County and by Type of Offense - 2010 \*\***

County	County Population Age 10-17	Violent Crime Arrests	Rate Per 1,000	Property Offense Arrests	Rate Per 1,000	Drug & Alcohol Arrests	Rate Per 1,000	All Other Arrests	Rate Per 1,000	Total All Arrests	Rate Per 1,000
Adams	2,686	11	4.1	87	32.4	34	12.7	103	38.3	235	87.5
Asotin	2,108	2	0.9	29	13.8	24	11.4	68	32.3	123	58.3
Benton	21,512	31	1.4	761	35.4	391	18.2	567	26.4	1,750	81.3
Chelan	8,284	11	1.3	147	17.7	64	7.7	125	15.1	347	41.9
Clallam *	6,228	1	0.2	68	10.9	72	11.6	60	9.6	201	32.3
Clark	52,007	91	1.7	851	16.4	516	9.9	780	15.0	2,238	43.0
Columbia	410	0	0.0	4	9.8	1	2.4	2	4.9	7	17.1
Cowlitz	11,397	29	2.5	299	26.2	125	11.0	336	29.5	789	69.2
Douglas *	4,836	5	1.0	89	18.4	57	11.8	75	15.5	226	46.7
Ferry	734	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	6.8	5	6.8
Franklin	10,718	29	2.7	210	19.6	146	13.6	389	36.3	774	72.2
Garfield	251	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	4.0	5	19.9	6	23.9
Grant	11,729	20	1.7	187	15.9	93	7.9	173	14.7	473	40.3
Grays Harbor	7,323	13	1.8	132	18.0	94	12.8	151	20.6	390	53.3
Island	7,414	7	0.9	83	11.2	51	6.9	72	9.7	213	28.7
Jefferson	2,251	6	2.7	38	16.9	45	20.0	19	8.4	108	48.0
King *	179,913	225	1.3	1,025	5.7	571	3.2	782	4.3	2,603	14.5
Kitsap	26,526	43	1.6	191	7.2	151	5.7	326	12.3	711	26.8
Kittitas	3,410	2	0.6	67	19.6	43	12.6	58	17.0	170	49.9
Klickitat	2,162	2	0.9	35	16.2	14	6.5	29	13.4	80	37.0
Lewis	8,336	18	2.2	130	15.6	97	11.6	150	18.0	395	47.4
Lincoln	1,200	2	1.7	24	20.0	26	21.7	16	13.3	68	56.7
Mason	5,739	11	1.9	63	11.0	48	8.4	129	22.5	251	43.7
Okanogan	4,331	2	0.5	47	10.9	72	16.6	81	18.7	202	46.6
Pacific	1,775	1	0.6	8	4.5	4	2.3	25	14.1	38	21.4
Pend Oreille	1,414	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pierce	88,885	253	2.8	1,184	13.3	613	6.9	1,125	12.7	3,175	35.7
San Juan	1,307	0	0.0	12	9.2	13	9.9	2	1.5	27	20.7
Skagit	12,726	18	1.4	349	27.4	197	15.5	247	19.4	811	63.7
Skamania	1,206	0	0.0	7	5.8	7	5.8	15	12.4	29	24.0
Snohomish	79,725	143	1.8	953	12.0	452	5.7	965	12.1	2,513	31.5
Spokane	49,509	126	2.5	964	19.5	400	8.1	813	16.4	2,303	46.5
Stevens	5,429	1	0.2	36	6.6	22	4.1	46	8.5	105	19.3
Thurston	27,112	42	1.5	340	12.5	233	8.6	264	9.7	879	32.4
Wahkiakum	384	1	2.6	2	5.2	0	0.0	1	2.6	4	10.4
Walla Walla	6,114	12	2.0	114	18.6	70	11.4	104	17.0	300	49.1
Whatcom	19,603	37	1.9	311	15.9	322	16.4	284	14.5	954	48.7
Whitman	2,953	1	0.3	35	11.9	16	5.4	32	10.8	84	28.4
Yakima	32,173	91	2.8	839	26.1	262	8.1	529	16.4	1,721	53.5
State Patrol		0		13		429		22		464	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>711,820</b>	<b>1,287</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>9,734</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>5,776</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>8,975</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>25,772</b>	<b>36.2</b>

\* Significant under-reporting by law enforcement (a significant percentage--over 25%--of the population within the county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported.

\*\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

Population data source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - County Summary, Population by Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic or Latino Origin, 1 Year Age groups," WA State Office of Financial Management, Forecasting Division

Juvenile arrests data source: Compiled from data provided by WASPC, WUCR Program, June 2011; runaways taken into protective custody and curfew-loitering law violators reported to UCR are not included in the arrest totals

**TABLE 47**  
**Total Juvenile Arrests 2006 - 2010\*\***

County	2010	Total Arrests by Year			2006	2006-2010 Number Change	2006-2010 Percentage Change
		2009	2008	2007			
Adams	235	193	220	303	295	-60	-20.3
Asotin	123	164	166	184	142	-19	-13.4
Benton	1,750	1,693	1,792	1,980	1,742	8	0.5
Chelan	347	429	578	563	579	-232	-40.1
Clallam *	201	409	564	478	611	-410	-67.1
Clark	2,238	2,347	2,592	2,681	2,696	-458	-17.0
Columbia	7	24	20	24	27	-20	-74.1
Cowlitz	789	872	1,105	1,148	1,085	-296	-27.3
Douglas *	226	317	275	356	321	-95	-29.6
Ferry	5	12	12	6	14	-9	-64.3
Franklin	774	787	852	817	677	97	14.3
Garfield	6	24	32	17	18	-12	-66.7
Grant	473	494	535	491	503	-30	-6.0
Grays Harbor	390	397	486	508	506	-116	-22.9
Island	213	228	247	259	235	-22	-9.4
Jefferson	108	97	150	169	171	-63	-36.8
King *	2,603	3,745	4,945	6,758	6,190	-3,587	-57.9
Kitsap	711	815	852	908	909	-198	-21.8
Kittitas	170	219	298	188	194	-24	-12.4
Klickitat	80	100	134	149	183	-103	-56.3
Lewis	395	391	389	466	416	-21	-5.0
Lincoln	68	62	37	59	29	39	134.5
Mason	251	264	391	470	397	-146	-36.8
Okanogan	202	206	209	322	379	-177	-46.7
Pacific	38	58	59	47	79	-41	-51.9
Pend Oreille	0	1	20	15	33	-33	-100.0
Pierce	3,175	3,645	4,169	4,019	3,992	-817	-20.5
San Juan	27	46	29	42	37	-10	-27.0
Skagit	811	835	1,006	1,123	995	-184	-18.5
Skamania	29	35	16	24	16	13	81.3
Snohomish	2,513	3,195	3,268	3,525	3,382	-869	-25.7
Spokane	2,303	2,330	2,837	1,041	1,098	1,205	109.7
Stevens	105	162	154	185	196	-91	-46.4
Thurston	879	794	878	1,146	1,276	-397	-31.1
Wahkiakum	4	4	0	5	3	1	33.3
Walla Walla	300	279	308	333	311	-11	-3.5
Whatcom	954	1,057	1,120	1,319	1,073	-119	-11.1
Whitman	84	119	134	174	157	-73	-46.5
Yakima	1,721	1,756	2,148	2,690	2,649	-928	-35.0
State Patrol	464	582	709	873	816	-352	-43.1
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>25,772</b>	<b>29,187</b>	<b>33,736</b>	<b>35,865</b>	<b>34,432</b>	<b>-8,660</b>	<b>-25.2</b>

\* Significant under-reporting by law enforcement in 2010 (a significant percentage--over 25%--of the population within the county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported.

\*\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

Juvenile arrests data source: Compiled from data provided by WASPC, WUCR Program, June 2010; runaways taken into protective custody and curfew-loitering law violators reported to UCR are not included in the arrest totals.

Note: The Spokane Police Department did not report juvenile arrests to WUCR from 2002 through 2007.

**TABLE 48**  
**Juvenile Arrest Rates by County 2006 - 2010\*\***

County	County Population Age 10-17	2010 Total All Arrests	2010 Rate Per 1,000	2009 Total All Arrests	2009 Rate Per 1,000	2008 Rate Per 1,000	2007 Rate Per 1,000	2006 Rate Per 1,000	Rate Change 2006-2010
Adams	2,686	235	87.5	193	79.1	89.5	122.2	119.3	-31.8
Asotin	2,108	123	58.3	164	73.4	73.1	79.6	61.1	-2.7
Benton	21,512	1,750	81.3	1,693	78.7	83.7	92.2	81.1	0.2
Chelan	8,284	347	41.9	429	49.8	66.3	64.1	66.0	-24.1
Clallam *	6,228	201	32.3	409	60.4	81.8	68.3	86.8	-54.5
Clark	52,007	2,238	43.0	2,347	47.1	51.9	53.9	54.9	-11.9
Columbia	410	7	17.1	24	55.0	44.9	52.7	58.3	-41.3
Cowlitz	11,397	789	69.2	872	78.3	97.9	100.8	94.8	-25.6
Douglas *	4,836	226	46.7	317	68.2	59.0	76.2	68.9	-22.2
Ferry	734	5	6.8	12	11.9	11.8	5.9	13.6	-6.8
Franklin	10,718	774	72.2	787	80.0	88.1	86.3	74.1	-1.8
Garfield	251	6	23.9	24	81.4	104.1	53.0	54.2	-30.3
Grant	11,729	473	40.3	494	43.7	47.2	43.5	45.0	-4.7
Grays Harbor	7,323	390	53.3	397	49.5	59.6	61.0	60.2	-7.0
Island	7,414	213	28.7	228	27.4	29.5	30.6	27.7	1.0
Jefferson	2,251	108	48.0	97	37.4	57.0	63.1	63.7	-15.7
King *	179,913	2,603	14.5	3,745	21.6	28.3	38.4	35.2	-20.7
Kitsap	26,526	711	26.8	815	29.0	29.9	31.5	31.2	-4.4
Kittitas	3,410	170	49.9	219	63.2	85.0	54.0	56.1	-6.3
Klickitat	2,162	80	37.0	100	40.9	54.1	59.5	72.3	-35.3
Lewis	8,336	395	47.4	391	44.0	43.2	51.0	45.6	1.7
Lincoln	1,200	68	56.7	62	51.9	30.5	48.0	23.4	33.2
Mason	5,739	251	43.7	264	44.7	65.4	79.2	67.7	-24.0
Okanogan	4,331	202	46.6	206	41.3	41.5	63.0	73.1	-26.4
Pacific	1,775	38	21.4	58	26.7	26.5	20.8	34.5	-13.1
Pend Oreille	1,414	0	0.0	1	0.6	12.4	9.2	20.5	-20.5
Pierce	88,885	3,175	35.7	3,645	39.8	45.1	43.4	43.5	-7.7
San Juan	1,307	27	20.7	46	31.8	19.9	28.5	24.9	-4.3
Skagit	12,726	811	63.7	835	62.8	75.0	83.6	74.4	-10.7
Skamania	1,206	29	24.0	35	26.9	12.2	17.9	11.9	12.2
Snohomish	79,725	2,513	31.5	3,195	40.0	40.7	43.7	42.2	-10.7
Spokane	49,509	2,303	46.5	2,330	46.1	55.8	20.4	21.6	25.0
Stevens	5,429	105	19.3	162	27.6	25.9	31.0	33.1	-13.7
Thurston	27,112	879	32.4	794	28.8	31.9	42.0	47.6	-15.1
Wahkiakum	384	4	10.4	4	9.0	0.0	11.1	6.7	3.7
Walla Walla	6,114	300	49.1	279	45.3	49.4	52.6	48.7	0.3
Whatcom	19,603	954	48.7	1,057	54.4	57.1	66.7	54.7	-6.0
Whitman	2,953	84	28.4	119	37.7	41.7	53.3	47.2	-18.8
Yakima	32,173	1,721	53.5	1,756	58.1	70.5	87.2	85.5	-32.0
State Patrol		464		582					
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>711,820</b>	<b>25,772</b>	<b>36.2</b>	<b>29,187</b>	<b>41.0</b>	<b>47.0</b>	<b>49.8</b>	<b>48.0</b>	<b>-11.8</b>

\* Significant under-reporting by law enforcement in 2010 (a significant percentage--over 25%--of the population within the county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported.

\*\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

Juvenile arrests data source: Compiled from data provided by WASPC, WUCR Program, June 2011; runaways taken into protective custody and curfew-loitering law violators reported to UCR are not included in the arrest totals.

Note: The Spokane Police Department did not report juvenile arrests to WUCR from 2002 through 2007.

**TABLE 49**  
**Counties Ranked by Rate of Juvenile Arrests - 2010\*\***

County	County Population Age 10-17	2010** Arrests	Rate Per 1,000
Adams	2,686	235	87.5
Benton	21,512	1,750	81.3
Franklin	10,718	774	72.2
Cowlitz	11,397	789	69.2
Skagit	12,726	811	63.7
Asotin	2,108	123	58.3
Lincoln	1,200	68	56.7
Yakima	32,173	1,721	53.5
Grays Harbor	7,323	390	53.3
Kittitas	3,410	170	49.9
Walla Walla	6,114	300	49.1
Whatcom	19,603	954	48.7
Jefferson	2,251	108	48.0
Lewis	8,336	395	47.4
Douglas *	4,836	226	46.7
Okanogan	4331	202	46.6
Spokane	49,509	2,303	46.5
Mason	5,739	251	43.7
Clark	52,007	2,238	43.0
Chelan	8,284	347	41.9
Grant	11,729	473	40.3
Klickitat	2,162	80	37.0
Pierce	88,885	3,175	35.7
Thurston	27,112	879	32.4
Clallam *	6,228	201	32.3
Snohomish	79,725	2,513	31.5
Island	7,414	213	28.7
Whitman	2,953	84	28.4
Kitsap	26,526	711	26.8
Skamania	1,206	29	24.0
Garfield	251	6	23.9
Pacific	1,775	38	21.4
San Juan	1,307	27	20.7
Stevens	5429	105	19.3
Columbia	410	7	17.1
King *	179,913	2,603	14.5
Wahkiakum	384	4	10.4
Ferry	734	5	6.8
Pend Oreille	1,414	0	0.0
State Patrol		464	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>711,820</b>	<b>25,772</b>	<b>36.2</b>

\* Significant under-reporting by law enforcement (a significant percentage--over 25%--of the population v county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported

\*\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

**TABLE 50**  
**Geographic Distribution of Juvenile Arrest Rates by Offense Type - 2010\*\***  
**Rates Per 1,000 Juveniles**

	Population 10-17	Violent Crimes	Property Offenses	Drug & Alcohol Offenses	All Other Crimes	Total Arrests
<b>Major Metropolitan Counties</b>						
Clark	52,007	1.7	16.4	9.9	15.0	43.0
King *	179,913	1.3	5.7	3.2	4.3	14.5
Pierce	88,885	2.8	13.3	6.9	12.7	35.7
Snohomish	79,725	1.8	12.0	5.7	12.1	31.5
Spokane	49,509	2.5	19.5	8.1	16.4	46.5
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>450,039</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>13.4</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>12.1</b>	<b>34.2</b>
<b>I-5 Corridor Counties (U/30,000)</b>						
Cowlitz	11,397	2.5	26.2	11.0	29.5	69.2
Lewis	8,336	2.2	15.6	11.6	18.0	47.4
Skagit	12,726	1.4	27.4	15.5	19.4	63.7
Thurston	27,112	1.5	12.5	8.6	9.7	32.4
Whatcom	19,603	1.9	15.9	16.4	14.5	48.7
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>79,174</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>19.5</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>18.2</b>	<b>52.3</b>
<b>Other Western Counties (O/5,000)</b>						
Clallam *	6,228	0.2	10.9	11.6	9.6	32.3
Grays Harbor	7,323	1.8	18.0	12.8	20.6	53.3
Island	7,414	0.9	11.2	6.9	9.7	28.7
Kitsap	26,526	1.6	7.2	5.7	12.3	26.8
Mason	5,739	1.9	11.0	8.4	22.5	43.7
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>53,230</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>11.7</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>14.9</b>	<b>37.0</b>
<b>Other Western Counties (U/5,000)</b>						
Jefferson	2,251	2.7	16.9	20.0	8.4	48.0
Pacific	1,775	0.6	4.5	2.3	14.1	21.4
San Juan	1,307	0.0	9.2	9.9	1.5	20.7
Skamania	1,206	0.0	5.8	5.8	12.4	24.0
Wahkiakum	384	2.6	5.2	0.0	2.6	10.4
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>6,923</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>7.6</b>	<b>7.8</b>	<b>24.9</b>
<b>Other Eastern Counties (O/5,000)</b>						
Benton	21,512	1.4	35.4	18.2	26.4	81.3
Chelan	8,284	1.3	17.7	7.7	15.1	41.9
Franklin	10,718	2.7	19.6	13.6	36.3	72.2
Grant	11,729	1.7	15.9	7.9	14.7	40.3
Stevens	5,429	0.2	6.6	4.1	8.5	19.3
Walla Walla	6,114	2.0	18.6	11.4	17.0	49.1
Yakima	32,173	2.8	26.1	8.1	16.4	53.5
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>95,959</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>20.0</b>	<b>10.1</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>51.1</b>
<b>Other Eastern Counties (U/5,000)</b>						
Adams	2,686	4.1	32.4	12.7	38.3	87.5
Asotin	2,108	0.9	13.8	11.4	32.3	58.3
Columbia	410	0.0	9.8	2.4	4.9	17.1
Douglas *	4,836	1.0	18.4	11.8	15.5	46.7
Ferry	734	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.8	6.8
Garfield	251	0.0	0.0	4.0	19.9	23.9
Kittitas	3,410	0.6	19.6	12.6	17.0	49.9
Klickitat	2,162	0.9	16.2	6.5	13.4	37.0
Lincoln	1,200	1.7	20.0	21.7	13.3	56.7
Okanogan	4,331	0.5	10.9	16.6	18.7	46.6
Pend Orielle	1,414	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Whitman	2,953	0.3	11.9	5.4	10.8	28.4
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>26,495</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>12.8</b>	<b>8.8</b>	<b>15.9</b>	<b>38.2</b>

\* Significant under-reporting by law enforcement (a significant percentage--over 25%--of the population within the county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported.

\*\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

**TABLE 51**  
**Juvenile Arrests for Violent Crime by County 2006 - 2010 \*\***

County	County Population Age 10-17	2010 Violent Crime Arrests	2010 Rate Per 1,000	2009 Rate Per 1,000	2008 Rate Per 1,000	2007 Rate Per 1,000	2006 Rate Per 1,000	Rate Change 2006-2010
Adams	2,686	11	4.1	1.2	6.1	1.2	0.8	3.3
Asotin	2,108	2	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.9	0.1
Benton	21,512	31	1.4	2.9	2.5	3.4	3.0	-1.5
Chelan	8,284	11	1.3	1.2	0.8	1.1	1.6	-0.3
Clallam *	6,228	1	0.2	4.1	1.6	2.1	4.0	-3.8
Clark	52,007	91	1.7	1.6	2.0	1.6	1.6	0.1
Columbia	410	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cowlitz	11,397	29	2.5	2.2	2.9	3.2	2.9	-0.3
Douglas *	4,836	5	1.0	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.9	-0.9
Ferry	734	0	0.0	0.0	3.0	1.0	1.9	-1.9
Franklin	10,718	29	2.7	3.7	3.9	2.9	4.0	-1.3
Garfield	251	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.1	0.0	0.0
Grant	11,729	20	1.7	2.1	2.5	2.2	0.8	0.9
Grays Harbor	7,323	13	1.8	1.1	1.2	2.3	1.0	0.8
Island	7,414	7	0.9	1.2	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.4
Jefferson	2,251	6	2.7	1.2	2.3	2.2	1.5	1.2
King *	179,913	225	1.3	2.0	2.2	2.4	2.1	-0.9
Kitsap	26,526	43	1.6	2.2	1.9	2.3	2.0	-0.4
Kittitas	3,410	2	0.6	1.7	0.9	1.4	1.7	-1.1
Klickitat	2,162	2	0.9	1.2	1.2	0.8	0.4	0.5
Lewis	8,336	18	2.2	1.5	1.7	3.1	1.5	0.6
Lincoln	1,200	2	1.7	0.0	3.3	0.8	0.0	1.7
Mason	5,739	11	1.9	2.4	3.3	2.9	4.9	-3.0
Okanogan	4,331	2	0.5	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.5	-1.1
Pacific	1,775	1	0.6	0.9	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.1
Pend Oreille	1,414	0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.6	-0.6
Pierce	88,885	253	2.8	2.8	2.7	3.0	2.3	0.6
San Juan	1,307	0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Skagit	12,726	18	1.4	2.6	1.9	2.2	2.0	-0.6
Skamania	1,206	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.2	0.0	0.0
Snohomish	79,725	143	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.7	0.1
Spokane	49,509	126	2.5	2.5	3.0	2.0	1.5	1.0
Stevens	5,429	1	0.2	1.9	0.7	0.3	1.0	-0.8
Thurston	27,112	42	1.5	1.5	0.9	1.8	2.2	-0.7
Wahkiakum	384	1	2.6	0.0	0.0	4.4	2.2	0.4
Walla Walla	6,114	12	2.0	1.3	1.8	1.9	2.8	-0.9
Whatcom	19,603	37	1.9	1.4	1.7	1.4	1.4	0.5
Whitman	2,953	1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.9	1.2	-0.9
Yakima	32,173	91	2.8	2.9	2.9	5.5	3.8	-0.9
State Patrol		0						
<b>Total</b>	<b>711,820</b>	<b>1,287</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>-0.2</b>

\* Significant under-reporting by law enforcement (a significant percentage--over 25%--of the population within the county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported.

\*\* Violent offenses include: Murder, Manslaughter, Forcible Rape, Robbery, and Aggravated Assault.

Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

Note: The Spokane Police Department did not report juvenile arrests to WUCR from 2002 through 2007.

TABLE 52

**Juvenile Arrests for Violent Crimes - 2010  
By Age, Gender, Race**

**JUVENILES ARRESTED FOR MURDER OR MANSLAUGHTER - 2010**

<b>Age:</b>	<b>U/10</b>	<b>10-12</b>	<b>13-14</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>Total</b>
Male	0	0	1	2	0	2	5
Female	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
<b>Race:</b>		<b>White</b>	<b>Black</b>	<b>Native American</b>	<b>Asian</b>		<b>Total</b>
		3	3	0	0		<b>6</b>

**JUVENILES ARRESTED FOR AGGRAVATED ASSAULT - 2010**

<b>Age:</b>	<b>U/10</b>	<b>10-12</b>	<b>13-14</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>Total</b>
Male	3	49	142	90	104	155	543
Female	2	10	43	26	33	47	161
<b>Race:</b>		<b>White</b>	<b>Black</b>	<b>Native American</b>	<b>Asian</b>		<b>Total</b>
		565	97	28	14		<b>704</b>

**JUVENILES ARRESTED FOR ROBBERY - 2010**

<b>Age:</b>	<b>U/10</b>	<b>10-12</b>	<b>13-14</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>Total</b>
Male	2	15	78	75	107	127	404
Female	0	0	9	16	22	25	72
<b>Race:</b>		<b>White</b>	<b>Black</b>	<b>Native American</b>	<b>Asian</b>		<b>Total</b>
		247	195	17	17		<b>476</b>

**JUVENILES ARRESTED FOR FORCIBLE RAPE - 2010**

<b>Age:</b>	<b>U/10</b>	<b>10-12</b>	<b>13-14</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>Total</b>
Male	0	10	32	20	15	24	101
Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>Race:</b>		<b>White</b>	<b>Black</b>	<b>Native American</b>	<b>Asian</b>		<b>Total</b>
		85	12	3	1		<b>101</b>

TABLE 53  
**Juvenile Arrests for Violent Crimes 1995-2010 \***

<b>MURDER OR MANSLAUGHTER</b>			<b>ROBBERY</b>		
<b>Year</b>	<b>Murder or Manslaughter Arrests</b>	<b>Rate Per 1,000</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>Robbery Arrests</b>	<b>Rate Per 1,000</b>
2010	6	0.01	2010	476	0.67
2009	18	0.03	2009	542	0.76
2008	14	0.02	2008	550	0.77
2007	17	0.02	2007	585	0.81
2006	23	0.03	2006	507	0.71
2005	18	0.03	2005	412	0.58
2004	11	0.02	2004	401	0.56
2003	8	0.01	2003	415	0.58
2002	13	0.02	2002	405	0.57
2001	23	0.03	2001	492	0.70
2000	31	0.04	2000	555	0.80
1999	27	0.04	1999	546	0.80
1998	28	0.04	1998	780	1.16
1997	52	0.08	1997	705	1.07
1996	45	0.07	1996	704	1.09
1995	46	0.07	1995	692	1.10

<b>FORCIBLE RAPE</b>			<b>AGGRAVATED ASSAULT**</b>		
<b>Year</b>	<b>Rape Arrests</b>	<b>Rate Per 1,000</b>	<b>Year</b>	<b>Aggravated Assault Arrests</b>	<b>Rate Per 1,000</b>
2010	101	0.14	2010	704	0.99
2009	107	0.15	2009	824	1.16
2008	135	0.19	2008	824	1.15
2007	127	0.18	2007	921	1.28
2006	133	0.19	2006	807	1.12
2005	134	0.19	2005	852	1.19
2004	125	0.18	2004	904	1.27
2003	200	0.28	2003	890	1.25
2002	172	0.24	2002	894	1.26
2001	167	0.24	2001	1,098	1.56
2000	209	0.30	2000	1,129	1.63
1999	201	0.29	1999	1,185	1.74
1998	179	0.27	1998	1,245	1.85
1997	189	0.29	1997	1,219	1.84
1996	152	0.24	1996	1,181	1.83
1995	167	0.27	1995	1,322	2.11

\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

TABLE 54

## Juvenile Arrests for Property Offenses 2005 - 2010 \*\*

County	County Population Age 10-17	2010 Property Arrests	2010 Rate Per 1,000	2009 Rate Per 1,000	2008 Rate Per 1,000	2007 Rate Per 1,000	2006 Rate Per 1,000	Rate Change 2006-2010
Adams	2,686	87	32.4	32.0	34.2	56.4	40.0	-7.7
Asotin	2,108	29	13.8	13.4	26.4	26.4	12.5	1.3
Benton	21,512	761	35.4	32.2	30.8	37.0	31.5	3.8
Chelan	8,284	147	17.7	20.3	25.5	28.1	23.4	-5.6
Clallam *	6,228	68	10.9	19.9	23.5	21.0	20.7	-9.8
Clark	52,007	851	16.4	19.2	22.7	24.0	23.8	-7.4
Columbia	410	4	9.8	25.2	2.2	0.0	6.5	3.3
Cowlitz	11,397	299	26.2	27.0	34.7	32.2	32.3	-6.0
Douglas *	4,836	89	18.4	27.3	27.5	33.4	26.4	-8.0
Ferry	734	0	0.0	3.0	6.9	2.0	3.9	-3.9
Franklin	10,718	210	19.6	22.8	29.4	29.5	24.4	-4.8
Garfield	251	0	0.0	50.9	22.8	6.2	18.1	-18.1
Grant	11,729	187	15.9	19.1	21.2	16.0	17.7	-1.8
Grays Harbor	7,323	132	18.0	16.9	22.3	20.9	19.3	-1.3
Island	7,414	83	11.2	10.7	11.0	10.5	10.1	1.0
Jefferson	2,251	38	16.9	17.0	23.6	16.4	22.0	-5.1
King *	179,913	1,025	5.7	8.4	11.8	16.4	14.3	-8.6
Kitsap	26,526	191	7.2	9.2	9.5	9.4	8.9	-1.7
Kittitas	3,410	67	19.6	24.0	36.2	19.2	20.8	-1.2
Klickitat	2,162	35	16.2	22.5	22.2	23.1	31.6	-15.4
Lewis	8,336	130	15.6	16.5	15.9	15.8	13.4	2.2
Lincoln	1,200	24	20.0	23.5	7.4	16.3	4.9	15.1
Mason	5,739	63	11.0	13.2	18.7	23.9	13.6	-2.7
Okanogan	4,331	47	10.9	17.6	11.3	19.2	24.1	-13.3
Pacific	1,775	8	4.5	3.2	7.6	7.1	8.7	-4.2
Pend Oreille	1,414	0	0.0	0.0	3.7	3.1	0.6	-0.6
Pierce	88,885	1,184	13.3	15.9	19.6	18.1	19.2	-5.9
San Juan	1,307	12	9.2	11.1	6.9	4.7	5.4	3.8
Skagit	12,726	349	27.4	27.6	33.5	40.7	33.2	-5.8
Skamania	1,206	7	5.8	10.7	2.3	5.2	6.7	-0.9
Snohomish	79,725	953	12.0	18.1	19.2	20.5	18.9	-6.9
Spokane	49,509	964	19.5	19.7	24.6	8.1	8.3	11.1
Stevens	5,429	36	6.6	9.4	7.6	10.4	10.1	-3.5
Thurston	27,112	340	12.5	9.7	12.9	16.3	18.2	-5.6
Wahkiakum	384	2	5.2	2.3	0.0	2.2	2.2	3.0
Walla Walla	6,114	114	18.6	15.4	26.2	26.7	21.0	-2.4
Whatcom	19,603	311	15.9	20.3	20.6	25.1	18.5	-2.6
Whitman	2,953	35	11.9	10.4	5.6	16.5	12.0	-0.2
Yakima	32,173	839	26.1	26.2	31.5	37.7	43.3	-17.2
State Patrol		13						
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>711,820</b>	<b>9,734</b>	<b>13.7</b>	<b>16.0</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>19.9</b>	<b>18.8</b>	<b>-5.1</b>

\* Significant under-reporting by law enforcement (a significant percentage--over 25%--of the population within the county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported.

\*\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

Property Offenses include: burglary (breaking or entering); larceny - theft; motor vehicle theft; arson; forgery and counterfeiting; fraud; embezzlement; stolen property (buying, receiving, possessing); and vandalism.

Note: The Spokane Police Department did not report juvenile arrests to WUCR from 2002 through 2007.

**TABLE 55**  
**Juvenile Arrests for Vandalism 2010 \***

County	County	Under						Total Arrests	Rate Per 1,000
	Population Age 10-17	10	10-12	13-14	15	16	17		
Adams	2,686	0	3	6	4	5	2	20	7.4
Asotin	2,108	0	0	3	0	0	1	4	1.9
Benton	21,512	1	11	28	28	37	26	131	6.1
Chelan	8,284	0	2	6	2	7	9	26	3.1
Clallam	6,228	1	6	3	2	1	2	15	2.4
Clark	52,007	5	19	48	64	68	52	256	4.9
Columbia	410							0	0.0
Cowlitz	11,397	0	2	17	17	13	12	61	5.4
Douglas	4,836	0	0	2	0	3	0	5	1.0
Ferry	734							0	0.0
Franklin	10,718	0	4	15	11	21	18	69	6.4
Garfield	251							0	0.0
Grant	11,729	1	3	16	13	9	4	46	3.9
Grays Harbor	7,323	3	1	1	9	6	1	21	2.9
Island	7,414	0	0	5	3	1	2	11	1.5
Jefferson	2,251	0	3	4	0	3	1	11	4.9
King	179,913	1	5	32	26	18	21	103	0.6
Kitsap	26,526	0	3	7	2	7	6	25	0.9
Kittitas	3,410	0	0	3	0	1	1	5	1.5
Klickitat	2,162	0	3	7	0	2	1	13	6.0
Lewis	8,336	0	1	8	1	1	5	16	1.9
Lincoln	1,200	0	0	2	1	1	2	6	5.0
Mason	5,739	0	2	6	2	4	4	18	3.1
Okanogan	4,331	4	3	7	1	2	0	17	3.9
Pacific	1,775							0	0.0
Pend Oreille	1,414							0	0.0
Pierce	88,885	0	19	47	45	63	57	231	2.6
San Juan	1,307	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1.5
Skagit	12,726	0	6	17	7	14	13	57	4.5
Skamania	1,206	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1.7
Snohomish	79,725	0	3	24	32	27	41	127	1.6
Spokane	49,509	0	27	47	39	36	48	197	4.0
Stevens	5,429	0	2	3	1	0	1	7	1.3
Thurston	27,112	0	4	13	5	20	15	57	2.1
Wahkiakum	384	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2.6
Walla Walla	6,114	0	1	4	4	1	5	15	2.5
Whatcom	19,603	1	4	16	8	9	9	47	2.4
Whitman	2,953	1	3	4	0	1	0	9	3.0
Yakima	32,173	0	13	53	57	55	51	229	7.1
State Patrol								0	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>711,820</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>384</b>	<b>439</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>1,860</b>	<b>2.6</b>

\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

**TABLE 56**  
**Juvenile Arrests for Drug and Alcohol Offenses 2006 - 2010\*\***

County	County Population Age 10-17	2010 Drug & Alcohol Arrests	2010 Rate Per 1000	2009 Rate Per 1000	2008 Rate Per 1,000	2007 Rate Per 1,000	2006 Rate Per 1,000	Rate Change 2006-2010
Adams	2,686	34	12.7	13.9	15.9	22.2	27.1	-14.4
Asotin	2,108	24	11.4	27.7	20.7	29.0	16.8	-5.4
Benton	21,512	391	18.2	16.3	19.9	19.2	17.9	0.2
Chelan	8,284	64	7.7	12.0	16.9	14.7	18.5	-10.7
Clallam *	6,228	72	11.6	17.1	24.8	18.3	23.7	-12.2
Clark	52,007	516	9.9	11.3	10.6	12.2	12.0	-2.1
Columbia	410	1	2.4	11.5	40.4	50.5	43.2	-40.8
Cowlitz	11,397	125	11.0	14.9	21.0	22.7	17.6	-6.6
Douglas *	4,836	57	11.8	13.1	8.6	16.1	13.7	-2.0
Ferry	734	0	0.0	2.0	1.0	2.0	5.8	-5.8
Franklin	10,718	146	13.6	17.4	17.7	15.7	16.1	-2.5
Garfield	251	1	4.0	13.6	13.0	21.8	21.1	-17.1
Grant	11,729	93	7.9	10.5	9.8	12.0	13.4	-5.5
Grays Harbor	7,323	94	12.8	13.3	17.9	17.9	18.1	-5.3
Island	7,414	51	6.9	4.8	6.0	9.1	7.7	-0.8
Jefferson	2,251	45	20.0	13.5	19.4	28.8	22.3	-2.4
King *	179,913	571	3.2	4.5	6.0	7.7	7.3	-4.1
Kitsap	26,526	151	5.7	4.6	6.1	6.8	7.8	-2.1
Kittitas	3,410	43	12.6	17.0	23.1	16.6	16.2	-3.6
Klickitat	2,162	14	6.5	6.1	10.5	12.8	16.2	-9.7
Lewis	8,336	97	11.6	8.4	9.0	8.7	7.5	4.2
Lincoln	1,200	26	21.7	10.1	10.7	18.7	4.0	17.6
Mason	5,739	48	8.4	7.8	10.7	14.3	11.6	-3.2
Okanogan	4,331	72	16.6	9.8	13.5	21.9	22.8	-6.1
Pacific	1,775	4	2.3	10.1	3.1	1.3	7.9	-5.6
Pend Oreille	1,414	0	0.0	0.0	5.6	3.1	11.8	-11.8
Pierce	88,885	613	6.9	8.1	7.9	7.6	7.2	-0.3
San Juan	1,307	13	9.9	15.9	11.7	19.7	18.2	-8.3
Skagit	12,726	197	15.5	15.0	17.8	19.3	15.0	0.5
Skamania	1,206	7	5.8	7.7	2.3	4.5	1.5	4.3
Snohomish	79,725	452	5.7	6.5	6.4	7.6	7.4	-1.7
Spokane	49,509	400	8.1	8.1	10.0	5.1	5.2	2.9
Stevens	5,429	22	4.1	6.5	7.4	7.5	7.1	-3.0
Thurston	27,112	233	8.6	7.5	6.7	9.5	11.1	-2.5
Wahkiakum	384	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Walla Walla	6,114	70	11.4	11.5	7.9	10.1	9.2	2.2
Whatcom	19,603	322	16.4	13.6	14.7	17.0	15.3	1.1
Whitman	2,953	16	5.4	10.4	12.4	12.9	12.9	-7.5
Yakima	32,173	262	8.1	10.3	14.0	17.1	13.5	-5.3
State Patrol		429						
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>711,820</b>	<b>5,776</b>	<b>8.1</b>	<b>9.1</b>	<b>10.4</b>	<b>11.4</b>	<b>10.9</b>	<b>-2.8</b>

\* Significant under-reporting by law enforcement (a significant percentage--over 25%--of the population within the county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported.

\*\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

Drug Offenses include sale or possession of: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine), marijuana, synthetic narcotics, and other dangerous nonnarcotic drugs (barbituates, benzedrine, etc.).

Alcohol offenses include: driving under the influence, liquor laws (liquor law violations include transgression of any state or local liquor law except drunkenness and driving while intoxicated) and drunkenness.

Note: 165 arrests were reported to WUCR in 2006 as driving under the influence arrests for juveniles "under age 10"; these arrests were adult arrests or of unknown age, and therefore are not included in the 2006 juvenile arrest total (and have been added to the adult arrest total for 2006).

TABLE 57

**Total Number of Arrests by Individual Offenses (Top Offense Classifications)  
2006 - 2010 \***

2010 Offense Classification	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 1,000
Larceny - theft (except Motor Vehicle Theft)	5,806	8.2
Other Assaults **	4,408	6.2
All other offenses (except traffic) ***	3,187	4.5
Liquor laws	2,504	3.5
Possession-Marijuana	2,021	2.8
Vandalism	1,860	2.6
Burglary - breaking or entering	1,283	1.8
Aggravated assault	704	1.0
Disorderly conduct	612	0.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	534	0.8
Robbery	476	0.7
Driving under the influence	392	0.6
Motor Vehicle Theft	315	0.4
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	308	0.4

2009 Offense Classification	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 1,000
Larceny - theft (except Motor Vehicle Theft)	6,848	9.6
Other Assaults **	4,623	6.5
All other offenses (except traffic) ***	3,636	5.1
Liquor law violations	3,268	4.6
Vandalism	2,020	2.8
Possession-Marijuana	1,943	2.7
Burglary - breaking or entering	1,458	2.0
Aggravated assault	824	1.2
Disorderly conduct	668	0.9
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	595	0.8
Robbery	542	0.8
Driving under the influence	476	0.7
Motor Vehicle Theft	425	0.6
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	367	0.5

2008 Offense Classification	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 1,000
Larceny - theft (except Motor Vehicle Theft)	7,916	11.0
Other Assaults **	5,097	7.1
All other offenses (except traffic) ***	4,343	6.1
Liquor law violations	4,020	5.6
Vandalism	2,595	3.6
Possession-Marijuana	2,060	2.9
Burglary - breaking or entering	1,792	2.5
Aggravated assault	824	1.1
Weapons; carrying, possessing, etc.	732	1.0
Disorderly conduct	704	1.0
Robbery	550	0.8
Driving under the influence	512	0.7
Motor Vehicle Theft	509	0.7
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	495	0.7

2007 Offense Classification	Number of Arrests	Rate Per 1,000
Larceny - Theft (except Motor Vehicle Theft)	8,314	11.5
Other Assaults **	5,121	7.1
All Other Offenses (except traffic) ***	4,649	6.5
Liquor Law violations	4,501	6.2
Vandalism	2,680	3.7
Possession-Marijuana	2,079	2.9
Burglary (breaking or entering)	1,821	2.5
Aggravated Assault	921	1.3
Weapons (carrying, possessing, etc.)	850	1.2
Disorderly Conduct	769	1.1
Driving under the Influence	632	0.9
Robbery	585	0.8
Stolen property; buying, receiving, possessing	564	0.8
Motor Vehicle Theft	555	0.8

\* Above offense categories represent from 94 to 95% of all reported juvenile arrests annually from 2007 to 2010; (reported arrests totals do not include runaways taken into protective custody and transgressions of curfew or loitering ordinances).

\*\* Other Assaults includes: simple assault, minor assault, assault and battery, injury by culpable negligence, resisting or obstructing an officer, intimidation, coercion, hazing, and attempts to commit any of the above.

\*\*\* All Other Offenses includes: contempt of court, possession of drug paraphernalia, public nuisances, riot and rout, trespass, and others.

**TABLE 58**  
**Arrests of Juveniles for Drug and Alcohol Offenses - 2010 Detail**

**Drug Offenses**

	Gender	Under 10	10-12	13-14	15	16	17	Total
Sale	M	0	12	88	67	91	93	351
	F	0	6	34	17	16	24	97
Possession	M	2	60	380	392	493	583	1,910
	F	1	13	137	124	112	129	516
<b>Total Arrests for Drug Offenses</b>	M	2	72	468	459	584	676	2,261
	F	1	19	171	141	128	153	613
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>639</b>	<b>600</b>	<b>712</b>	<b>829</b>	<b>2,874</b>

**Alcohol Offenses**

	Gender	Under 10	10-12	13-14	15	16	17	Total
Driving Under the Influence	M	0	0	6	9	81	181	277
	F	0	0	2	4	30	79	115
Liquor Law Violations	M	1	7	154	282	486	663	1,593
	F	0	10	145	184	271	301	911
Drunkenness	M	0	0	0	1	1	3	5
	F	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
<b>Total Arrests for Alcohol Offenses</b>	M	1	7	160	292	568	847	1,875
	F	0	10	147	188	301	381	1,027
	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>307</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>869</b>	<b>1,228</b>	<b>2,902</b>

**TABLE 59**  
**Juvenile Arrests by Gender of Offender \*\* - 2010**

County	Violent		Property		Drug/Alcohol		All Other		Total All Arrests			
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	%	Female	%
Adams	10	1	62	25	31	3	81	22	184	78.3	51	21.7
Asotin	2	0	17	12	16	8	50	18	85	69.1	38	30.9
Benton	24	7	507	254	284	107	408	159	1,223	69.9	527	30.1
Chelan	11	0	96	51	37	27	75	50	219	63.1	128	36.9
Clallam *	1	0	55	13	44	28	46	14	146	72.6	55	27.4
Clark	75	16	618	233	346	170	555	225	1,594	71.2	644	28.8
Columbia			4	0	1	0	2	0	7	100.0	0	0.0
Cowlitz	25	4	219	80	87	38	231	105	562	71.2	227	28.8
Douglas *	4	1	40	49	39	18	56	19	139	61.5	87	38.5
Ferry							5	0	5	100.0	0	0.0
Franklin	22	7	171	39	109	37	272	117	574	74.2	200	25.8
Garfield					1	0	4	1	5	83.3	1	16.7
Grant	17	3	104	83	78	15	109	64	308	65.1	165	34.9
Grays Harbor	11	2	82	50	70	24	107	44	270	69.2	120	30.8
Island	6	1	54	29	38	13	46	26	144	67.6	69	32.4
Jefferson	5	1	25	13	29	16	11	8	70	64.8	38	35.2
King *	191	34	688	337	439	132	551	231	1,869	71.8	734	28.2
Kitsap	35	8	133	58	107	44	190	136	465	65.4	246	34.6
Kittitas	2	0	47	20	30	13	52	6	131	77.1	39	22.9
Klickitat	2	0	25	10	9	5	18	11	54	67.5	26	32.5
Lewis	11	7	80	50	58	39	116	34	265	67.1	130	32.9
Lincoln	2	0	21	3	18	8	11	5	52	76.5	16	23.5
Mason	9	2	49	14	35	13	89	40	182	72.5	69	27.5
Okanogan	0	2	39	8	49	23	53	28	141	69.8	61	30.2
Pacific	1	0	7	1	3	1	13	12	24	63.2	14	36.8
Pend Oreille	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Pierce	201	52	807	377	429	184	780	345	2,217	69.8	958	30.2
San Juan			5	7	8	5	1	1	14	51.9	13	48.1
Skagit	16	2	204	145	137	60	173	74	530	65.4	281	34.6
Skamania			6	1	5	2	11	4	22	75.9	7	24.1
Snohomish	116	27	603	350	333	119	650	315	1,702	67.7	811	32.3
Spokane	101	25	643	321	305	95	574	239	1,623	70.5	680	29.5
Stevens	1	0	28	8	14	8	33	13	76	72.4	29	27.6
Thurston	34	8	225	115	157	76	155	109	571	65.0	308	35.0
Wahkiakum	1	0	1	1			1	0	3	75.0	1	25.0
Walla Walla	9	3	83	31	48	22	66	38	206	68.7	94	31.3
Whatcom	28	9	166	145	229	93	197	87	620	65.0	334	35.0
Whitman	1	0	31	4	11	5	21	11	64	76.2	20	23.8
Yakima	79	12	547	292	208	54	400	129	1,234	71.7	487	28.3
State Patrol	0	0	11	2	294	135	18	4	323	69.6	141	30.4
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1,053</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>6,503</b>	<b>3,231</b>	<b>4,136</b>	<b>1,640</b>	<b>6,231</b>	<b>2,744</b>	<b>17,923</b>	<b>69.5</b>	<b>7,849</b>	<b>30.5</b>

\* Significant under-reporting by law enforcement (a significant percentage--over 25%--of the population within the county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported.

\*\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

**TABLE 60**  
**Juvenile Arrests by Gender 2006 - 2010 \***

<b>Violent Offenses</b>					
<b>Year</b>	<b>Male Arrests</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>	<b>Female Arrests</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>	<b>Total Arrests</b>
2010	1,053	81.8	234	18.2	1,287
2009	1,247	83.6	244	16.4	1,491
2008	1,260	82.7	263	17.3	1,523
2007	1,351	81.9	299	18.1	1,650
2006	1,226	83.4	244	16.6	1,470

<b>Property Offenses</b>					
<b>Year</b>	<b>Male Arrests</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>	<b>Female Arrests</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>	<b>Total Arrests</b>
2010	6,503	66.8	3,231	33.2	9,734
2009	7,738	68.0	3,638	32.0	11,376
2008	9,285	68.2	4,323	31.8	13,608
2007	10,008	69.9	4,312	30.1	14,320
2006	9,362	69.5	4,114	30.5	13,476

<b>Drug and Alcohol Offenses</b>					
<b>Year</b>	<b>Male Arrests</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>	<b>Female Arrests</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>	<b>Total Arrests</b>
2010	4,136	71.6	1,640	28.4	5,776
2009	4,628	71.1	1,877	28.9	6,505
2008	5,253	70.6	2,188	29.4	7,441
2007	5,880	71.6	2,336	28.4	8,216
2006	5,671	72.7	2,131	27.3	7,802

<b>All Other Offenses</b>					
<b>Year</b>	<b>Male Arrests</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>	<b>Female Arrests</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>	<b>Total Arrests</b>
2010	6,231	69.4	2,744	30.6	8,975
2009	6,832	69.6	2,983	30.4	9,815
2008	7,876	70.5	3,288	29.5	11,164
2007	8,277	70.9	3,402	29.1	11,679
2006	8,284	70.9	3,400	29.1	11,684

<b>TOTAL ALL JUVENILE ARRESTS</b>					
<b>Year</b>	<b>Male Arrests</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>	<b>Female Arrests</b>	<b>Percent of Total</b>	<b>Total Arrests</b>
2010	17,923	69.5	7,849	30.5	25,772
2009	20,445	70.0	8,742	30.0	29,187
2008	23,674	70.2	10,062	29.8	33,736
2007	25,516	71.1	10,349	28.9	35,865
2006	24,543	71.3	9,889	28.7	34,432

\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

**TABLE 61**  
**Juvenile Arrests by Race \*\* - 2010**

County	White (Hispanic)	Black (Hispanic)	Native American (Hispanic)	Asian (Hispanic)	Total
Adams	233	2	0	0	235
Asotin	118	2	3	0	123
Benton	1,642	79	3	26	1,750
Chelan	334	7	5	1	347
Clallam *	177	12	8	4	201
Clark	1,952	223	3	60	2,238
Columbia	7	0	0	0	7
Cowlitz	751	28	6	4	789
Douglas *	219	4	3	0	226
Ferry	4	0	1	0	5
Franklin	738	31	1	4	774
Garfield	6	0	0	0	6
Grant	452	11	7	3	473
Grays Harbor	357	9	19	5	390
Island	179	26	1	7	213
Jefferson	101	4	3	0	108
King *	1,665	686	47	205	2,603
Kitsap	594	67	23	27	711
Kittitas	162	7	0	1	170
Klickitat	65	2	13	0	80
Lewis	379	10	5	1	395
Lincoln	64	1	3	0	68
Mason	231	6	14	0	251
Okanogan	141	5	54	2	202
Pacific	34	3	1	0	38
Pend Oreille	0	0	0	0	0
Pierce	2,161	820	41	153	3,175
San Juan	27	0	0	0	27
Skagit	765	16	20	10	811
Skamania	26	1	1	1	29
Snohomish	2,256	163	37	57	2,513
Spokane	1,878	252	138	35	2,303
Stevens	98	5	2	0	105
Thurston	727	104	9	39	879
Wahkiakum	4	0	0	0	4
Walla Walla	289	10	0	1	300
Whatcom	741	41	157	15	954
Whitman	74	9	1	0	84
Yakima	1,587	48	83	3	1,721
State Patrol	386	44	16	18	464
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>21,624</b>	<b>2,738</b>	<b>728</b>	<b>682</b>	<b>25,772</b>
<b>Percentage</b>	<b>83.9%</b>	<b>10.6%</b>	<b>2.8%</b>	<b>2.6%</b>	

\* Significant under-reporting by law enforcement (a significant percentage--over 25%--of the population within the county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported.

\*\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

**Note: Race proportions include persons of Hispanic origin. Persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race; however, typically in UCR they are included in the White race category.**

**TABLE 62**  
**2010 Percentage of Juvenile Arrests**  
**by Race by County**

County	White (Hispanic)	Black (Hispanic)	Native American (Hispanic)	Asian (Hispanic)
Adams	99.1	0.9	0.0	0.0
Asotin	95.9	1.6	2.4	0.0
Benton	93.8	4.5	0.2	1.5
Chelan	96.3	2.0	1.4	0.3
Clallam *	88.1	6.0	4.0	2.0
Clark	87.2	10.0	0.1	2.7
Columbia	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cowlitz	95.2	3.5	0.8	0.5
Douglas *	96.9	1.8	1.3	0.0
Ferry	80.0	0.0	20.0	0.0
Franklin	95.3	4.0	0.1	0.5
Garfield	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Grant	95.6	2.3	1.5	0.6
Grays Harbor	91.5	2.3	4.9	1.3
Island	84.0	12.2	0.5	3.3
Jefferson	93.5	3.7	2.8	0.0
King *	64.0	26.4	1.8	7.9
Kitsap	83.5	9.4	3.2	3.8
Kittitas	95.3	4.1	0.0	0.6
Klickitat	81.3	2.5	16.3	0.0
Lewis	95.9	2.5	1.3	0.3
Lincoln	94.1	1.5	4.4	0.0
Mason	92.0	2.4	5.6	0.0
Okanogan	69.8	2.5	26.7	1.0
Pacific	89.5	7.9	2.6	0.0
Pend Oreille	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Pierce	68.1	25.8	1.3	4.8
San Juan	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Skagit	94.3	2.0	2.5	1.2
Skamania	89.7	3.4	3.4	3.4
Snohomish	89.8	6.5	1.5	2.3
Spokane	81.5	10.9	6.0	1.5
Stevens	93.3	4.8	1.9	0.0
Thurston	82.7	11.8	1.0	4.4
Wahkiakum	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Walla Walla	96.3	3.3	0.0	0.3
Whatcom	77.7	4.3	16.5	1.6
Whitman	88.1	10.7	1.2	0.0
Yakima	92.2	2.8	4.8	0.2
State Patrol	83.2	9.5	3.4	3.9
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>83.9</b>	<b>10.6</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>2.6</b>

\* Significant under-reporting by law enforcement (a significant percentage--over 25%--of the population within the county was not represented in the county total, as local law enforcement agency(s) did not provide juvenile arrest information); therefore, the actual number of arrests for the county is greater than the total reported.

\*\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

TABLE 63

**Percentage of Juvenile Arrests by Race  
2000 - 2010**

	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	2000-2010 % Change
<b>Race *</b>												
<b>White (Hispanic)</b>	83.9	83.1	83.4	82.4	83.0	82.8	83.9	84.6	84.9	84.9	84.4	-0.6%
<b>Black (Hispanic)</b>	10.6	11.4	11.0	11.8	11.3	10.8	10.0	9.5	9.5	9.0	9.2	15.2%
<b>Native American (Hispanic)</b>	2.8	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.2	3.6	3.4	3.0	2.9	3.6	3.4	-17.6%
<b>Asian (Hispanic)</b>	2.6	2.5	2.6	2.8	2.5	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.8	2.6	3.1	-16.1%

\*Note: While persons of Hispanic origin can be of any race, the majority of youth of Hispanic origin are reported in the White race category.

According to the "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations" data set, Puzanchara, C., Sladky, A. and Kang, W. (2010), 87 percent of youth age 10-17 of Hispanic ethnicity in 2010, and 91 percent of youth of Hispanic ethnicity in 2009, were reported in the White race category.

TABLE 64

**2010 Juvenile Arrests by Law Enforcement  
Agency/Department and by County \***

County	Agency Name	Juvenile Arrests	Total 2010 Population (City or Unincorporated Area)
ADAMS	Adams County Sheriff's Office	66	8,818
	Othello Police Department	158	7,364
	Ritzville Police Department	11	1,745
	<b>ADAMS Total</b>	<b>235</b>	
ASOTIN	Asotin County Sheriff's Office	21	13,143
	Asotin Police Department	9	1,251
	Clarkston Police Department	93	7,229
	<b>ASOTIN Total</b>	<b>123</b>	
BENTON	Benton County Sheriff's Office	189	32,639
	Kennewick Police Department	982	73,917
	Prosser Police Department	64	5,714
	Richland Police Department	468	48,058
	West Richland Police Department	47	11,811
	<b>BENTON Total</b>	<b>1,750</b>	
CHELAN	Chelan County Sheriff's Office	73	30,498
	Wenatchee Police Department	274	31,925
	<b>CHELAN Total</b>	<b>347</b>	
CLALLAM	Clallam County Sheriff's Office	56	42,228
	Forks Police Department	3	3,532
	Port Angeles Police Department	48	19,038
	Sequim Police Department	94	6,606
	<b>CLALLAM Total</b>	<b>201</b>	
CLARK	Battle Ground Police Department	307	17,571
	Camas Police Department	75	19,355
	Clark County Sheriff's Office	647	203,339
	La Center Police Department	27	2,800
	Ridgefield Police Department	44	4,763
	Vancouver Police Department	1,071	161,791
	Wa. State Univ.-Vancouver PD	0	
	Washougal Police Department	67	14,095
<b>CLARK Total</b>	<b>2,238</b>		
COLUMBIA	Columbia County Sheriff's Office	7	1,423
	<b>COLUMBIA Total</b>	<b>7</b>	

TABLE 64

**2010 Juvenile Arrests by Law Enforcement  
Agency/Department and by County (continued)**

County	Agency Name	Juvenile Arrests	Total 2010 Population
COWLITZ	Castle Rock Police Department	32	1,982
	Cowlitz County Sheriff's Office	102	44,085
	Kalama Police Department	33	2,344
	Kelso Police Department	256	11,925
	Longview Police Department	312	36,648
	Woodland Police Department	54	5,509
	<b>COWLITZ Total</b>	<b>789</b>	
DOUGLAS	Douglas County Sheriff's Office	44	20,399
	East Wenatchee Police Department	182	13,190
	<b>DOUGLAS Total</b>	<b>226</b>	
FERRY	Ferry County Sheriff's Office	1	6,478
	Republic Police Department	4	1,073
	<b>FERRY Total</b>	<b>5</b>	
FRANKLIN	Connell Police Department	21	4,209
	Franklin County Sheriff's Office	58	13,491
	Pasco Police Department	695	59,781
	<b>FRANKLIN Total</b>	<b>774</b>	
GARFIELD	Garfield County Sheriff's Office	6	841
	<b>GARFIELD Total</b>	<b>6</b>	
GRANT	Ephrata Police Department	60	7,664
	Grand Coulee Police Department	8	988
	Grant County Sheriff's Office	27	40,134
	Moses Lake Police Department	250	20,366
	Quincy Police Department	96	6,750
	Royal City Police Department	29	2,140
	Soap Lake Police Department	0	1,514
	Warden Police Department	3	2,692
<b>GRANT Total</b>	<b>473</b>		
GRAYS HARBOR	Aberdeen Police Department	162	16,896
	Cosmopolis Police Department	3	1,649
	Elma Police Department	35	3,107
	Grays Harbor County Sheriff's Office	73	28,438
	Hoquiam Police Department	68	8,726
	Mc Cleary Police Department	1	1,653
	Montesano Police Department	25	3,976

TABLE 64

**2010 Juvenile Arrests by Law Enforcement  
Agency/Department and by County (continued)**

County	Agency Name	Juvenile Arrests	Total 2010 Population
GRAYS HARBOR, cont.	Oakville Police Department	9	684
	Ocean Shores Police Department	11	5,569
	Westport Police Department	3	2,099
	<b>GRAYS HARBOR Total</b>	<b>390</b>	
ISLAND	Coupeville Police Department	2	1,831
	Island County Sheriff's Office	57	53,565
	Langley Police Department	8	1,035
	Oak Harbor Police Department	146	22,075
	<b>ISLAND Total</b>	<b>213</b>	
JEFFERSON	Jefferson County Sheriff's Office	32	20,759
	Port Townsend Police Department	76	9,113
	<b>JEFFERSON Total</b>	<b>108</b>	
KING	Algona Police Department	0	3,014
	Auburn Police Department	384	70,180
	Bellevue Police Department	399	122,363
	Black Diamond Police Department	6	4,151
	Carnation Police Department	3	1,786
	Clyde Hill Police Department	11	2,984
	Des Moines Police Department	89	29,673
	Duvall Police Department	13	6,695
	Enumclaw Police Department	59	10,669
	Federal Way Police Department	480	89,306
	Issaquah Police Department	101	30,434
	Kirkland Police Department	184	48,787
	Lake Forest Park Police Department	18	12,598
	Medina Police Department	4	2,969
	Mercer Island Police Department	44	22,699
	Normandy Park Police Department	12	6,335
	Pacific Police Department	15	6,606
	Port of Seattle Police Department	4	
	Redmond Police Department	176	54,144
	Renton Police Department	6	90,927
	Seattle Police Department	555	608,660
Snoqualmie Police Department	32	10,670	
University of Washington Police Dept	8		
Yarrow Point Police Department	0	1,001	
<b>KING Total</b>	<b>2,603</b>		

TABLE 64

**2010 Juvenile Arrests by Law Enforcement  
Agency/Department and by County (continued)**

County	Agency Name	Juvenile Arrests	Total 2010 Population
KITSAP	Bainbridge Island Police Department	52	23,025
	Bremerton Police Department	180	37,729
	Kitsap County Sheriff's Office	295	170,035
	Port Orchard Police Department	116	11,144
	Poulsbo Police Department	68	9,200
	<b>KITSAP Total</b>	<b>711</b>	
KITITAS	Central Washington University	10	
	Cle Elum Police Department	8	1,872
	Ellensburg Police Department	127	18,174
	Kittitas County Sheriff's Office	25	18,063
	Kittitas Police Department	0	1,381
	<b>KITITAS Total</b>	<b>170</b>	
KLICKITAT	Bingen Police Department	1	712
	Goldendale Police Department	45	3,407
	Klickitat County Sheriff's Office	33	13,975
	White Salmon Police Department	1	2,224
	<b>KLICKITAT Total</b>	<b>80</b>	
LEWIS	Centralia Police Department	145	16,336
	Chehalis Police Department	117	7,259
	Lewis County Sheriff's Office	111	44,892
	Morton Police Department	16	1,126
	Mossyrock Police Department	0	759
	Napavine Police Department	1	1,766
	Toledo Police Department	3	725
	Winlock Police Department	2	1,339
	<b>LEWIS Total</b>	<b>395</b>	
LINCOLN	Lincoln County Sheriff's Office	34	5,081
	Odessa Police Department	2	910
	Reardan Police Department	26	571
	Wilbur Police Department	6	884
	<b>LINCOLN Total</b>	<b>68</b>	

TABLE 64

**2010 Juvenile Arrests by Law Enforcement  
Agency/Department and by County (continued)**

County	Agency Name	Juvenile Arrests	Total 2010 Population
MASON	Mason County Sheriff's Office	72	50,865
	Shelton Police Department	179	9,834
	<b>MASON Total</b>	<b>251</b>	
OKANOGAN	Brewster Police Department	2	2,370
	Coulee Dam Police Department	22	1,098
	Okanogan County Sheriff's Office	79	24,780
	Omak Police Department	66	4,845
	Oroville Police Department	30	1,686
	Tonasket Police Department	1	1,032
	Twisp Police Department	1	919
	Winthrop Police Department	1	394
	<b>OKANOGAN Total</b>	<b>202</b>	
PACIFIC	Ilwaco Police Department	4	936
	Long Beach Police Department	3	1,392
	Pacific County Sheriff's Office	22	14,073
	Raymond Police Department	5	2,882
	South Bend Police Department	4	1,637
	<b>PACIFIC Total</b>	<b>38</b>	
PEND OREILLE	Pend Oreille County Sheriff's Office	0	9,810
	<b>PEND OREILLE Total</b>	<b>0</b>	
PIERCE	Bonney Lake Police Department	126	17,374
	Buckley Police Department	27	4,354
	Du Pont Police Department	12	8,199
	Eatonville Police Department	44	2,758
	Edgewood P.D.	10	9,387
	Fircrest Police Department	11	6,497
	Gig Harbor Police Department	104	7,126
	Lakewood P.D.	237	58,163
	Milton Police Department	38	6,968
	Orting Police Department	26	6,746
	Pierce County Sheriff's Office	916	366,738
	Puyallup Police Department	392	37,022
	Roy Police Department	0	793
	Ruston Police Department	6	749
	Steilacoom Police Department	12	5,985
	Sumner Police Department	49	9,451
	Tacoma Police Department	1,051	198,397
University Place P.D.	114	31,144	
	<b>PIERCE Total</b>	<b>3,175</b>	

TABLE 64

**2010 Juvenile Arrests by Law Enforcement  
Agency/Department and by County (continued)**

County	Agency Name	Juvenile Arrests	Total 2010 Population
SAN JUAN	San Juan County Sheriff's Office	27	13,607
	<b>SAN JUAN Total</b>	<b>27</b>	
SKAGIT	Anacortes Police Department	155	15,778
	Burlington Police Department	219	8,388
	Mount Vernon Police Department	225	31,743
	Sedro Wooley Police Department	112	10,540
	Skagit County Sheriff's Office	100	48,117
	Swinomish Tribal Police Department	0	
	<b>SKAGIT Total</b>	<b>811</b>	
SKAMANIA	Skamania County Sheriff's Office	29	8,645
	<b>SKAMANIA Total</b>	<b>29</b>	
SNOHOMISH	Arlington Police Department	127	17,926
	Brier Police Department	16	6,087
	Edmonds Police Department	119	39,709
	Everett Police Department	487	103,019
	Granite Falls Police Department	65	3,364
	Lake Stevens Police Department	130	28,069
	Lynnwood Police Department	454	35,836
	Marysville Police Department	329	60,020
	Mill Creek Police Department	81	18,244
	Monroe Police Department	125	17,304
	Mountlake Terrace Police Department	106	19,909
	Mukilteo Police Department	60	20,254
	Snohomish County Sheriff's Office	219	302,292
	Snohomish Police Department	83	9,098
	Stanwood Police Department	101	6,231
	Sultan Police Department	11	4,651
	Woodway Police Department	0	1,307
<b>SNOHOMISH Total</b>	<b>2,513</b>		
SPOKANE	Airway Heights Police Department	14	6,114
	Cheney Police Department	91	10,590
	Eastern Washington University Police	3	
	Liberty Lake Police Department	12	7,591
	Spokane County Sheriff's Office	308	136,108

TABLE 64

**2010 Juvenile Arrests by Law Enforcement  
Agency/Department and by County (continued)**

County	Agency Name	Juvenile Arrests	Total 2010 Population
SPOKANE, continued	Spokane Police Department	1,483	208,916
	Spokane Valley Police Department	392	89,755
	<b>SPOKANE Total</b>	<b>2,303</b>	
STEVENS	Chewelah Police Department	14	2,607
	Colville Police Department	34	4,673
	Kettle Falls Police Department	23	1,595
	Stevens County Sheriff's Office	34	33,893
	<b>STEVENS Total</b>	<b>105</b>	
THURSTON	Evergreen St. College P.D.	0	
	Lacey Police Department	353	42,393
	Olympia Police Department	247	46,478
	Rainier Police Department	10	1,794
	Tenino Police Department	23	1,695
	Thurston County Sheriff's Office	110	135,123
	Tumwater Police Department	60	17,371
	Yelm Police Department	76	6,848
<b>THURSTON Total</b>	<b>879</b>		
WAHKIAKUM	Wahkiakum County Sheriff's Office	4	3,446
	<b>WAHKIAKUM Total</b>	<b>4</b>	
WALLA WALLA	College Place Police Department	29	8,765
	Walla Walla County Sheriff's Office	55	16,750
	Walla Walla Police Department	216	31,731
	<b>WALLA WALLA Total</b>	<b>300</b>	
WHATCOM	Bellingham Police Department	443	80,885
	Blaine Police Department	80	4,684
	Everson Police Department	12	2,481
	Ferndale Police Department	44	11,415
	Lummi Tribal Police Department	78	
	Lynden Police Department	117	11,951
	Nooksak Tribal Police Department	0	
	Sumas Police Department	2	1,307
	Western Washington University Police	3	
	Whatcom County Sheriff's Office	175	87,079
<b>WHATCOM Total</b>	<b>954</b>		

**TABLE 64**  
**2010 Juvenile Arrests by Law Enforcement**  
**Agency/Department and by County (continued)**

County	Agency Name	Juvenile Arrests	Total 2010 Population
WHITMAN	Colfax Police Department	1	2,805
	Colton Police Department	0	418
	Garfield Police Department	2	597
	Oakesdale Police Department	0	422
	Palouse Police Department	5	998
	Pullman Police Department	33	29,799
	Rosalia Police Department	0	550
	Washington State University	2	
	Whitman County Sheriff's Office	41	5,978
	<b>WHITMAN Total</b>	<b>84</b>	
YAKIMA	Grandview Police Department	155	10,862
	Granger Police Department	0	3,246
	Mabton Police Department	0	2,286
	Moxee City Police Department	4	3,308
	Selah Police Department	39	7,147
	Sunnyside Police Department	109	15,858
	Tieton Police Department	2	1,191
	Toppenish Police Department	158	8,949
	Union Gap Police Department	255	6,047
	Wapato Police Department	26	4,997
	Yakima County Sheriff's Office	163	83,889
	Yakima Police Department	796	91,067
	Zillah Police Department	14	2,964
<b>YAKIMA Total</b>	<b>1,721</b>		
WSP	Washington State Patrol	464	
	<b>WSP Total</b>	<b>464</b>	
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>		<b>25,772</b>	

Sources: Population source: "Census 2010 Summary File 1 for Washington - City Summary and Unincorporated County Summary, Population..."

WA State Office of Financial Mgmt., Forecasting Division; Juvenile arrests: compiled from data provided by WASPC, WUCR Program; runaways taken into protective custody and curfew violators reported to UCR are not included in the arrest totals.

\* Data include juveniles under the age of 10.

**Note:** A number of cities are on full law enforcement contracts with other agencies; arrests for these cities, therefore, are included in the total arrests for the respective contracted agency (e.g., Hatton, Lind and Washtucna are on contract with the Adams County S.O.). Therefore, cities who are on full law enforcement contracts do not appear on the list of non-reporting agencies.

## Agency Arrest Report Status

Arrest data contained in the previous pages were provided by the Washington Uniform Crime Reporting (WUCR) program of the Washington Association of Sheriffs and Police Chiefs. This information is reported by individual law enforcement agencies.

The following agencies **did not provide any monthly juvenile arrest information for 2010:**

Bothell P.D.  
 Burien P.D.  
 Chehalis Tribal P.D.  
 Colville Tribal P.D.  
 Coulee City P.D.  
 Covington P.D.  
 Fife P.D.  
 Hoh Tribal P.D.  
 Kalispel Tribal P.D.  
 Kenmore P.D.  
 Kent P.D.  
 King County S.O.  
 Lower Elwha Tribal P.D.  
 Makah Tribal P.D.  
 Maple Valley P.D.  
 Mattawa P.D.  
 Newcastle P.D.  
 Nisqually Tribal P.D.  
 North Bend P.D.  
 Pe Ell P.D.  
 Port Gamble S'Klallam Tribal P.D.  
 Puyallup Tribal P.D.  
 Quileute Tribal P.D.  
 Quinault Tribal P.D.  
 Sammamish P.D.  
 Sauk-Suiattle Tribal P.D.  
 Seatac P.D.  
 Shoalwater Bay Tribal P.D.  
 Shoreline P.D.  
 Skokomish Tribal P.D.  
 Spokane Tribal P.D.  
 Squaxin Tribal P.D.  
 Stillaguamish Tribal P.D.  
 Suquamish Tribal P.D.  
 Tukwila P.D.  
 Tulalip Tribal P.D.  
 Upper Skagit Tribal P.D.  
 Vader P.D.  
 Woodinville P.D.  
 Yakama Nation Tribal P.D.

The following agencies **provided less than 12 months of juvenile arrest data for 2010:**

<u>Agency</u>	<u>Number of Months Reported</u>
Clallam Co. S.O.	6
Coupeville P.D.	3
Douglas Co. S.O.	4
Port Angeles P.D.	3
Renton P.D.	1

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## Juvenile Court Offense Referrals

Juvenile court offense referrals are a way to track trends in juvenile crime. A court referral is a listing of a juvenile's name and offense in the juvenile court's legal record keeping system. It is a record that the juvenile was arrested or cited for an offense by a law enforcement agency, and then referred to the prosecutor. A referral is not a conviction.

The number of juvenile court offense referrals is always greater than the number of arrests, because a referral may include other court procedures, such as warrants.

In 2005, the Administrative Office of the Courts converted counties from the previous JUVIS reporting system to a new Juvenile and Corrections System (JCS). The JCS is a major component of the effort to better serve the needs of courts and judges. As a result of the statewide conversion to JCS, pre-2006 data is not comparable. Data for 2007, 2008 and 2009 has been reviewed.

The JCS was developed to support the unique needs of juvenile departments, standardizing data and enabling statewide data sharing with JIS, local court systems and other justice agencies. The new system is Web-based – much more user-friendly than the old code-driven system – and eliminates the need for multiple entries of the same data.

Previously, AOC used four applications to record and process information on each juvenile in their system. These programs - the Judicial Information System (JIS), the Superior Court Management Information System (SCOMIS), the Juvenile Information System (JUVIS), all mainframe-based applications and the Court Automated Proceedings and Scheduling System (CAPS), a web-based application needed to be integrated and simplified to enable customers to decrease duplicate data-entry time, to provide a single consolidated view of as much pertinent information about a youth as possible, and for professionals working on a case to access information easily.

The county prosecutor is responsible for prosecuting juvenile cases. The prosecutor decides whether to divert a case, whether charges should be filed and which offenses should be charged. A juvenile may be involved in more than one case within a year depending on the number of times the juvenile offends. A case may involve

more than one charge/offense depending on the circumstances of the event and the decision of the prosecutor.

Juveniles who commit minor/first offenses may be offered diversion instead of being taken to court. Juveniles who do not complete a diversion agreement, refuse diversion, or are refused diversion are charged in juvenile court.

In 2010, 35,325 cases were referred to the prosecutor for criminal offenses. Cases referred to diversion comprised 41 percent of the cases and charges were filed on 49 percent of the cases; and on eight percent of the cases there was no action taken. The courts remanded juveniles to adult court in less than one percent of the cases charged.

In 2010, just over five percent of the juvenile cases where a youth was found to be guilty were sentenced to the Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration (JRA). Seventy-eight percent of the cases were sentenced to local detention.

During 2010, 177 juvenile cases (less than one half of one percent of those juvenile cases referred to the prosecutor) were transferred to adult court. Counties where ten or more juvenile cases were remanded to adult court were Clark (11), King (56), Pierce (29), Spokane (17), and Yakima (25).

## Race and Ethnic Distribution

Of the cases where race or ethnicity was recorded in 2010, 59 percent of the cases referred to the prosecutor were White, twelve percent were Black, four percent were Native American, eighteen percent were Hispanic, three percent were Asian American, and four percent were unknown/other.

Of the juvenile cases remanded to adult court where race was recorded 30 percent of the juveniles were White, 32 percent were Black, two percent were Native American, 28 percent were Hispanic, and less than one percent were Asian American.

In 2010, 7,484 juvenile cases were sentenced within the local standard range. Of those cases where race or ethnicity was recorded, 55.3 percent were White, 15.8 percent were Black, 3.7 percent were Native American, 22 percent were Hispanic, and 2.4 were Asian American.

The following table shows the percentage of youth referred to the prosecutor by race/ethnicity and the percentage of those youth that had charges filed or diversions filed.

**Table 65**  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals/Case Results by Race/Ethnicity 2010**

	Total	White	Black	Native American	Hispanic	Asian
<i>% of Total Referred to Prosecutor</i>	<b>38,325</b>	59.1%	12.2%	4.0%	17.8%	3.1%
<i>% of Referrals with Charges Filed</i>	<b>18,609</b>	55.3%	15.5%	4.0%	19.5%	2.7%
<i>% of Referrals with Diversions Filed</i>	<b>15,849</b>	64.2%	8.2%	2.6%	16.1%	3.9%
	Total	White	Black	Native American	Hispanic	Asian
<b>Total Guilty</b>	<b>9,767</b>	<b>5,183</b>	<b>1,552</b>	<b>385</b>	<b>2,157</b>	<b>234</b>
<i>% Guilty</i>		53.1%	15.9%	3.9%	22.1%	2.4%
<b>Standard Range</b>	<b>7,878</b>	<b>4,353</b>	<b>1,243</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>1,735</b>	<b>193</b>
<i>% of total Standard Range</i>		55.3%	15.8%	3.7%	22.0%	2.4%
<i>% of total guilty that received standard range</i>	80.7%	84.0%	80.1%	74.8%	80.4%	82.5%
<b>Total Manifest Injustice (MI)</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>10</b>
<i>% of total guilty that received MI</i>	2.8%	3.2%	2.6%	2.6%	2.1%	4.3%
MI Up	<b>240</b>	<b>153</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>9</b>
<i>% of MIs that were MI Up</i>	87.0%	92.2%	67.5%	90.0%	82.2%	90.0%
MI Down	<b>36</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>1</b>
<i>% of MIs that were MI Down</i>	13.0%	7.8%	32.5%	10.0%	17.8%	10.0%

Data obtained from Administrator Office of the Courts.  
Does not include "Other" category.

Table 66

**2010 Juvenile Offense Referrals Statewide by Race/Ethnicity**

	Statewide Totals		2010	State Pop
	Number	Percent		Age 10-17
<b>White</b>	22,656	59.12		67.20
<b>Black</b>	4,665	12.17		5.66
<b>Asian</b>	1,225	3.20		8.31
<b>Hispanic</b>	6,822	17.80		16.82
<b>Native American</b>	1,360	3.55		2.00
<b>Other/Unknown</b>	1,597	4.17		**
<b>TOTAL</b>				
<b>REFERRALS</b>	<b>38,325</b>		<b>100</b>	

Source: Puzzanchera, C., Sladky, A., and Kang, W. (2011), "Easy Access to Juvenile Populations: 1990-2010," Online. JCS referrals were obtained from report 3012, produced by the Administrative Office of the Courts.

**Table 67**  
**2010 Juvenile Offense Referrals by County by Race/Ethnicity**

County	White	Black	Native American	Hispanic	Asian	Other/Unknown	Total
Adams	63	1	0	232	1	65	362
Asotin/Garfield	170	5	2	1	1	2	181
Benton/Franklin	1,419	120	8	1,209	16	94	2,866
Chelan	275	14	9	210	2	16	526
Clallam	362	23	71	17	1	17	491
Clark	2,155	296	25	237	62	271	3,046
Cowlitz	752	42	30	132	19	21	996
Douglas	176	3	8	141	1	43	372
Ferry	6	1	15	0	0	3	25
Grant	382	29	32	572	3	48	1,066
Grays Harbor	403	11	41	43	9	35	542
Island	252	25	4	17	11	12	321
Jefferson	109	5	5	8	1	5	133
King	2,593	1,803	122	730	494	148	5,890
Kitsap	1,085	148	89	156	59	161	1,698
Kittitas	146	11	1	11	1	30	200
Klickitat	101	0	9	11	1	5	127
Lewis	419	16	9	65	3	39	551
Lincoln	66	1	4	0	0	6	77
Mason	251	10	14	19	3	31	328
Okanogan	149	4	118	104	4	10	389
Pacific/Wahkiakum	81	3	2	9	6	48	149
Pend Oreille	63	3	2	0	0	5	73
Pierce	2,745	1,136	94	394	244	23	4,636
San Juan	42	3	0	3	0	0	48
Skagit	616	22	45	327	8	17	1,035
Skamania	63	3	6	10	2	3	87
Snohomish	2,436	329	118	314	121	48	3,366
Spokane	2,257	296	168	97	44	21	2,883
Stevens	234	5	11	8	0	31	289
Thurston	1,101	143	46	154	76	40	1,560
Walla Walla	375	30	14	231	5	99	754
Whatcom	598	52	140	143	22	3	958
Whitman	89	7	2	3	0	7	108
Yakima	622	65	96	1,214	5	190	2,192
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>22,656</b>	<b>4,665</b>	<b>1,360</b>	<b>6,822</b>	<b>1,225</b>	<b>1,597</b>	<b>38,325</b>

Data obtained from Administrator Office of the Courts.

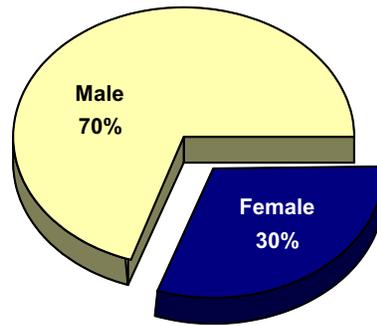
Table 68

## 2010 Juvenile Offense Referrals by County/Gender

County	Male		Female	
	Total	%	Total	%
Adams	277	76.7	84	23.3
Asotin/Garfield	120	66.3	61	33.7
Benton/Franklin	2,042	71.4	818	28.6
Chelan	339	64.4	187	35.6
Clallam	327	66.6	164	33.4
Clark	2,125	69.8	920	30.2
Cowlitz	731	73.4	265	26.6
Douglas	242	65.2	129	34.8
Ferry	21	84.0	4	16.0
Grant	755	70.8	311	29.2
Grays Harbor	368	68.1	172	31.9
Island	211	65.7	110	34.3
Jefferson	91	68.4	42	31.6
King	4,147	70.7	1,720	29.3
Kitsap	1,147	67.8	544	32.2
Kittitas	142	71.0	58	29.0
Klickitat	86	67.7	41	32.3
Lewis	368	66.8	183	33.2
Lincoln	60	77.9	17	22.1
Mason	234	71.6	93	28.4
Okanogan	265	68.1	124	31.9
Pacific/Wahkiakum	104	69.8	45	30.2
Pend Oreille	51	69.9	22	30.1
Pierce	3,240	69.9	1,395	30.1
San Juan	26	54.2	22	45.8
Skagit	686	66.3	348	33.7
Skamania	64	73.6	23	26.4
Snohomish	2,296	68.2	1,070	31.8
Spokane	2,037	70.7	845	29.3
Stevens	200	70.4	84	29.6
Thurston	1,038	66.8	516	33.2
Walla Walla	540	72.2	208	27.8
Whatcom	646	67.4	312	32.6
Whitman	87	80.6	21	19.4
Yakima	1,573	71.8	618	28.2
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>26,686</b>	<b>69.7</b>	<b>11,576</b>	<b>30.3</b>

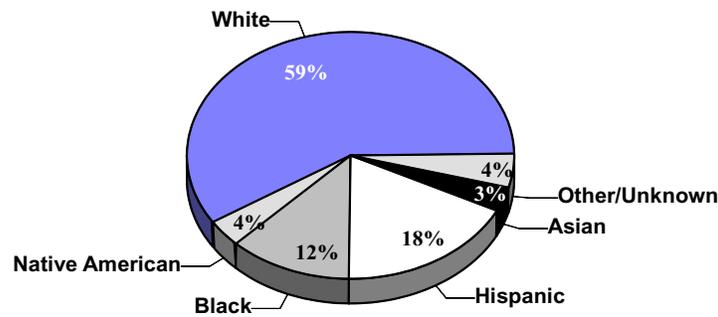
Data obtained from Administrator Office of the Courts.  
Does not include Unknown (+63)

Graph 36  
**2010 Juvenile Offense Referrals  
 by Gender \***



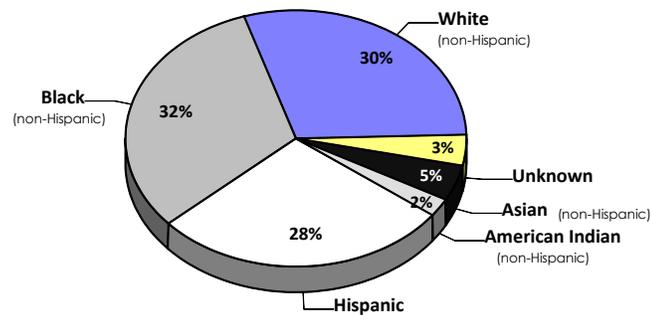
\* Data include King County.  
 Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, JCS system.

Graph 37  
**2010 Juvenile Offense Referrals  
 by Race/Ethnicity \***



\* Data include King County; percentages have been rounded.  
 Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, JCS system, Report 3012.

Graph 38  
**Cases Transferred to Adult Court Jurisdiction\*  
 By Race/Ethnicity for 2010**



Percentages have been rounded.  
 \* Includes both exclusive adult original jurisdiction (auto decline) and discretionary cases.  
 Data Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, November 2011; extracted from the Superior Court data warehouse.

Table 69

Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010

COUNTY	Legal			Informal			Div.			Div			Div
	Referred to Juv. Dept.	Cases Filed	Diversions Filed	No Action* Taken	Action Taken	Div Comp	Counseled & Released	Div in Process	Total Div Not Compl	Div Reject by Div Unit	Refused by Juv	Div Compl Filed	
Adams	362	86	124	30	10	66	20	125	0				
Asotin/Garfield	181	83	83	19	3	21		41	1		1		
Benton/Franklin	2,866	1,247	1,189	300	22	298	471	392	172	120	45	7	
Chelan	526	233	149	56		58	1	98	4	2		2	
Clallam	491	282	162	34		49	26	110	3			3	
Clark	3,046	1,258	1,357	177	300	602	41	677	110	88	22		
Cowlitz	996	533	377	42	7	121	6	128	86	78	8		
Douglas	372	164	188	26	4	71	10	114				1	
Ferry	25	17	2					2	0				
Grant	1,066	389	418	164	24	116	10	253	27	24	2	1	
Grays Harbor	542	206	240	5	81	88	1	174	33	26	7		
Island	321	191	136	32	1	74		126	2			1	1
Jefferson	133	70	66	6		29		52	8	3	4	1	
King	5,890	3,354	1,955	1		652	394	1,160	146	146			
Kitsap	1,698	877	593	205	46	322	7	367	103	61	23	19	
Kittitas	200	120	79	3		12	8	26	12	10	2		
Klickitat	127	63	58	3		18		47	1				1
Lewis	551	307	199	81	2	102		155	23	12	10	1	
Lincoln	77	26	37	2	1	17	2	37					
Mason	328	147	120	29		54	9	72	46	32	12	1	1
Okanogan	389	244	121	67		26	12	66	25	12	5	8	
Pacific /Wahkiakum	149	84	50			29	3	65	11	9	2		
Pend Oreille	73	33	28	9	1			15	1		1		
Pierce	4,636	1,926	1,905	764	142	884	23	1,157	460	344	80	14	22
San Juan	48	32	11	2	1	3		11	0				
Skagit	1,035	468	496	26	18	173	90	249	83	65	18		
Skamania	87	42	48	8	3	22	1	36	6	2	3	1	
Snohomish	3,366	1,625	2,069	403	4	701	205	640	599	554	32	11	2
Spokane	2,883	1,195	1,281	310	85	238	160	482	310	289	21		
Stevens	289	131	114	61	4	28	3	65	17	7	10		
Thurston	1,560	987	492	3	1	361	19	629	149	82	60	7	
Walla Walla /Columbia	754	275	220	62	6	60		176	25	9	10	4	2
Whatcom	958	474	488	8	6	184	12	329	69	26	15	28	
Whitman	108	50	34	35	1	3	2	8					
Yakima	2,192	1,390	960	223	11	491	4	716	127	72	12	40	3
<b>Total</b>	<b>38,325</b>	<b>18,609</b>	<b>15,849</b>	<b>3,196</b>	<b>784</b>	<b>5,973</b>	<b>1,540</b>	<b>8,800</b>	<b>2,660</b>	<b>2,073</b>	<b>405</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>32</b>

Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.

These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts. May 2011

**Table 69 (Continued)**  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2009**

COUNTY	Charge		Total Guilty	Found Guilty	Plead Guilty	Not Sentenced	JRA	JRA Std Range		JRA MI Up	JRA MI Down	Local Range	Local MI Up	Local MI Down	Not Sent Yet
	Dismissed	Not Guilty													
Adams	14		28		28	19	3	3				31			19
Asotin/Garfield	19		56		56	13	20	16	4			51	5		13
Benton/Franklin	226	15	882	27	855	145	19	16	2	1		644	5	2	145
Chelan	45		152		152	45	7	4	3			118	8		45
Clallam	78		136	31	105	77	6	6				94	1		77
Clark	135	13	985	37	948	140	53	39	14			731	10	2	140
Cowlitz	68	7	303	20	283	83	16	12	3	1		234	4		83
Douglas	18		89	2	87	11	0					77			11
Ferry	4		7		7	3	0					0			3
Grant	65	1	262	13	249	60	1	1	1			213	3		60
Grays Harbor	41	2	126	20	106	31	20	11	9			122	5		31
Island	56		92	5	87	46	2		2			80	2		46
Jefferson	22	1	30	4	26	23		4				28			23
King	1,737	21	1,374	104	1,270	822	13		11	2		919	12	17	822
Kitsap	189	1	442	15	427	110	4	4				464		1	110
Kittitas	13	3	53	5	48	17	6	6				51			17
Klickitat	21		28		28	15	2	2				26	3		15
Lewis	64	1	134	11	123	60	23	23				137	16		60
Lincoln	2		5		5	1	1	1				9			1
Mason	32		67	3	64	62	10	10				72	6		62
Okanogan	32	1	172	1	171	20	6	6				139	5		20
Pacific/Wahkiakum	23		41		41	14	8	7	1			21			14
Pend Oreille	12	1	14		14	13	2	2				7			13
Pierce	399	6	984	44	940	74	83	76	7			841	4	3	74
San Juan	3		14	1	13	2	0					20			2
Skagit	199	1	264		264	80	9	9				228			80
Skamania	18		12		12	26	0					11			26
Snohomish	550	3	586	35	551	321	28	19	9			394	11		321
Spokane	751		413	3	410	539	31	24	6	1		312	14		539
Stevens	40		82		82	37	2	2				66			37
Thurston	209	4	661	26	635	190	54	40	13	1		614	12		190
Walla Walla/Columbia	78	1	193	1	192	56	20	12	8			172	8		56
Whatcom	127	6	292	10	282	64	12	12				185			64
Whitman	19		23		23	11	2	2				19	1		11
Yakima	460		761	23	738	366	31	26	4	1		509	11	4	366
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,769</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>9,763</b>	<b>441</b>	<b>9,322</b>	<b>3,596</b>	<b>498</b>	<b>394</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>7,659</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>3,596</b>	

**Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.**

These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011  
 Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.

**Table 70**  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010**  
**GENDER GROUP: MALES**

COUNTY	Legal Cases		Diversion		Informal Action		Div. Counselor & Released		Div. in Process		Total Div. Not Comp		Div. Refused by Juv		Div. Not Compl Filed		Div. Not Action	
	Referred to Juv. Dept.	Filed	Filed	Not Taken	Action Taken	Comp	& Released	Process	Not Comp	by Div Unit	by Juv	Not Compl	Not Compl	Not Compl	Not Compl	Not Compl	Not Compl	
Adams	277	69	84	23	8	44	18	85	0									
Asotin/Garfield	120	59	54	14	2	11		25	0									
Benton/Franklin	2,042	980	716	220	19	189	268	233	101	67	33							
Chelan	339	158	76	35		32		53	2									
Clallam	327	193	97	27		23		65	3									
Clark	2,125	951	844	128	199	353	22	437	61	46	15							
Cowlitz	731	397	248	32	7	78	31	86	58	53	5							
Douglas	242	119	98	22	4	41		64										
Ferry	21	15	2					2	0									
Grant	755	282	271	116	21	77	4	173	17	14	2							
Grays Harbor	368	162	132	4	59	49	1	91	20	16	4							
Island	211	131	82	19	1	44		78	1									
Jefferson	91	51	42	4		19		34	4	1	2							
King *	4,147	2,505	1,231	1		394	292	690	80	80								
Kitsap	1,147	600	349	152	39	189	5	215	53	33	12							
Kittitas	142	95	50	1		8	6	17	7	6	1							
Klickitat	86	44	36	2		12		28	0									
Lewis	368	215	112	64	2	49		81	19	9	1							
Lincoln	60	25	21	2	1	12	2	21										
Mason	234	103	77	23		36	4	45	29	19	8							
Okanogan	265	178	70	49		15	9	39	15	6	3							
Pacific/Wahkiakum	104	66	29	15		16	1	39	8	7	1							
Pend Oreille	51	23	18	7	1			11	1									
Pierce	3,240	1,501	1,146	528	87	539	15	717	271	198	48							
San Juan	26	19	5		1	3		5	0									
Skagit	686	343	261	19	16	84	51	125	47	34	13							
Skamania	64	28	32	8	2	16		24	4	2	1							
Snohomish	2,296	1,161	1,285	308	2	404	131	413	419	395	20							
Spokane	2,037	918	760	221	54	165	73	339	189	174	15							
Stevens	200	95	84	35	4	19	3	47	12	5	7							
Thurston	1,038	703	284	2		203	8	362	86	44	37							
Walla Walla/Columbia	540	209	129	49	3	34		100	18	8	7							
Whatcom	646	342	301	7	4	102	5	198	43	22	9							
Whitman	87	44	27	28	1	2		5										
Yakima	1,573	1,073	591	167	9	284	3	435	87	50	7							
<b>Total</b>	<b>26,686</b>	<b>13,857</b>	<b>9,644</b>	<b>2,332</b>	<b>546</b>	<b>3,546</b>	<b>952</b>	<b>5,382</b>	<b>1,655</b>	<b>1,291</b>	<b>260</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>19</b>	

**Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.**

These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011

Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.

Informal Action includes: Form letter response, Other remedies available, and Counselor, closed at intake.

Transfer to Adult Court is the number of referrals that were moved into the Adult system because of age of the juvenile, seriousness of the offense, or the juvenile's criminal history.

\* **No Action** includes cases not filed include: no action, too young to prosecute, forward for adult prosecution, incompetent/incapacity, incomplete facts, referred to another agency, unable to locate, witness/victim unavailable or uncooperative.

Table 70 (Continued)

Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010

GENDER GROUP: MALES

COUNTY	Charges Dismissed		Found Not Guilty		Total Guilty		Found Guilty		Plead Guilty		Not Sentenced JRA		JRA MI		Local		Local MI		Not Sent Yet			
											Range	Up	Down	Range	Up	Down	Range	Up	Down	Range	Up	Down
Adams		10			25						3			3			25			15		
Asotin/Garfield		72			214						17			14			39			34		
Benton/Franklin		114	22		478	22					17			14			538			532		
Chelan		32			109						5			3			85			78		
Clallam		53	17		86	17					3			3			66			66		
Clark		104	32		759	32					46			37			560			550		
Cowlitz		50			215	14					15			12			176			172		
Douglas		12	2		65	2					0						54			54		
Ferry		3			6						0						0					
Grant		53	12		241	12					1			1			153			150		
Grays Harbor		25	20		107	20					14			9			105			100		
Island		41	3		63	3					2			2			55			53		
Jefferson		18	3		21	3					2			2			18			18		
King *	1,169		88		1,120	88					10			9			757			729		
Kitsap		117	12		331	12					4			4			341			340		
Kittitas		8	4		45	4					6			6			44			44		
Klickitat		14			24						2			2			22			19		
Lewis		46	10		107	10					23			23			109			93		
Lincoln		2			5						1			1			9			9		
Mason		20	3		47	3					9			9			53			48		
Okanogan		23	1		129	1					6			6			103			98		
Pacific/Wahkiakum		60			35						7			7			17			17		
Pend Oreille		10			10						2			2			6			6		
Pierce		274	35		819	35					73			66			689			682		
San Juan		3			7						0						10			10		
Skagit		134			203						8			8			180			180		
Skamania		13			7						0						7			7		
Snohomish		360	21		459	21					20			15			304			295		
Spokane		542	3		330	3					29			24			256			242		
Stevens		23			23						2			2			47			47		
Thurston		134	20		484	20					48			37			451			442		
Walla Walla/Columbia		97	14		133	14					19			12			136			128		
Whatcom		90	4		204	4					12			12			134			134		
Whitman		14			20						2			2			17			16		
Yakima		345	20		594	20					30			25			404			391		
<b>Total</b>		<b>4,085</b>	<b>346</b>		<b>7,525</b>	<b>362</b>					<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>72</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>133</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		
											<b>438</b>			<b>360</b>			<b>5,970</b>			<b>5,809</b>		

**Table 71**  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010**  
**GENDER GROUP: FEMALES**

COUNTY	Referred to Juv. Dept	Legal Cases Filed		Diversions		No Action*		Informal Action		Div. Counselor & Released		Div. in Progress	Total Div		Div Reject by Div Unit	Div Refused by Juv	Div Compl Filed	Div Not Compl No Action
		Filed	Filed	Filed	Filed	Taken	Taken	Comp	Counseled & Released	Not Comp	Not Comp							
Adams	84	16	40	7	22	2	40	2	0									
Asotin/Garfield	61	24	29	5	10	1	16	1	1									
Benton/Franklin	818	262	471	80	109	3	157	203	70	52	12							
Chelan	187	75	73	21	26		45		2									
Clallam	164	89	65	7	26		45	1	0									
Clark	920	307	513	48	249	101	240	4	49	42	7							
Cowlitz	265	136	129	10	43		42	10	28	25	3							
Douglas	129	45	89	4	30		49	6										
Ferry	4	2																
Grant	311	107	147	48	39	3	80	6	10	10								
Grays Harbor	172	44	107	1	38	21	82		13	10	3							
Island	110	60	54	13	30		48		4	2								
Jefferson	42	19	24	2	10		18		4	2								
King *	1,720	838	720	49	256	7	467	102	66	66								
Kitsap	544	277	241	49	131	7	149	2	50	28	11							
Kittitas	58	25	29	2	4		9	2	4	4	1							
Klickitat	41	19	22	1	6		19											
Lewis	183	92	87	17	53		74		4	3	1							
Lincoln	17	1	16		5		16											
Mason	93	44	43	6	18		27	5	17	13	4							
Okanogan	124	66	51	18	11		27	3	10	6	2							
Pacific /Wahkiakum	45	18	21	2	13		26	2	3	2	1							
Pend Oreille	22	10	10	2			4											
Pierce	1,395	424	758	236	345	55	440	8	188	145	32							
San Juan	22	13	6	2			6		0									
Skagit	348	124	235	7	89	2	124	39	36	31	5							
Skamania	23	14	16		6	1	12	1	2		2							
Snohomish	1,070	464	784	95	297	2	227	74	180	159	12							
Spokane	845	277	520	89	73	31	142	87	121	115	6							
Stevens	84	33	28	26	9		16		5	2	3							
Thurston	516	279	207	1	158	1	266	10	63	38	23							
Walla Walla/Columbia	208	63	89	13	25	3	74		7	1	3							
Whatcom	312	132	187	1	82	2	131	7	26	4	6							
Whitman	21	6	7	7	1		3	2										
Yakima	618	317	368	56	207	2	280	1	40	22	5							
<b>Total</b>	<b>11,576</b>	<b>4,722</b>	<b>6,186</b>	<b>876</b>	<b>2,421</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>3,401</b>	<b>577</b>	<b>995</b>	<b>780</b>	<b>145</b>							<b>13</b>

**Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.**

These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011

Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.

Informal Action includes: Form letter response, Other remedies available, and Counselor, closed at intake.

Transfer to Adult Court is the number of referrals that were moved into the Adult system because of age of the juvenile, seriousness of the offense, or the juvenile's criminal history.

\* **No Action** includes cases not filed include: no action, too young to prosecute, forward for adult prosecution, incompetent/incapacity, incomplete facts, referred to another agency.



Table 72  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010**  
 ETHNIC GROUP: WHITE

COUNTY	Referred to Juv. Dept.	Legal Cases Filed	Diversion Filed	No Action Taken	Informal Action Taken	Div Comp	Div. Counselor & Released	Div in Process	Total Div Not Comp	Div Reject by Div Unit	Div Refused by Juv	Div. Not Complete Filed	Div. Not Complete No Action
Adams	63	14	22	6	3	10	7	21					
Asotin/Garfield	170	76	80	18	3	21		40				1	
Benton/Franklin	1,419	527	677	153	12	168	263	219	105	68	26	3	
Chelan	275	126	75	22		35		55	8	2			
Clallam	362	199	131	27		44	1	93	42				2
Clark	2,155	903	939	122	224	433	21	500	43	59	13		
Cowlitz	752	391	293	34	5	95	30	95	33	55	7		
Douglas	176	73	88	13	4	41	4	61					
Ferry	6	3							1				
Grant	382	136	170	54	11	59	5	104	47	5	2		
Grays Harbor	403	152	177	4	71	80	1	133	71	19	6		
Island	252	152	108	21	1	59		99	13			1	1
Jefferson	109	56	55	6		23		43	17	2	3		1
King *	2,593	1,226	1,097	1		361	274	615	37	47			
Kitsap	1,085	571	432	93	30	240	4	273	37	45	17	15	
Kittitas	146	88	55	2		11	7	22	22	6	2		
Klickitat	101	47	49	3		15		41					1
Lewis	419	237	150	65		77		116	32	9	9	1	
Lincoln	66	25	32	1		15	2	32					
Mason	251	120	85	26		41	7	55	1	22	9		
Okanogan	149	99	49	17		10	6	29	17	2	2	3	
Pacific/Wahkiakum	81	49	20	11		12	3	30	11	4	1		
Pend Oreille	63	30	23	7				12					
Pierce	2,745	1,000	1,242	473		601	12	775	517	207	51	8	7
San Juan	42	26	10	2		3		10	2				
Skagit	616	264	314	16	14	96	75	148		28	14		
Skamania	63	30	38	4		18	1	29	1		2	1	
Snohomish	2,436	1,133	1,499	290	3	521	169	488	310	368	23	5	
Spokane	2,257	917	1,049	241	72	207	136	401	369	228	19		
Stevens	234	98	96	56	3	24	3	55	9	5	8		
Thurston	1,101	692	355	2		268	13	452	155	57	41	5	
Walla Wall/Columbia	375	135	103	34	4	28		85	3	2	3	3	
Whatcom	598	278	363	7	4	146	9	244	62	10	12		
Whitman	89	42	29	30	1	3	2	8	3				
Yakima	622	373	269	63	4	156	3	220	24	14	2	8	
<b>Total</b>	<b>22,656</b>	<b>10,288</b>	<b>10,174</b>	<b>1,924</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>3,921</b>	<b>1,058</b>	<b>5,603</b>	<b>1,955</b>	<b>1,254</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>9</b>

Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to ICS system.

These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011

Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.

Informal Action includes: Form letter response, Other remedies available, and Counselor, closed at intake.

Transfer to Adult Court is the number of referrals that were moved into the Adult system because of age of the juvenile, seriousness of the offense, or the juvenile's criminal history.

Table 72 (Continued)

Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010

ETHNIC GROUP: WHITE

COUNTY	Charges Dismissed		Found Not Guilty		Total Guilty	Found Guilty		Plead Guilty		Not Sentenced JRA		JRA Std Range		JRA MI Up		JRA MI Down		Local Range		Local MI Up		Local MI Down		Not Sent Yet	
Adams	2				6	6				6	3								7	7					3
Asotin/Garfield	17				52	52				14	12	18							52	47					12
Benton/Franklin	95		5	334	13	321	13			9	65	11						246	241					65	
Chelan	24			88		88				5	22	7						72	67					22	
Clallam	59			95	28	67	28			6	58	6						63	62					58	
Clark	103		9	729	35	694	35			31	100	43						537	527					100	
Cowlitz	52		6	211	16	195	16			7	70	10						162	159					70	
Douglas	11			38	1	37	1			2	3	2						36	36					3	
Ferry				2		2																			
Grant	24			88	3	85	3			5	16	5						72	71					16	
Grays Harbor	34		2	96	13	83	13			7	25	14						90	87					25	
Island	44			69	2	67	2			3	35	5						64	62					35	
Jefferson	21		1	25	4	21	4			4	21	4						24	24					21	
King	711		7	433	21	412	21			17	356	25						287	280					356	
Kitsap	121		1	272	7	265	7			6	72	6						283	282					72	
Kititas	8		2	38	2	36	2				10							38	38					10	
Klickitat	13			18		18				2	12	2						17	16					12	
Lewis	50		1	98	6	92	6			10	46	10						97	89					46	
Lincoln	2			5		5				2	1	2						9	9					1	
Mason	25			54	3	51	3			11	51	11						62	56					51	
Okanogan	12		1	62		62				4	4	4						55	51					4	
Pacific/Wahkiakum	14			23		23				4	6	5						13	13					6	
Pend Oreille	11		1	12		12				11	11							6	6					11	
Pierce	207		4	461	26	435	26			25	40	27						413	409					40	
San Juan	2			13	1	12	1			2	2							17	17					2	
Skagit	109			141		141				6	45	6						119	119					45	
Skamania	12			10		10				16	16							9	9					16	
Snohomish	360		2	399	26	373	26			11	228	17						265	258					228	
Spokane	579			309	2	307	2			16	420	21						231	223					420	
Stevens	32			63		63				28	28							48	48					28	
Thurston	150		1	459	18	441	18			43	132	54						434	426					132	
Walla Walla/Columbia	50		1	87	1	86	1			6	32	10						75	72					32	
Whatcom	88		4	184	8	176	8			8	39	8						112	112					39	
Whitman	15			21		21				7	7	2						18	17					7	
Yakima	113			192	11	181	11			5	95	6						145	142					95	
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,170</b>		<b>48</b>	<b>5,187</b>	<b>247</b>	<b>4,940</b>	<b>247</b>			<b>271</b>	<b>2,083</b>	<b>341</b>					<b>4,178</b>	<b>4,082</b>			<b>87</b>		<b>9</b>	<b>2,083</b>	

Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.

These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011

Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.

Table 73  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010**  
 ETHNIC GROUP: BLACK

COUNTY	Referred to Juv. Dept.		Legal Cases		Diversions		Informal Action		Div		Div		Div		Div	
	Filed	Not Filed	Filed	Not Filed	Action Taken	Comp	Counseled & Released	Div in Process	Total Div Not Comp	Div Reject by Div Unit	Div Refused by Juv	Div. Not Compl Filed	Div. Not Compl No Action			
Adams	1	0	0	0												
Asotin/Garfield	5	4	4	1					1							
Benton/Franklin	120	46	41	14	1	12	14	16	4	3	1					
Chelan	14	8	4	1		3		4								
Clallam	23	14	6	1		1		3								
Clark	296	159	107	27	26	37	1	47	18	13	5					
Cowlitz	42	26	8	2		1	2	4	1							
Douglas	3	0	3													
Ferry	1	0														
Grant	29	16	7	1		1		4								1
Grays Harbor	11	7	3		1	1		3	0							
Island	25	17	6	3		4		6								
Jefferson	5	1	4			3		3		1						
King	1,803	1,278	356			125	36	246	44	44						
Kitsap	148	99	39	15	5	21	1	22	9	6	1	2				
Kititas	11	9	2													
Klickitat	0	0		2				1								
Lewis	16	9	2													
Lincoln	1	0		1												
Mason	10	4	6	1		4		4	1	1						
Okanogan	4	4	2			1		2								1
Pacific/Wahkiakum	3	3														
Pend Oreille	3	1	2					1								
Pierce	1,136	616	342	168		136	4	183	116	82	23	4	7			
San Juan	3	4														
Skagit	22	13	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1						
Skamania	3	2	1													
Snohomish	329	204	179	37		49	10	40	84	77	5	1	1			
Spokane	296	135	103	40	9	12	9	37	29	29						
Stevens	5	2	3			1		2								
Thurston	143	106	29			21	1	44	16	9	6	1				
Walla Walla/Columbia	30	8	4	1		3		3								
Whatcom	52	37	17			6	1	13	3	1						2
Whitman	7	3		4												
Yakima	65	53	12	9	1	4		8	1	1						
<b>Total</b>	<b>4665</b>	<b>2888</b>	<b>1295</b>	<b>328</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>444</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>698</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>271</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>			

Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.  
 These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011  
 Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.  
 Informal Action includes: Form letter response, Other remedies available, and Counseled, closed at intake.

Table 73 (Continued)

Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010

ETHNIC GROUP: BLACK

COUNTY	Charges Dismissed	Found Not Guilty	Total Found Guilty	Found Guilty	Plead Guilty	Not Sentenced	JRA	JRA Std Range	JRA MI Up	JRA MI Down	Local	Local Std Range	Local MI Up	Local MI Down	Not Sent Yet
Adams															
Asotin/Garfield	2		2		2	1	2	2			2	2			1
Benton/Franklin	5		60		60	4	1	1			19	19			4
Chelan	1		3		3	2	1	1			4	3	1		2
Clallam	5		4		4	4					5	5			4
Clark	21	2	109		109	25	5	4	1		83	82		1	25
Cowlitz	2		18	1	17	3	1	1			13	13			3
Douglas															
Ferry															
Grant	5		12	1	11	1					10	10			1
Grays Harbor			5	2	3	2	5	4	1		7	5	2		2
Island	3		11	1	10	3					8	8			3
Jefferson			1		1										
King	588	11	584	59	525	271	49	45	4		398	385	5	8	271
Kitsap	22		52	1	51	12	1	1			57	57			12
Kittitas	1		5		5	2	2	2			4	4			2
Klickitat	2														
Lewis	4		5		5	3	2	2			7	6	1		3
Lincoln															
Mason	2					2									2
Okanogan			2	1	1						1	1			
Pacific /Wahkiakum			3		3		1	1			1	1			
Pend Oreille						1									1
Pierce	133	2	375	13	362	19	33	31	2		304	301	3	3	19
San Juan	1										2	2			
Skagit	8		4		4	4					1	1			4
Skamania	2					2									2
Snohomish	69	1	96	6	90	36	5	4	1		68	65	3		36
Spokane	88		51		51	59	5	3	2		41	38	3		59
Stevens			1		1	1					1	1			1
Thurston	18	1	87	4	83	15	13	11	1		75	75			15
Walla Walla /Columbia	1		4		4	1	1	1			3	3			1
Whatcom	8		29	8	29	2	2	2			22	22			2
Whitman	2		2		2	1					1	1			1
Yakima	18		27	2	25	12					17	17			12
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,011</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>1,552</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>1,461</b>	<b>488</b>	<b>129</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1,154</b>	<b>1,127</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>488</b>

Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.

Table 74  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010**  
 ETHNIC GROUP: NATIVE AMERICAN

COUNTY	Referred to Juv. Dept.	Legal Cases			Diversions		Informal Action		Div		Div		Div		Div		Div. Not Compl
		Filed	Not Filed	Filed	Filed	Action	Comp	Counseled & Released	Process	Not Comp	Div Reject by Div Unit	Refused by Juv	Div. Not Compl Filed	No Action			
Adams	0	0															
Asotin/Garfield	2	1	1														
Benton/Franklin	8	1	5				1		3								
Chelan	9	8	1		1												
Clallam	71	49	16		6		2		8								
Clark	25	17	5		1		2		1								
Cowlitz	30	20	9				1		4								
Douglas	8	3	6						1								
Ferry	35	11	2						2								
Grant	12	18	12		4		1		3								
Grays Harbor	41	16	13		1		2		9								
Island	4	1	1		1				1								
Jefferson	5	4	1				1		1								
King	122	88	18				5		13								
Kitsap	89	30	13		3		2		10								
Kittitas	1	1															
Klickitat	9	7	2						2								
Lewis	9	7	0		1												
Lincoln	4	1	1				1		1								
Mason	14	5	7				2		2								
Okanogan	118	78	29		26		5		10								1
Pacific/Wahkiakum	2	0	2				2										
Pend Oreille	2	0			2												
Pierce	94	35	31		10		12		18								1
San Juan	0	0															
Skagit	45	20	14		1		6		8								
Skamania	6	2	4		1		2		3								
Snohomish	118	58	63		14		9		16								
Spokane	168	76	59		21		7		21								
Stevens	11	6	5		1		2		4								
Thurston	46	26	17				8		17								
Walla Walla /Columbia	14	3	2						2								
Whatcom	140	72	32				5		18								
Whitman	2	0			1												
Yakima	96	79	40		9		10		25								
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,360</b>	<b>743</b>	<b>411</b>		<b>104</b>		<b>84</b>		<b>209</b>								<b>13</b>

Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.

These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011

Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.

Informal Action includes: Form letter response, Other remedies available, and Counselor, closed at intake.

Transfer to Adult Court is the number of referrals that were moved into the Adult system because of age of the juvenile, seriousness of the offense, or the juvenile's criminal history.

Table 74 (Continued)  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010**  
 ETHNIC GROUP: NATIVE AMERICAN

COUNTY	Charges Dismissed		Found Guilty		Total Guilty	Found Guilty	Plead Guilty	Not Sentenced	JRA	JRA Std Range	JRA MI		Local MI Up	Local MI Down	Local Std Range	Local MI Up	Local MI Down	Not Sent Yet	
											Up	Down							
Adams																			
Asotin/Garfield					1										1				
Benton/Franklin																			
Chelan	2				7			2							6				2
Clallam	9				27	3		10	1	1					15				10
Clark	4				10			1	1	1					6				1
Cowlitz					15				2	2					15				
Douglas					1										1				
Ferry	2				4			1							0				1
Grant	2				7			5	1	1					7				5
Grays Harbor	2				9	1			2	1					7				
Island	1														0				1
Jefferson					1										2				
King	56	1			36	1		13							17		1		13
Kitsap	10				19	1		5	1	1					20				5
Kittitas															1				
Klickitat	1				5			1	1	1					4		1		1
Lewis	1				4	1		1	1	1					3				1
Lincoln															0				
Mason	1				4										1				2
Okanogan	7				59			8	1	1					41				8
Pacific/Wahkiakum															0				
Pend Oreille															0				
Pierce	9				19	1			4	3					17				
San Juan	7																		
Skagit					10			2							13				2
Skamania					1			1							1				1
Snohomish	30				24			7	1	1					21				7
Spokane	43				28			31	1	1					20				31
Stevens	1				3			2							3				2
Thurston	4				19	2		4	2	2					13				4
Walla Walla/Columbia					1				2						0				
Whatcom	15	1			31	1		14							20				14
Whitman															0				
Yakima	32				40			19	1	1					21				19
<b>Total</b>	<b>239</b>	<b>2</b>			<b>385</b>	<b>11</b>		<b>130</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>18</b>		<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>270</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1</b>		<b>130</b>

Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.

These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011  
 Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.

Table 75  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010**  
 ETHNIC GROUP: HISPANIC

COUNTY	Referred to Juv. Dept.	Legal Charges Filed	Diversions Filed	No Action Taken	Informal Action Taken	Div Comp	Div Counseled & Released	Div in Process	Total Div Not Comp	Div Reject by Div Unit	Div Refused by Juv	Div Not Compl Filed	Div Not Compl No Action
Adams	232	55	81	18	5	46	11	84					
Asotin/Garfield	1	0	1	1									
Benton/Franklin	1,209	625	428	122	9	110	177	142	68	47	17	4	
Chelan	210	90	62	32		19		38	2			2	
Clallam	17	10	3			1		2	1			1	
Clark	237	114	80	12	23	29	1	38	11	8	3		
Cowlitz	132	78	45	4	2	15	3	16	14	13	1		
Douglas	141	73	61	10		17	1	31	1			1	
Ferry	0	0											
Grant	572	203	201	96	11	52	4	130	13	13			
Grays Harbor	43	26	19			1		11	5	4	1		
Island	17	10	8	3		4		8					
Jefferson	8	8	1						1		1		
King	730	461	219			63	26	128	31	31			
Kitsap	156	111	30	13	7	15		19	11	6	3	2	
Kittitas	11	8	3					1					
Klickitat	11	5	5			3		47					
Lewis	65	35	24	5		12		19	2	1	1		
Lincoln	0	0											
Mason	19	8	10	1		3	2	6	6	4	1	1	
Okanogan	104	57	37	21		8	1	23	9	4	3	2	
Pacific/Wahkiakum	9	7	4					4					
Pend Oreille	0	0											
Pierce	394	188	159	54	3	76	4	102	39	29	3	2	5
San Juan	3	2	1					1					
Skagit	327	163	149	8	1	64	11	86	36	32	4		
Skamania	10	6	4		1	1		3					
Snohomish	314	175	202	42		62	11	62	70	61	4	5	
Spokane	97	50	34	5	1	6	3	12	4	4			
Stevens	8	6	1	1					1	1			
Thurston	154	102	45	1	1	35	1	58	12	7	5		
Walla Walla/Columbia	231	91	64	16	1	15		53	7	4	2	1	
Whatcom	143	77	62		1	19	2	43	10	2	1	7	
Whitman	3	1	1										
Yakima	1,214	789	515	120	6	278	1	397	70	40	5	23	2
<b>Total</b>	<b>6,822</b>	<b>3,634</b>	<b>2,559</b>	<b>585</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>954</b>	<b>259</b>	<b>1,564</b>	<b>424</b>	<b>311</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>9</b>

Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.

These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011

Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.

Informal Action includes: Form letter response, Other remedies available, and Counseled, closed at intake.

Transfer to Adult Court is the number of referrals that were moved into the Adult system because of age of the juvenile, seriousness of the offense, or the juvenile's criminal history.

**Table 75 (Continued)**  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010**  
 ETHNIC GROUP: HISPANIC

COUNTY	Charges		Found		Total Guilty	Found Guilty	Plead Guilty	Not Sentenced	JRA	JRA Std Range	JRA MI Up	JRA MI Down	Local	Local Std Range	Local MI Up	Local MI Down	Not Sent Yet
	Dismissed	Not Guilty	Not Guilty	Guilty													
Adams	7			20	20			11	1					20			11
Asotin/Garfield				0	0												
Benton/Franklin	109	8		266	14		252	70	8	7		1	359	359	1	1	70
Chelan	1			59			59	19	2	1	1		43	43	1		19
Clallam				0				2					7	7			2
Clark	5	2		89	1		88	8	3	2	1		72	72	1		8
Cowlitz	6			52	3		49	7	2	1	1		39	39	1		7
Douglas	5			42	1		41	7	2	2			33	33			7
Ferry				213			213										
Grant	34	1		144	9		135	36	11	10	1		112	112	2		36
Grays Harbor	3			15	3		12	3	1	1			15	15			3
Island	4			6	2		4	4					4	4			4
Jefferson	1			3			3	2					2	2			2
King	225	1		196	9		187	111	14	14			135	135	3	2	111
Kitsap	14			73	6		67	11	4	4			76	76			11
Kittitas	2			5	3		2	1					3	3			1
Klickitat	3			2	2		2	1					2	2			1
Lewis	4			15	2		13	8	4	4			14	14	4		8
Lincoln				0													
Mason	2			2			2	5					2	2			5
Okanogah	11			41			41	7	1	1			36	36	1		7
Pacific/Wahkiakum	3			3			3	2	1	1			1	1			2
Pend Oreille				1			1										
Pierce	35			93	2		91	13	9	8	1		75	75			13
San Juan													1	1			
Skagit	74	1		101			101	27	10	10			89	89			27
Skamania	3			0				6									6
Snohomish	55			58	3		55	34					33	33			34
Spokane	27			20			20	21	2	2			15	15			21
Stevens				0				1					4	4			1
Thurston	22			63	2		61	25	7	6	1		57	57	2		25
Walla Walla/Columbia	14			73			73	16	5	5			66	66	5		16
Whatcom	15			43	1		42	8	2	2			26	26			8
Whitman				0													
Yakima	256			460	10		450	212	23	20	2	1	292	292	8	3	212
<b>Total</b>	<b>940</b>	<b>13</b>		<b>2,158</b>	<b>71</b>		<b>2,088</b>	<b>678</b>	<b>112</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1,633</b>	<b>1,633</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>678</b>

**Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.**  
 These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011.  
 Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.

Table 76  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010**  
 ETHNIC GROUP: ASIAN

COUNTY	Referred to Juv. Dept.	Legal Charges Filed	Diversion Filed	No Action Taken	Informal Action Taken	Div Comp	Div. Counselor & Released	Div in Process	Total Div Not Comp	Div Reject by Div Unit	Div Refused by Juv	Div Not Compl Filed	Div Not Compl No Action
Adams	1	0											
Asotin/Garfield	1	0		1									
Benton/Franklin	16	11	6	1			2		1		1		
Chelan	2	0	1			1		1					
Clallam	1	0											
Clark	62	16	38	3	7	21		18	1	1			
Cowlitz	19	9	13			3	1	3	7				
Douglas	1	1											
Ferry	0	0											
Grant	3	0	3					2					
Grays Harbor	9	2	4		1	2		4					
Island	11	5	7	2		2		6					
Jefferson	1	0	1			1		1					
King	494	232	212			79	44	124	12	12			
Kitsap	59	27	26	4	1	16		10	1	1			
Kittitas	1	0	1										
Klickitat	1	0	1										
Lewis	3	1	1	1		1		1					
Lincoln	0	0											
Mason	3	1	1						1	1			
Okanogan	4	2		1									
Pacific/Wahkiakum	6	2	4			3		4					
Pend Oreille	0	0											
Pierce	244	80	121	50		55	3	75	22	17	3		2
San Juan	0	0											
Skagit	8	4	5			1	1	1	1	1			
Skamania	2	2	1			1		1					
Snohomish	121	37	98	14	1	47	9	29	10	10			
Spokane	44	14	21	2		4	7	6	3	3			
Stevens	0	0											
Thurston	76	42	30			19	2	37	7	4	2	1	
Walla Walla/Columbia	5	4							1	1			
Whatcom	22	10	14	1		7		10	2	1	1		
Whitman	0	0											
Yakima	5	3	2			1		1					
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,225</b>	<b>505</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>80</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>264</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>334</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>

Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.

These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011  
 Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.  
 Informal Action includes: Form letter response, Other remedies available, and Counselor, closed at intake.

**Table 76 (Continued)**  
**Juvenile Court Offense Referrals by County for Juveniles with Referral Dates from January 1 through December 31, 2010**  
*ETHNIC GROUP: ASIAN*

COUNTY	Charges Dismissed		Found Not Guilty		Total Guilty		Found Guilty		Plead Guilty		Not Sentenced		JRA		JRA Std Range		JRA MI Up		JRA MI Down		Local Std Range		Local MI Up		Local MI Down		Not Sent Yet											
Adams																																						
Asotin/Garfield																																						
Benton/Franklin	2		1		8																																	
Chelan																																						
Clallam	1																																					
Clark	3				13																																	
Cowlitz	1				2																																	
Douglas																																						
Ferry																																						
Grant																																						
Grays Harbor	2																																					
Island	1				3																																	
Jefferson																																						
King	118		1		105		6		99																													
Kitsap	5				18				18																													
Kittitas																																						
Klickitat																																						
Lewis	1				1				1																													
Lincoln																																						
Mason	1																																					
Okanogan					2				2																													
Pacific/Wahkiakum					1				1																													
Pend Oreille																																						
Pierce	12				34		1		33																													
San Juan																																						
Skagit	1				5				5																													
Skamania	1				1				1																													
Snohomish	23				5				5																													
Spokane	14				3				3																													
Stevens																																						
Thurston	11				26				26																													
Walla Walla/Columbia	1				2				2																													
Whatcom	1				5				5																													
Whitman																																						
Yakima	1																																					
<b>Total</b>	<b>200</b>		<b>4</b>		<b>234</b>		<b>7</b>		<b>227</b>			<b>98</b>		<b>19</b>		<b>15</b>		<b>4</b>		<b>0</b>		<b>184</b>		<b>5</b>		<b>1</b>				<b>178</b>		<b>1</b>		<b>98</b>				

Data is not comparable to pre 2006 data due to reporting change to JCS system.

These data were obtained from the Office of the Administrator for the Courts, May 2011

Differences in data entry practices among the juvenile courts may contribute to variations in the data. Not all juvenile courts utilize all categories.

TABLE 77

**Juvenile Cases Transferred to Adult Criminal Court Jurisdiction  
by County from 2006 - 2010**  
(includes both Auto and Discretionary Declines) \*

County Superior Court	Case File Year					5-Yr Total	% of Total
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010		
Adams	1	2	5	1	0	9	0.8
Asotin	3	2	1	4	0	10	0.9
Benton	3	8	4	9	5	29	2.7
Chelan	9	6	6	8	2	31	2.9
Clallam	0	0	1	1	2	4	0.4
Clark	13	23	13	16	11	76	7.0
Columbia							0.0
Cowlitz	10	8	2	4	2	26	2.4
Douglas	1	3	4	2	1	11	1.0
Ferry	1	0	0	0	0	1	0.1
Franklin	1	1	4	2	3	11	1.0
Garfield							0.0
Grant	2	3	3	7	2	17	1.6
Grays Harbor	0	5	0	0	0	5	0.5
Island	0	1	0	0	1	2	0.2
Jefferson	0	0	2	1	0	3	0.3
King	39	42	33	64	56	234	21.6
Kitsap	1	0	1	1	1	4	0.4
Kittitas	2	1	1	1	0	5	0.5
Klickitat	4	1	2	0	1	8	0.7
Lewis	0	2	1	2	1	6	0.6
Lincoln	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.1
Mason	2	8	2	2	0	14	1.3
Okanogan	3	1	0	4	3	11	1.0
Pacific	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.1
Pend Oreille							0.0
Pierce	38	33	43	32	29	175	16.1
San Juan							0.0
Skagit	0	7	6	11	3	27	2.5
Skamania	0	0	0	2	0	2	0.2
Snohomish	6	5	15	11	8	45	4.1
Spokane	37	24	31	31	17	140	12.9
Stevens	1	0	1	1	0	3	0.3
Thurston	8	9	6	5	0	28	2.6
Wahkiakum	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.1
Walla Walla	1	1	2	0	1	5	0.5
Whatcom	6	7	4	5	3	25	2.3
Whitman	2	0	0	0	0	2	0.2
Yakima	19	29	12	28	25	113	10.4
<b>Annual Totals</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>255</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>1,085</b>	<b>100.0</b>

\* Data includes both Exclusive Adult Jurisdiction (auto decline cases) and Discretionary cases (transferred from juvenile court to superior court jurisdiction).

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, November 2011; extracted from the Superior Court data warehouse.

Note: This data utilizes the subset of adult criminal cases (SCOMIS case type 1) filed on youth who were between the ages of 13 and 17 at the time the case was filed (i.e., all youth under age 18 at the time of filing in adult court).

The Administrative Office of the Courts makes no representation as to the accuracy and completeness of the data except for court business purposes.

TABLE 78

**Juvenile Cases Transferred to Adult Criminal Court Jurisdiction  
by Race/Ethnicity from 2006 - 2010  
(includes both Auto and Discretionary Declines) \***

Race/Ethnicity	2006		2007		2008		2009		2010	
	# of Cases	% of Total								
Asian (non-Hispanic) **	7	3.3%	17	7.3%	10	4.8%	7	2.7%	8	4.5%
Black (non-Hispanic) **	52	24.4%	45	19.4%	43	20.7%	74	29.0%	56	31.6%
American Indian (non-Hispanic) **	8	3.8%	12	5.2%	13	6.3%	7	2.7%	4	2.3%
White (non-Hispanic) **	97	45.5%	104	44.8%	95	45.7%	78	30.6%	53	29.9%
Hispanic	43	20.2%	48	20.7%	40	19.2%	73	28.6%	50	28.2%
Race Unknown	6	2.8%	6	2.6%	7	3.4%	16	6.3%	6	3.4%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>213</b>		<b>232</b>		<b>208</b>		<b>255</b>		<b>177</b>	

\* Data includes both Exclusive Adult Jurisdiction (auto decline cases) and Discretionary cases (transferred from juvenile court to superior court jurisdiction).  
 \*\* Youth/cases designated with "unknown" ethnicity are included in this race category (e.g., both Asian non-hispanic and Asian "unknown ethnicity" are included); ethnicity is not a required field in the Judicial Information System (JIS).

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, November 2011; extracted from the Superior Court data warehouse.

Note: This data utilizes the subset of adult criminal cases (SCOMIS case type 1) filed on youth who were between the ages of 13 and 17 at the time the case was filed (i.e., all youth under age 18 at the time of filing in adult court).

The Administrative Office of the Courts makes no representation as to the accuracy and completeness of the data except for court business purposes.

TABLE 79

**Cases Transferred to Adult Criminal Court Jurisdiction  
by Age and Gender from 2006 - 2010  
(includes both Auto and Discretionary Declines) \***

Case File Year	AGE OF YOUTH AT DATE OF FILING IN ADULT COURT					Total Age 13-17
	13	14	15	16	17	
2006		1	1	52	159	213
2007	1		3	72	156	232
2008			5	67	136	208
2009			3	90	162	255
2010			3	51	123	177
<b>5-Yr Totals</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>736</b>	<b>1,085</b>

Case File Year	GENDER		Total Cases
	Female	Male	
2006	11	202	213
2007	19	213	232
2008	13	195	208
2009	18	237	255
2010	9	168	177
<b>5-Yr Totals</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>1,015</b>	<b>1,085</b>

% of Total Cases		
	6.5%	93.5%

\* Data includes both Exclusive Adult Jurisdiction (auto decline cases) and Discretionary cases (transferred from juvenile court to superior court jurisdiction).  
 Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, November 2011; extracted from the Superior Court data warehouse.  
 Note: This data utilizes the subset of adult criminal cases (SCOMIS case type 1) filed on youth who were between the ages of 13 and 17 at the time the case was filed (i.e., all youth under age 18 at the time of filing in adult court).  
 The Administrative Office of the Courts makes no representation as to the accuracy and completeness of the data except for court business purposes.

TABLE 80

### Cases Transferred to Adult Criminal Court Jurisdiction by Race/Ethnicity and by County for CY 2010

(includes both Auto and Discretionary Declines)

County Superior Court	White (non-Hispanic)	Black (non-Hispanic)	American Indian (non-Hispanic)	Hispanic	Asian (non-Hispanic)	Race Unknown	TOTAL
Adams							0
Asotin							0
Benton	2	1		2			5
Chelan		1		1			2
Clallam	2						2
Clark	7	1		3			11
Columbia							0
Cowlitz	1	1					2
Douglas	1						1
Ferry							0
Franklin				3			3
Garfield							0
Grant	1			1			2
Grays Harbor							0
Island	1						1
Jefferson							0
King	12	31		7	6		56
Kitsap				1			1
Kittitas							0
Klickitat				1			1
Lewis						1	1
Lincoln							0
Mason							0
Okanogan	2		1				3
Pacific							0
Pend Oreille							0
Pierce	4	13		9	2	1	29
San Juan							0
Skagit	1			2			3
Skamania							0
Snohomish	3	4	1				8
Spokane	13	3	1				17
Stevens							0
Thurston							0
Wahkiakum							0
Walla Walla				1			1
Whatcom	2			1			3
Whitman							0
Yakima	1	1	1	18		4	25
<b>Total</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>177</b>

\* Data includes both Exclusive Adult Jurisdiction (auto decline cases) and Discretionary cases (transferred from juvenile court to superior court jurisdiction).

\*\* Youth/cases designated with "unknown" ethnicity are included in this race category (e.g., both Asian non-hispanic and Asian "unknown ethnicity" are included); ethnicity is not a required field in the Judicial Information System (JIS).

Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, November 2011; extracted from the Superior Court data warehouse.

Note: This data utilizes the subset of adult criminal cases (SCOMIS case type 1) filed on youth who were between the ages of 13 and 17 at the time the case was filed (i.e., all youth under age 18 at the time of filing in adult court).

The Administrative Office of the Courts makes no representation as to the accuracy and completeness of the data except for court business purposes.

## Juvenile Detention

Washington has 21 county-operated facilities, which are maintained by the juvenile courts, and one regional center maintained by a consortium of counties. Juveniles from all 39 counties are held in these 22 facilities.

Juveniles are held in local detention facilities to await court hearings or as sentenced offenders. Some facilities also hold juveniles sentenced to the State Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration.

Juvenile detention population figures used in this report were provided by the Office of the Administrator for the Courts. Population figures represent each entry into the detention database (episode), where a juvenile was held for four hours or longer. Juveniles who are over the age of 18 and who are under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court or who have been remanded to adult court are also included in the detention population data. A juvenile may be held in detention more than once within a year depending on the number of times the juvenile offends. Changes in the method of tabulation may account for differences in population data from previous years.

The number of admissions of juveniles to detention facilities in 2010 decreased by fifteen percent, from the number of juveniles admitted in 2009. In the ten year period 2001 to 2010 the number of admissions of juveniles to detention facilities decreased by 30.8 percent. In the five year period from 2006 to 2010, the decrease was 20.9 percent.

Only one facility experienced an increase from 2009 to 2010 of over ten percent in the number of juveniles held in detention: Okanogan (22.8%). Six facilities experienced a decrease of ten percent or more: Chelan (-14.3), Lewis (-10), Mason (-14.9), Pierce (-11.4), Skagit (-15.3), and Snohomish (-12.6).

Some abnormal fluctuations in the youth admitted to detention in 2009 and 2010 may be due to a State Court of Appeals opinion published in January of 2009 and reversed in June of 2011.

On January 12, 2009, the State Court of Appeals published an opinion that had a significant impact on the truancy petition process (and subsequently

on significantly reducing truancy contempt filings and admissions to juvenile detention facilities related to a truancy order/proceeding in 2009 – for contempt or FTA). The case – *Bellevue School District v. E.S.*, 148 Wash. App. 205 (2009), petition for review granted July 7, 2009 – found that the youth had not been afforded legal counsel at the time the original truancy petition was filed in court (the fact-finding stage). The appellate court concluded that a child's interest in liberty, privacy and right to an education are in jeopardy, and a child is unable to protect those interests without counsel.

On June 9, 2011, the Washington State Supreme Court reversed the Court of Appeals decision, and found that neither the due process clause of the 14th Amendment of the U.S. Constitution nor the due process clause set forth in the Washington State Constitution would require appointment of counsel at the initial truancy proceeding stage; it was concluded there were no significant interests at stake (i.e. the youths physical liberty) warranting appointment of counsel at the initial hearing where the determination is made if the student is truant under state statute; and it was noted that the youth has the right to counsel at contempt hearings related to a truancy order.

## Race and Ethnic Distribution

Minority youth, age 10-17, representation in detention decreased from 2009 to 2010 by three percent. This is the first decline since 2002. In the five year period from 2006 to 2010 the percentage of minority youth in detention increased over 6.2 percent.

The race and ethnic distribution of the detention population during 2010 showed that 57 percent were White, 14 percent were Black, six percent were Native American, two percent were Asian/Pacific Islander, and 19 percent were Hispanic. Race or ethnicity was unknown or not reported for two percent of the detention population.

## Gender

Females accounted for 28 percent of the detention population in 2010, an increase of four percent from 2009. In the ten year period from 2001 to 2010 the percentage of females in detention population increased four percent. In the five year period from 2006 to 2010 the percentage of minority youth in detention increased over 6.2 percent.

TABLE 81

**JUVENILE ADMISSIONS TO DETENTION FACILITIES  
JANUARY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2001 -2010**

FACILITY (also holds for)	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	%	%
											Increase/ Decrease 2009-2010	Increase/ Decrease 2001-2010
<b>BENTON/FRANKLIN</b> (Klickitat, Umatillo, Morrow, OR)	1,440	1,471	1,692	1,651	1,635	1,554	1,465	1,424	1,452	1,383	-2.1	4.1
<b>CHELAN</b>	546	637	914	803	834	913	796	991	999	859	-14.3	-36.4
<b>CLALLAM</b> (San Juan, Jefferson Point No Point)	656	619	776	679	815	573	711	739	858	988	6.0	-33.6
<b>CLARK</b> (Skamania)	1,956	2,008	2,106	1,929	1,863	2,004	1,778	1,766	1,787	1,766	-2.6	10.8
<b>COWLITZ</b> (Wahkiakum, Skamania, Columbia, OR.Clatsop, OR)	933	985	1,227	1,295	1,427	1,581	1,582	1,772	1,439	1,369	-5.3	-31.8
<b>GRANT</b> (Adams, Lincoln, Kittitas)	614	593	580	502	571	793	662	699	636	584	3.5	5.1
<b>GRAYS HARBOR</b> (Pacific, Wahkiakum)	766	792	755	775	886	962	1,003	979	947	919	-3.3	-16.6
<b>ISLAND</b>	293	278	279	225	180						5.4	
<b>KING **</b>	2,983	3,238	3,527	3,784	3,833	4,102	3,774	4,077	4,045	4,461	-7.9	-33.1
<b>KITSAP</b> (Jefferson, Suquamish Tribe)	1,387	1,504	1,584	1,577	1,528	1,595	1,648	1,690	1,688	1,748	-7.8	-20.7
<b>LEWIS</b> (Skamania, Pacific)	424	471	555	417	444	518	481	503	477	485	-10.0	-12.6
<b>MASON*</b>	275	323	511	474	424	424	435	435	471	510	-14.9	-46.1
<b>MEDICAL LAKE*</b> (Adams, Asotin, Douglas, Ferry, Lincoln, Pend Oreille, Spokane, Stevens, Whitman)	688	662	839	1,021	1,021	1,109	1,136	1,185	1,427	1,244	3.9	-44.7
<b>OKANOGAN</b>	409	333	396	358	404	490	544	517	585	587	22.8	-30.3
<b>PIERCE</b>	1,897	2,141	2,798	2,691	3,000	3,092	3,045	3,659	3,490	3,652	-11.4	-48.1
<b>SKAGIT</b> (Island, San Juan, Swinomish, Border Control)	476	562	642	549	617	798	746	734	829	854	-15.3	-44.3
<b>SNOHOMISH</b> (Island)	1,771	2,026	2,899	2,659	3,088	2,913	3,904	4,054	3,832	4,209	-12.6	-57.9
<b>SPOKANE</b>	1,496	1,609	1,900	1,953	2,089	2,225	2,323	2,580	2,689	2,339	-7.0	-36.0
<b>THURSTON</b>	1,232	1,160	1,269	1,260	1,353	1,338	1,315	1,368	1,450	1,341	6.2	-8.1
<b>WALLA WALLA</b> (Columbia)	524	485	433	455	435	402	358	373	361	403	8.0	30.0
<b>WHATCOM</b> (Island, San Juan, Lummi Indian Res.)	819	791	959	922	864	890	1,031	1,041	1,066	1,032	3.5	-20.6
<b>YAKIMA</b> (Kittitas, Klickitat, Jefferson, Skamania)	1,182	1,309	1,553	1,429	1,485	1,509	1,727	1,852	1,856	2,165	-9.7	-45.4
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>22,767</b>	<b>23,997</b>	<b>28,194</b>	<b>27,408</b>	<b>28,796</b>	<b>29,785</b>	<b>30,464</b>	<b>32,438</b>	<b>32,384</b>	<b>32,898</b>	<b>-14.9</b>	<b>-30.8</b>

2006 -2009 data obtained from new AOC JCS System. Prior data obtained from Juvis System.

\*Detention data was reported by the court. Other county detention data was provided by the Office of the Administrator for the Courts.

TABLE 82

**MINORITY DETENTION POPULATION  
JANUARY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2001-2010**

FACILITY (also holds for)	Total Held 2010	Total Min. Held 2010	PERCENT MINORITY										% Change 2009-10	% Change 2006-10
			2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001		
<b>BENTON/FRANKLIN</b> (Klickitat, Umatillo, Morrow, OR)	1,440	925	64.2	62.3	61.8	53.0	55.8	53.5	50.8	44.8	45.3	42.6	3.2	15.0
<b>CHELAN</b>	546	260	47.6	50.9	44.9	46.0	42.8	33.2	34.3	31.4	35.0	32.2	-6.4	11.2
<b>CLALLAM</b> (San Juan, Jefferson Jefferson, Point No Point)	656	171	26.1	23.9	23.3	24.2	28.6	17.6	24.5	23.5	23.2	17.9	9.0	-8.8
<b>CLARK</b> (Skamania)	1,956	486	24.8	20.2	21.5	21.7	22.1	13.8	12.9	15.5	14.5	14.4	23.2	12.4
<b>COWLITZ</b> (Wahkiakum, Skamania, Columbia, OR.Clatsop, OR)	933	248	26.6	26.6	24.8	24.2	18.8	20.4	19.7	17.3	14.7	13.4	-0.1	41.5
<b>GRANT</b> (Adams, Lincoln, Kittitas)	614	417	67.9	57.5	51.7	53.2	51.3	48.9	47.1	44.3	45.8	46.2	18.1	32.4
<b>GRAYS HARBOR</b> (Adams, Pacific, Wahkiakum)	766	208	27.2	24.7	14.6	24.6	23.7	23.3	19.0	25.5	18.0	15.6	9.7	14.6
<b>ISLAND</b>	293	53	18.1	34.2	29.7	32.4	27.8						-47.1	-34.9
<b>KING **</b>	2,983	2,000	67.0	66.3	66.4	62.5	59.6	58.0	53.9	53.8	50.2	50.8	1.2	12.6
<b>KITSAP</b> (Jefferson, Suquamish Tribe)	1,387	492	35.5	35.1	30.4	30.4	32.3	26.5	23.4	24.5	21.4	20.6	1.0	9.9
<b>LEWIS</b> (Skamania, Pacific)	424	118	27.8	24.6	30.5	29.0	25.0	9.7	8.5	11.5	9.0	7.2	13.0	11.3
<b>MASON**</b>	275	64	23.3	24.5	16.0	14.6	15.6	15.6	13.3	14.9	11.5	10.8	-4.8	49.5
<b>MEDICAL LAKE **</b> (Adams, Asotin, Douglas, Ferry, Lincoln, Pend Oreille, Spokane. Stevens, Whitman)	688	286	41.6	38.7	37.7	29.9	29.9	28.9	32.1	32.8	31.8	34.5	7.5	39.2
<b>OKANOGAN</b>	409	280	68.5	67.0	63.4	66.8	59.9	68.0	66.5	65.2	63.4	62.5	2.2	14.3
<b>PIERCE</b>	1,897	917	48.3	47.5	49.5	47.0	47.4	42.2	41.7	42.0	40.1	39.8	1.7	1.9
<b>SKAGIT</b> (Island, San Juan, Swinomish, Border Control)	476	194	40.8	47.7	52.5	52.8	50.1	39.7	37.8	36.8	33.4	29.5	-14.5	-18.6
<b>SNOHOMISH</b> (Island)	1,771	492	27.8	28.1	27.5	25.6	26.0	20.3	20.5	17.9	17.8	16.6	-1.1	7.0
<b>SPOKANE</b>	1,496	357	23.9	26.8	26.1	23.6	23.8	19.3	19.7	21.0	21.3	20.1	-11.1	0.3
<b>THURSTON</b>	1,232	362	29.4	31.1	27.3	26.7	25.6	23.2	20.0	15.3	16.5	20.7	-5.6	14.6
<b>WALLA WALLA</b> (Columbia)	524	266	50.8	46.2	45.0	52.7	44.4	48.3	36.0	33.5	28.8	17.4	9.9	14.4
<b>WHATCOM</b> (Island, San Juan, Lummi Indian Res.)	819	355	43.3	44.9	36.7	33.4	36.2	36.0	33.0	28.4	22.4	18.8	-3.4	19.7
<b>YAKIMA</b> (Kittitas, Klickitat, Jefferson, Skamania)	1,182	803	67.9	65.9	69.9	69.7	64.2	63.6	64.5	63.5	61.6	47.5	3.2	5.7
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>22,767</b>	<b>9,754</b>	<b>40.8</b>	<b>42.2</b>	<b>40.9</b>	<b>39.5</b>	<b>38.5</b>	<b>35.1</b>	<b>33.3</b>	<b>32.7</b>	<b>30.3</b>	<b>28.7</b>	<b>-3.2</b>	<b>6.2</b>

\*2006-2009 data obtained from new AOC JCS System. Prior data obtained from Juvis System.

\*\*2000-2005 data do not include Other Category, Unknown Category and Not Reported Category. All other years data include these categories.

\*\*Detention data was reported by the court. Other county detention data was provided by the Office of the Administrator for the Courts.

TABLE 83

**Detention Population by Race/Ethnicity**  
**JANUARY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2010\***

FACILITY (also holds for)	White	Black	Native American	Hispanic	Asian & Pacific Is.	Other/ Unknown
<b>BENTON/FRANKLIN</b> (Klickitat, Umatillo, Morrow, OR)	515	74	3	810	13	25
<b>CHELAN</b>	286	14	18	189	1	38
<b>CLALLAM</b> (San Juan, Jefferson Point No Point)	485	25	99	20	3	24
<b>CLARK</b> (Skamania)	1,470	238	34	146	18	50
<b>COWLITZ</b> (Wahkiakum, Skamania, Columbia, OR.Clatsop, OR)	685	38	31	161	4	14
<b>GRANT</b> (Adams, Lincoln, Kittitas)	197	32	16	352	0	17
<b>GRAYS HARBOR</b> (Adams, Pacific, Wahkiakum)	558	13	68	87	3	37
<b>ISLAND</b>	240	23	3	20	5	2
<b>KING *</b>	983	1,250	101	407	234	8
<b>KITSAP</b> (Jefferson, Suquamish Tribe)	895	147	80	180	51	34
<b>LEWIS</b> (Skamania, Pacific)	306	11	5	58	4	40
<b>MASON*</b>	211	12	17	35	0	0
<b>MEDICAL LAKE *</b> (Adams, Asotin, Douglas, Ferry, Lincoln, Pend Oreille, Spokane, Stevens, Whitman)	402	15	128	134	1	8
<b>OKANOGAN</b>	129	14	162	88	8	8
<b>PIERCE</b>	980	568	69	192	79	9
<b>SKAGIT</b> (Island, San Juan, Swinomish, Border Control)	282	16	22	136	3	17
<b>SNOHOMISH</b> (Island)	1,279	229	76	141	33	13
<b>SPOKANE</b>	1,139	176	102	55	17	7
<b>THURSTON</b>	870	137	34	137	37	17
<b>WALLA WALLA</b> (Columbia)	258	23	15	173	1	54
<b>WHATCOM</b> (Island, San Juan, Lummi Indian Res.)	464	77	135	129	10	4
<b>YAKIMA</b> (Kittitas, Klickitat, Jefferson, Skamania)	379	55	61	626	0	61
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>13,013</b>	<b>3,187</b>	<b>1,279</b>	<b>4,276</b>	<b>525</b>	<b>487</b>

\*2006 - 2009 data obtained from new AOC JCS System. Prior data obtained from Juvis System.

\*Data was reported by the court. Other county data were provided by the Office of the Administrator for the Courts.

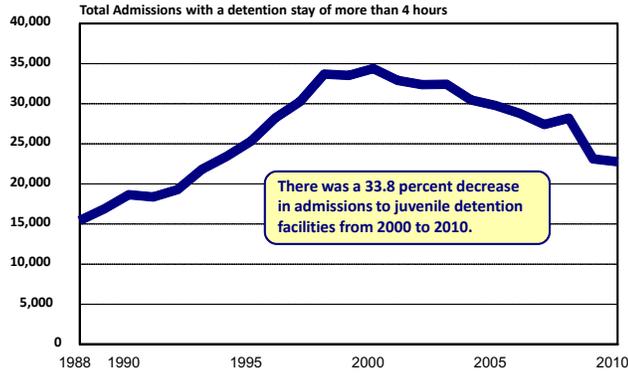
TABLE 84

**Ethnic Distribution of Detention Population  
2001-2010**

	White	Black	Native American	Asian & Pacific Is.	Hispanic	Other/ Unknown	TOTAL
<b>2010</b>	13,013 57%	3,187 14%	1,279 6%	525 2%	4,276 19%	487 2%	<b>22,767</b> <b>100%</b>
<b>2009</b>	13,873 58%	3,289 14%	1,311 5%	671 3%	4,331 18%	522 2%	<b>23,997</b> <b>100%</b>
<b>2008</b>	16,716 58%	3,862 14%	1,601 5%	788 3%	4,779 18%	540 2%	<b>28,286</b> <b>100%</b>
<b>2007</b>	16,487 60%	3,797 14%	1,611 6%	767 3%	4,129 15%	605 2%	<b>27,396</b> <b>100%</b>
<b>2006</b>	17,722 62%	3,790 13%	1,727 6%	817 3%	4,047 14%	683 2%	<b>28,786</b> <b>100%</b>
<b>2005</b>	18,472 62%	3,729 13%	1,876 6%	848 3%	3,992 13%	848 ,	<b>29,765</b> <b>97%</b>
<b>2004</b>	19,505 64%	3,481 11%	1,935 6%	811 3%	3,894 13%	807 3%	<b>30,433</b> <b>100%</b>
<b>2003</b>	20,801 65%	3,748 12%	1,724 5%	869 3%	3,782 12%	1,036 3%	<b>31,960</b> <b>100%</b>
<b>2002</b>	21,452 65%	3,698 11%	1,779 5%	903 3%	3,541 11%	1,398 4%	<b>32,771</b> <b>100%</b>
<b>2001</b>	21,866 67%	3,642 11%	1,541 5%	955 3%	3,292 10%	1,570 5%	<b>32,866</b> <b>100%</b>

Graph 39

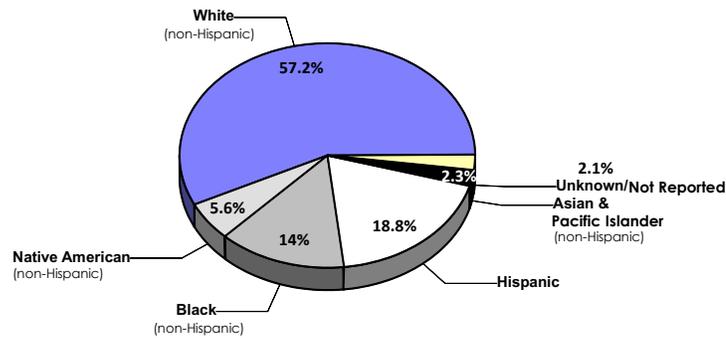
### Admissions to County Juvenile Detention Facilities January 1 through December 31, 1988 - 2010



Source: Administrative Office of the Courts & county detention data sources. 2006 - 2010 AOC data obtained from new JCS system; prior data obtained from JUVIS system. Detention admission data for King County was revised to reflect 2002 data that was not reported in the prior year. AOC makes no representation as to the accuracy and completeness of the data except for court business purposes.

Graph 40

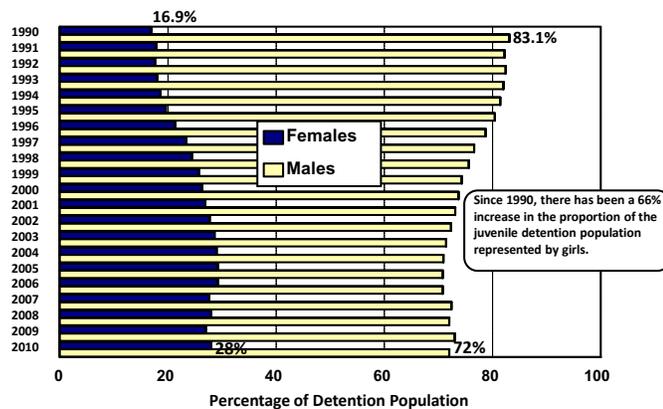
### 2010 Juvenile Detention Facility Population By Race and Ethnicity



Source: Data provided by the Administrative Office of the Courts - JCS system. Data for King, Martin Hall and Mason Counties provided by the respective juvenile courts.

Graph 41

### Juvenile Detention Facility Population by Gender from 1990 - 2010



Source: AOC and county detention data sources; 2006 - 2010 Administrative Office of the Courts data obtained from new JCS system, prior data obtained from JUVIS; the AOC makes no representation as to the accuracy of the data except for court business purposes.

**TABLE 85**  
**DETENTION POPULATION BY GENDER**  
**JANUARY 1 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2001-2010**

FACILITY (Also Holds For)	Male 2010	Female 2010	TOTAL* 2010	Percent Female										Change Female 2009-10	Change Female 2001-10
				2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001		
<b>BENTON/FRANKLIN</b> (Klickitat, Umatillo, Morrow, OR)	1,125	312	1,437	21.7	24.07	23.29	24.9	25.7	26.9	23.3	25.9	20.1	22.6	-9.8	-3.9
<b>CHELAN</b>	365	181	546	33.2	29.83	27.46	27.6	28.9	31.9	30.4	27.6	24.8	27.6	11.1	20.1
<b>CLALLAM</b> (San Juan, Jefferson Jefferson, Point No Point)	391	265	656	40.4	39.58	36.47	32.3	35.5	35.8	34.7	40.6	39.7	35.0	2.1	15.4
<b>CLARK</b> (Skamania)	1,451	505	1,956	25.8	23.95	25.59	23.4	27.3	25.2	23.9	26.0	22.3	19.1	7.8	35.2
<b>COWLITZ</b> (Wahkiakum, Skamania, Columbia, OR.Clatsop, OR)	655	278	933	29.8	30.36	28.85	31.2	28.8	36.0	33.5	31.9	32.5	33.5	-1.8	-11.1
<b>GRANT</b> (Adams, Lincoln, Kittitas)	419	195	614	31.8	30.35	30.00	25.5	31.4	26.9	25.4	28.0	24.4	26.0	4.6	22.1
<b>GRAYS HARBOR</b> (Adams, Pacific, Wahkiakum)	537	229	766	29.9	30.00	32.45	31.1	34.4	29.3	34.4	30.9	35.9	32.8	-0.3	-8.9
<b>ISLAND</b>	187	106	293	36.2	32.37	27.60	26.7	30.0							
<b>KING **</b>	2,166	817	2,983	27.4	27.30	27.42	28.4	28.4	27.3	28.3	28.6	26.2	25.5	0.3	7.4
<b>KITSAP</b> (Jefferson, Suquamish Tribe)	952	435	1,387	31.4	27.13	28.43	25.8	27.0	26.1	26.1	27.5	25.0	28.0	15.6	12.0
<b>LEWIS</b> (Skamania, Pacific)	308	116	424	27.4	26.11	30.27	28.8	34.5	35.3	32.4	25.2	27.0	29.7	4.8	-7.9
<b>MASON</b>	178	97	275	35.3	33.44	26.03	36.9	36.1	36.1	35.4	35.4	29.3	30.2	5.5	16.8
<b>MEDICAL LAKE</b> (Adams, Asotin, Douglas, Ferry, Lincoln, Pend Oreille, Spokane, Stevens, Whitman)	504	184	688	26.7	21.75	28.61	21.0	26.1	23.3	22.1	22.1	21.4	20.7	22.9	29.2
<b>OKANOGAN</b>	270	139	409	34.0	25.23	29.04	29.3	28.2	31.6	33.8	35.4	29.4	27.9	34.7	21.8
<b>PIERCE</b>	1,384	512	1,896	27.0	24.99	26.88	28.8	30.6	31.3	28.2	28.0	26.5	24.3	8.1	11.1
<b>SKAGIT</b> (Island, San Juan, Swinomish, Border Control)	359	117	476	24.6	19.93	22.43	23.9	27.4	31.4	22.7	24.0	27.4	26.8	23.3	-8.3
<b>SNOHOMISH</b> (Island)	1,277	494	1,771	27.9	27.31	32.70	29.0	32.6	29.9	33.5	31.1	32.6	29.2	2.1	-4.5
<b>SPOKANE</b>	1,117	379	1,496	25.3	23.93	24.95	25.7	24.7	25.9	26.8	26.9	29.5	30.4	5.9	-16.7
<b>THURSTON</b>	855	374	1,229	30.4	32.84	33.75	29.4	30.0	33.6	32.5	30.9	31.2	26.7	-7.3	14.0
<b>WALLA WALLA</b> (Columbia)	411	113	524	21.6	22.89	24.94	35.4	32.9	29.2	33.8	31.4	26.5	21.8	-5.8	-1.1
<b>WHATCOM</b> (Island, San Juan, Lummi Indian Res.)	556	263	819	32.1	31.23	29.20	30.8	33.1	38.0	33.9	28.4	30.5	29.2	2.8	10.0
<b>YAKIMA</b> (Kittitas, Klickitat, Jefferson, Skamania)	924	257	1,181	21.8	24.75	23.39	24.3	24.3	23.8	25.6	25.3	26.4	25.5	-12.1	-14.7
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>16,391</b>	<b>6,368</b>	<b>22,759</b>	<b>28.0</b>	<b>26.99</b>	<b>27.98</b>	<b>27.6</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>29.2</b>	<b>29.0</b>	<b>28.6</b>	<b>27.7</b>	<b>26.9</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>4.0</b>

\*2006 and 2007 data obtained from new AOC JCS System. Prior data obtained from Juvis System.

\* These data do not include unknown/not reported categories (+8).

\*\* King County data has been revised to reflect 2002 data that had not been reported in the prior year.

**TABLE 86**  
**Admissions to Juvenile Detention Facilities: \***  
**Top 5 Detention Reasons by Gender, 2005 - 2010**

	Detention Reason Description	Male	Detention Reason Description	Female
<b>2010</b>	Assault-4	2,042	Assault-4	1,322
	Probation Violation	1,315	Theft-3	610
	Theft-3	1,170	***At-Risk Youth	540
	***Truancy	656	Probation Violation	503
	***At-Risk youth	647	***Truancy	418
<b>2009</b>	Assault-4	2,494	Assault-4	1,292
	Probation Violation	1,460	Theft-3	607
	Theft-3	1,404	Probation Violation	522
	Minor Possess/Consume Liquor	838	***At-Risk Youth	453
	Residential Burglary	750	***Truancy	273
<b>2008</b>	Assault-4	2,832	Assault-4	1,554
	Probation Violation	1,572	Theft-3	766
	Theft-3	1,444	***Truancy	734
	Residential Burglary	1,012	***At-Risk Youth	637
	***Truancy	949	Probation Violation	573
<b>2007</b>	Assault-4	2,054	Assault-4	1,157
	Probation Violation	1,601	***Truancy	727
	Theft-3	1,200	***At-Risk Youth	677
	***Truancy	990	Theft-3	549
	Residential Burglary	738	Probation Violation	527
<b>** 2006</b>	Assault-4	2,012	Assault-4	1,234
	Probation Violation	1,497	***Truancy	797
	Theft-3	1,227	***At-Risk Youth	676
	***Truancy	1,057	Theft-3	631
	***At-Risk Youth	858	Probation Violation	562
<b>** 2005</b>	Assault-4	1,014	Assault-4	597
	Theft-3	584	***Truancy	437
	***Truancy	541	***At-Risk Youth	351
	Residential Burglary	393	Theft-3	272
	***At-Risk Youth	354	Take Vehicle w/o Permission-2	116

**Detention admission = A detention stay/hold of 4 hours or longer.**

Note: There may be more than one reason/offense related to a detention admission/episode; the above data includes all reasons related to each detention episode. For example, a single detention episode could have a Probation Violation, Theft-3 and Malicious Mischief charge -- all of these reasons were included, and sorted in providing the top offense/reasons for detention listed above.

\* Does not include King, Mason, and Martin Hall juvenile detention facilities, or admissions to out-of-state juvenile facilities (in Oregon and Idaho).

\*\* Washington State's Superior Court Juvenile Departments converted from the Juvenile Court Information System (JUVIS) to the Juvenile & Corrections System (JCS) between May 2005 and June 2006. Detention data from JUVIS was converted to conform to the JCS business rules, but fundamental differences exist between the two systems. The method for entering Detention Reasons and the overall but fundamental differences exist between the two systems. The method for entering Detention Reasons and the overall counts of Detention counts of Detention Reasons varies between systems.

\*\*\* The juvenile departments statewide have different data entry practices when it comes to how they track "Becca Bill" law cases (At-Risk Youth or Truancy Cases). If a youth is held in Detention on a Becca Bill law, it would be because of a violation against the original petition. The Truancy Detention Reason count is a total count of the following reasons: Truancy, Contempt - Truancy Juvenile, Truancy Petition - Juvenile, Punitive Contempt-Truancy and Punitive (Criminal) Contempt - Truancy. The At-Risk Youth Detention Reason is a total count of the following reasons: At-Risk Youth, At Risk Youth Petition, Contempt - At-Risk Youth, Punitive Contempt - At-Risk Youth and Punitive (Criminal) Contempt - At-Risk Youth. Source: Administrative Office of the Courts, updated data May 2011

The Administrative Office of the Courts, the Washington Courts, and the Washington State County Clerks: 1) Do not warrant that the data or information is accurate or complete; 2) Make no representations regarding the identity of any persons whose names appear in data or information; and 3) Do not assume any liability whatsoever resulting from the release or use of the data or information. The user should verify the information by personally consulting the "official" record reposing at the court of record.

## Juvenile Population in the Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration (JRA)

The county juvenile courts commit the most serious offenders to JRA. With rare exception, youth committed to JRA have been adjudicated for at least one violent offense, or a large number of various offenses.

JRA operates the following four secure residential facilities:

- **Two medium/maximum security institutions** (Green Hill School and Echo Glen Children's Center).
- **One medium security forestry camp** (Naselle Youth Camp).
- **One basic training camp** (Camp Outlook) which is operated through a contract with Pioneer Human Services, a private non-profit corporation.

A third maximum security institution, Maple Lane School, officially closed on July 1, 2011.

Echo Glen provides services for female offenders, and the basic training camp provides a 120-day program for both male and female offenders (for non-violent and non-sex offender youth).

Currently, JRA operates eight state-run community facilities with 121 minimum-security beds, and contracts with two private providers for 7 Residential Treatment and Care beds for low-risk offenders that replicates the Therapeutic Foster Care blueprints program.

Juveniles released from these facilities may be supervised in the community for up to 6 months; most sex offenders are supervised for 24 to 36 months. JRA utilizes a family based service model for all parole services.

JRA provides cognitive behavioral intervention and treatment to all youth within its residential programs. In addition JRA has evidence based treatments available throughout its residential and community settings including Functional Family Therapy, Aggression Replacement Training, and Family Integrated Transitions.

JRA provides specialized drug and alcohol treatment services to substance abusing and chemically depen-

dent juvenile offenders. JRA currently operates two separate intensive inpatient chemical dependency programs, two intensive outpatient programs and one recovery house and long-term care chemical dependency program. Other institutional and community programs include; drug and alcohol assessment, intervention, education, and aftercare. Sex offenders are provided assessments, treatment and resources throughout the JRA system.

Offenders with mental health disorders are given assessments, appropriate medication management and treatment services. In 2012, up to 70% of youth were identified as having mental health service needs.

**All Residential Programs** – The average daily population (ADP) of juveniles in JRA residential programs decreased 25.6 percent from 2010 to 2011. The ADP for all residential programs decreased steadily by 52.6 percent from 2002 to 2011 (from 1,038 to 462).

**Institutions** – The average daily population in JRA institutions decreased by 14.4 percent from 2010 to 2011. The ADP for institutions decreased by 52.6 percent from 2002 to 2011 (from 865 to 492). It is important to note that Maple Lane School closed on July 1, 2011.

**Community Residential Placements** – The average daily population of total community placements increased by approximately 4 percent from 2010 to 2011 (from 86 in 2010 to 89 in 2011). The ADP for total community residential placements decreased by approximately 49 percent from 2002 to 2011 (from 175 to 89).

**Parole** – daily population on parole decreased by approximately 7 percent from 2010 to 2011. The ADP on parole decreased by 57 percent from 2002 to 2011 (from 920 to 398).

### Race and Ethnic Distribution

A one-day survey of JRA population on June 30, 2011, of the racial/ethnic distribution within JRA for that day, showed that: 43 percent were White, 18 percent were Black, three percent were Native American, 19 percent were Hispanic, two percent were Asian, and 14 percent were "other".

The percentage of non-white youth held in state juvenile correctional institutions for 2011 was 56.8 percent, a four percent increase from 54.7 per-

cent in 2010. In 2011, Black youth were confined in state juvenile correctional institutions more than three times their proportion of the general population (Black youth represented 5.6 percent of the age 0-17 juvenile population in 2010, and 19 percent of the population in JRA).

The demographic characteristics of the JRA population for 2011 showed that 56.8 percent were non-white, 8.6 percent were female, 18.8 percent were sex offenders and 58.6 percent were violent offenders.

The percentage of females in JRA for 2010, 7.9 percent, is a slight increase from the 2009 figure of 7.2 percent. In the five year period from 2006-2010, there has been a 16.1% increase. For the ten year period, 2001-2010, the percentage of females in JRA has increase by 28.4 percent.

### **Education for Juveniles in Detention & JRA Facilities**

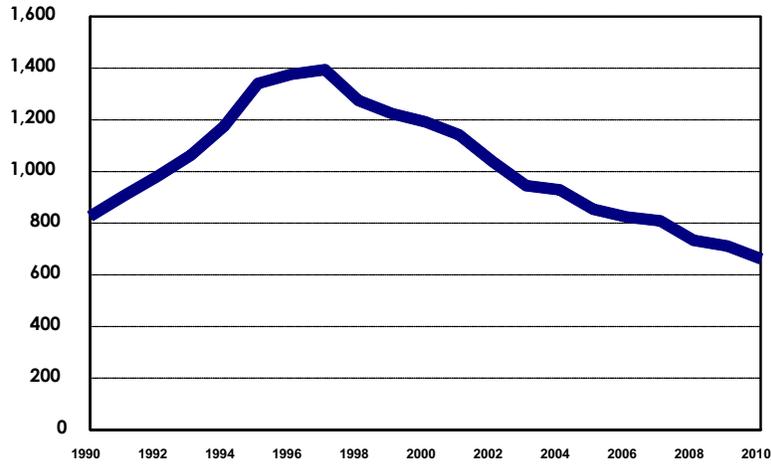
Local school districts and Educational Services Districts (ESDs) in Washington, via the OSPI, provide education services 220 days per year to all youth at juvenile detention centers (under age 18), within JRA facilities (up to age 21), and juveniles (under age 18) who have been transferred to adult court jurisdiction and are detained in adult jails. The OSPI developed a guidebook regarding providing education to juveniles held in adult jails, which is legislatively mandated in WA State.

The OSPI provides Federal Title 1 Neglected-Delinquent funding annually to school districts and Educational Service Districts to provide services within juvenile detention center schools, JRA schools, and community high and middle schools to work with youth who have been incarcerated -- to provide them case management transition services to get them back to school, and to assist them to stay in school following incarceration. An Education Advocate Manual is available on the OSPI website providing an outline of these services.

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**Graph 42**  
**JRA Average Daily Population**  
**For All Residential Programs**

1990 - 2010



These data were provided by Research & Data Analysis, DSHS, Population Summary Report, last updated 10/15/2011.  
 Residential Population includes: Juveniles in residence, Juveniles on Authorized Leave, and Temporary Assignment for 14 days or less.  
 The Maple Lane school closed on June 30, 2011; the Mission Creek youth camp was closed on June 30, 2002, and Indian Ridge youth camp was closed in May 2000. Camp Outlook (formally called "Basic Training," a 120-day Boot Camp for youth) was opened in April 1997.

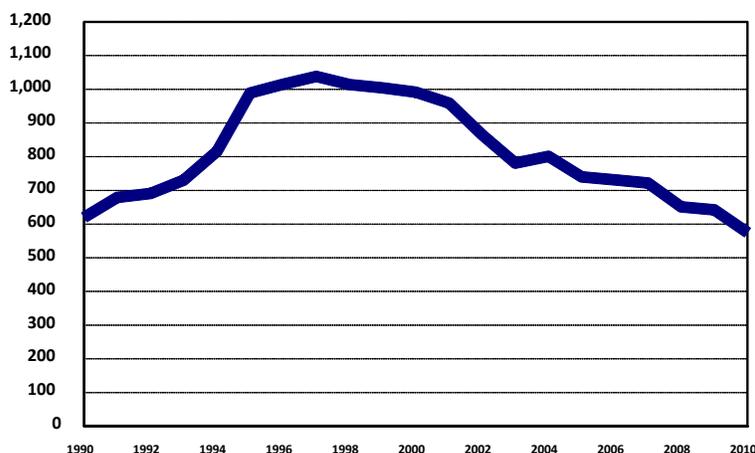
**TABLE 87**

**JUVENILE REHABILITATION ADMINISTRATION**  
**ALL RESIDENTIAL PROGRAMS AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION**  
**2002-2011**

MONTH	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
January	503	696	689	756	837	827	892	882	946	1,078
February	503	712	712	757	839	825	883	912	969	1,094
March	497	705	717	760	830	821	874	922	976	1,115
April	512	704	707	753	818	820	858	923	972	1,123
May	523	679	711	763	820	811	864	933	958	1,117
June	506	664	714	769	820	818	855	952	947	1,071
July	494	659	717	727	793	833	854	954	951	1023
August	494	644	717	709	807	834	857	953	955	1009
September	490	626	709	706	805	818	826	946	947	977
October	473	610	709	706	801	830	826	936	915	960
November	458	622	721	697	779	821	832	924	904	941
December	455	617	716	692	760	834	826	910	903	952
<b>Average Per Month</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>662</b>	<b>712</b>	<b>733</b>	<b>809</b>	<b>824</b>	<b>854</b>	<b>929</b>	<b>945</b>	<b>1,038</b>
<b>% Change 2010-2011</b>	<b>-25.6</b>									
<b>% Change 2002-2010</b>	<b>-52.6</b>									

These data were provided by the Division of Research and Data Analysis, DSHS, Population Summary Report last updated 4/30/2012.  
 Residential Population: Juveniles in Residence (IR), and Juveniles on Authorized Leave (AL),  
 and Temporary Assignment (TA) for 14 days or less.

**Graph 43**  
**JRA Institutional Average Daily Population**  
**1990 - 2010**



These data were provided by Research & Data Analysis, DSHS, Population Summary Report last updated 10/15/2011. Data include juveniles in residence, on authorized leave, unauthorized leave, and who are on temporary assignment for 14 days or less; These data include: Echo Glen Children's Center, Green Hill School, Naselle Youth Camp, Maple Lane School (closed June 30, 2011), Mission Creek youth camp (closed on June 30, 2002), and Indian Ridge youth camp (closed in May 2000). Camp Outlook (formally called "Basic Training," a 120-day Boot Camp for youth) was opened in April 1997.

**TABLE 88**

**JUVENILE REHABILITATION ADMINISTRATION**  
**INSTITUTIONAL AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION**  
**2002-2010**

MONTH	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
<b>January</b>	503	617	615	663	738	734	779	747	781	909
<b>February</b>	503	629	644	678	744	730	758	768	796	917
<b>March</b>	497	617	650	679	737	726	749	783	805	938
<b>April</b>	512	612	641	667	733	728	734	795	795	949
<b>May</b>	523	589	642	683	733	715	743	809	785	938
<b>June</b>	506	576	642	689	735	726	732	828	774	888
<b>July</b>	494	572	647	647	708	740	727	825	777	849
<b>August</b>	494	559	650	630	719	744	732	827	787	843
<b>September</b>	490	537	640	621	712	730	715	830	792	807
<b>October</b>	473	525	638	615	711	736	730	812	766	786
<b>November</b>	458	539	648	620	706	722	739	798	758	771
<b>December</b>	455	530	643	614	683	735	738	791	759	784
<b>Average Per Month</b>	<b>492</b>	<b>575</b>	<b>642</b>	<b>651</b>	<b>722</b>	<b>731</b>	<b>740</b>	<b>801</b>	<b>781</b>	<b>865</b>
<b>% Change 2010-2011</b>	<b>-14.4%</b>									
<b>% Change 2002-2010</b>	<b>-43.1%</b>									

These data were provided by the Division of Research and Data Analysis, DSHS, EMIS report updated 4/30/2010.

These data include Maple Lane School, Green Hill School, Echo Glen

Data from July 2011 forward reflects that Maple Lane School was officially closed on 7/1/2011.

Children's Center, Mission Creek Youth Camp (closed July 2002), Naselle Youth Camp,

Data include juveniles in residence, on authorized or unauthorized leave,

and temporary assignment for 14 days or less.

**TABLE 89**  
**JUVENILE REHABILITATION ADMINISTRATION**  
**TOTAL COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL PLACEMENTS**  
**AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION**  
**2002-2011**

<b>MONTH</b>	<b>2011</b>	<b>2010</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2006</b>	<b>2005</b>	<b>2004</b>	<b>2003</b>	<b>2002</b>
<b>January</b>	84	79	74	93	99	93	115	135	166	170
<b>February</b>	87	83	68	79	95	93	124	142	173	176
<b>March</b>	87	88	66	81	92	92	125	137	171	177
<b>April</b>	87	92	65	86	86	90	123	128	176	174
<b>May</b>	78	89	68	80	86	95	122	123	175	181
<b>June</b>	82	88	71	80	84	90	124	124	173	185
<b>July</b>	91	88	69	80	82	92	127	128	174	174
<b>August</b>	91	85	67	79	87	91	124	124	168	167
<b>September</b>	92	87	69	85	92	89	111	116	153	173
<b>October</b>	91	84	71	91	94	95	96	126	148	178
<b>November</b>	100	82	73	77	95	99	93	125	148	173
<b>December</b>	100	88	73	78	96	96	88	119	144	168
<b>Average Per Month</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>164</b>	<b>175</b>
<b>% Change 2010-2011</b>	<b>3.6%</b>									
<b>% Change 2002-2011</b>	<b>-49.0%</b>									

These data were provided by the Division of Research and Data Analysis, DSHS, EMIS report updated 4/30/2012.

Data includes State Community Facilities (SCF)-formerly State Group Homes, contracted community facilities (CCF)-formerly Community Residential Placement and short-term transition program.

Beds in the Benton/Franklin county detention facility are opened for a 30-day intake program for lower risk youth who are candidates for eventual placement in a community facility.

Includes those on leave of 14 days or less.

**TABLE 90**  
**JUVENILE REHABILITATION ADMINISTRATION**  
**PAROLE AVERAGE DAILY POPULATION**  
**2002-2010**

MONTH	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007*	2006*	2005	2004	2003	2002
January	432	442	654	720	660	750	721	825	847	1,067
February	428	442	647	709	662	733	726	806	821	1,035
March	431	438	640	699	676	735	722	792	809	984
April	417	437	630	691	682	732	732	775	809	927
May	407	439	619	688	686	737	740	758	820	880
June	402	431	606	680	691	738	756	733	828	900
July	403	426	451	674	718	723	755	732	814	888
August	391	423	448	676	720	719	766	721	812	870
September	375	420	435	662	726	726	776	723	822	868
October	362	412	431	665	720	708	775	733	841	869
November	364	407	427	661	723	694	771	737	833	881
December	360	412	437	665	737	674	777	724	822	871
<b>Average Per Month</b>	<b>398</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>535</b>	<b>683</b>	<b>700</b>	<b>722</b>	<b>751</b>	<b>755</b>	<b>823</b>	<b>920</b>
<b>% Change 2010-2011</b>	<b>-7.0%</b>									
<b>% Change 2002-2011</b>	<b>-56.8%</b>									

In July 2006, JRA changed the data collection and reporting in the EMIS system to more accurately reflect the total ADP. These data were provided by the Division of Research and Data Analysis, DSHS, EMIS report updated 4/30/2012. Data excludes residential JPS caseloads. Includes regular parole, sex offender parole, enhanced parole, transition parole, intensive supervision, and intensive sex offender supervision. Sex offenders have a mandatory 2-year period.

**TABLE 91**  
**JUVENILE REHABILITATION ADMINISTRATION CLIENT POPULATION**

Year	Percent Non-White	Percent Female	Percent Violent Offenders	Percent Sex Offenders
2011	56.8	8.6	58.6	18.8
2010	54.7	7.9	58.1	16.4
2009	50.8	7.2	53.1	15.9
2008	49.0	9.0	51.6	15.7
2007**	49.1	10.3	47.9	16.9
2006	47.1	10.3	44.9	20.9
2005	45.7	9.7	51.7	22.4
2004	44.5	7.9	48.3	22.3
2003	45.0	7.5	42.1	18.8
2002	43.3	8.0	43.1	17.9
<b>% Change 2007 - 2011</b>	<b>15.7%</b>	<b>-16.9%</b>	<b>22.4%</b>	<b>11.0%</b>
<b>% change 2002-2011</b>	<b>31.2%</b>	<b>7.3%</b>	<b>35.9%</b>	<b>5.0%</b>

\*\*2002- 2006 counts reflect End of Month population. After 2006 counts reflect average monthly population.

These data were provided by the Division of Research and Data Analysis, DSHS, EMIS report updated 10/2/2011.

TABLE 92

## JRA POPULATION BY RACE/ETHNICITY/GENDER

## JUNE 30 2011

## JUNE 30 2008

ETHNIC GROUP	MALE	FEMALE	PERCENTAGE		ETHNIC GROUP	MALE	FEMALE	PERCENTAGE	
			TOTAL	OF TOTAL				TOTAL	OF TOTAL
White	233	18	251	43	White	346	37	383	51
African American	92	13	105	18	African American	129	11	140	19
Native American	16	3	19	3	Native American	26	6	32	4
Hispanic	107	4	111	19	Hispanic	106	7	113	15
Asian	13	0	13	2	Asian	24	1	25	3
Other	70	10	80	14	Other	49	7	56	7
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>531</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>579</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>680</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>749</b>	<b>100</b>

## JUNE 30 2010

## JUNE 30 2007

ETHNIC GROUP	MALE	FEMALE	PERCENTAGE		ETHNIC GROUP	MALE	FEMALE	PERCENTAGE	
			TOTAL	OF TOTAL				TOTAL	OF TOTAL
White	275	21	296	45	White	382	39	421	52
African American	116	12	128	19	African American	126	21	147	18
Native American	15	1	16	2	Native American	32	5	37	5
Hispanic	123	5	128	19	Hispanic	93	14	107	13
Asian	23	2	25	4	Asian	20	1	21	3
Other	59	10	69	10	Other	71	11	82	10
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>611</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>662</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>724</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>815</b>	<b>100</b>

## JUNE 30 2009

## JUNE 30 2006

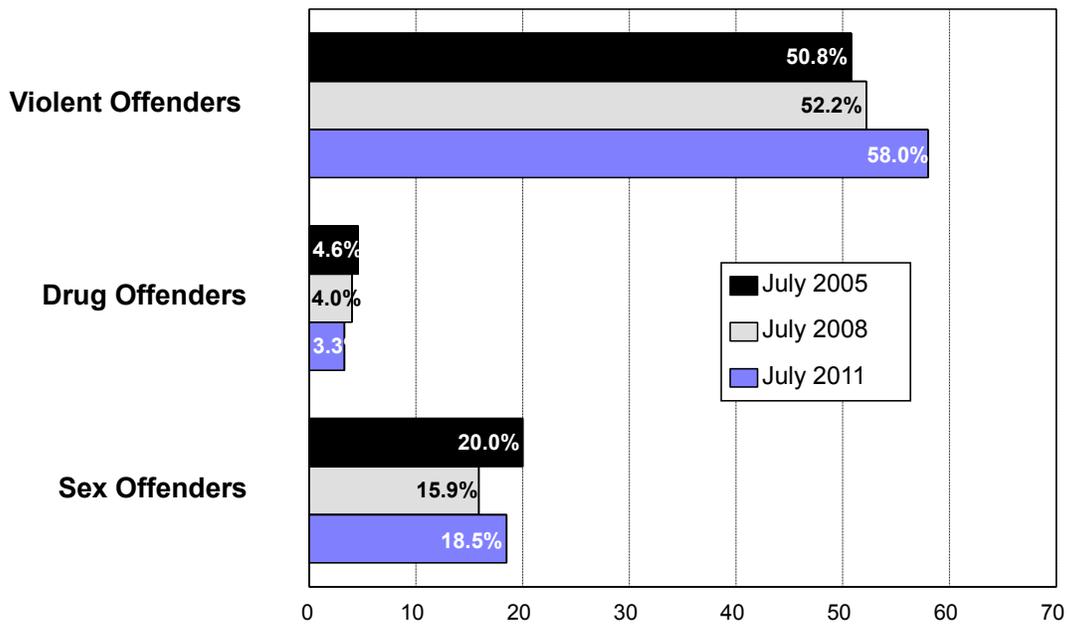
ETHNIC GROUP	MALE	FEMALE	PERCENTAGE		ETHNIC GROUP	MALE	FEMALE	PERCENTAGE	
			TOTAL	OF TOTAL				TOTAL	OF TOTAL
White	307	20	327	46	White	391	40	431	53
African American	132	6	138	20	African American	134	14	148	18
Native American	27	6	33	5	Native American	40	6	46	6
Hispanic	114	7	121	17	Hispanic	116	12	128	16
Asian	19	1	20	3	Asian	31	6	37	5
Other	61	5	66	9	Other	29	1	30	4
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>660</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>705</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>741</b>	<b>79</b>	<b>820</b>	<b>100</b>

\* Resident Population: Juveniles in Residence (IR), and Juveniles on Authorized Leave (AL), Unauthorized Leave (UL), Temporary Assignment (TA) for 14 days or less.

Note: Totals are not indicative of numbers of persons in residence, but of self-reported ethnicity.

Graph 44

### CHANGES IN JRA POPULATION SERVED For Violent, Drug, and Sex Offenders\*

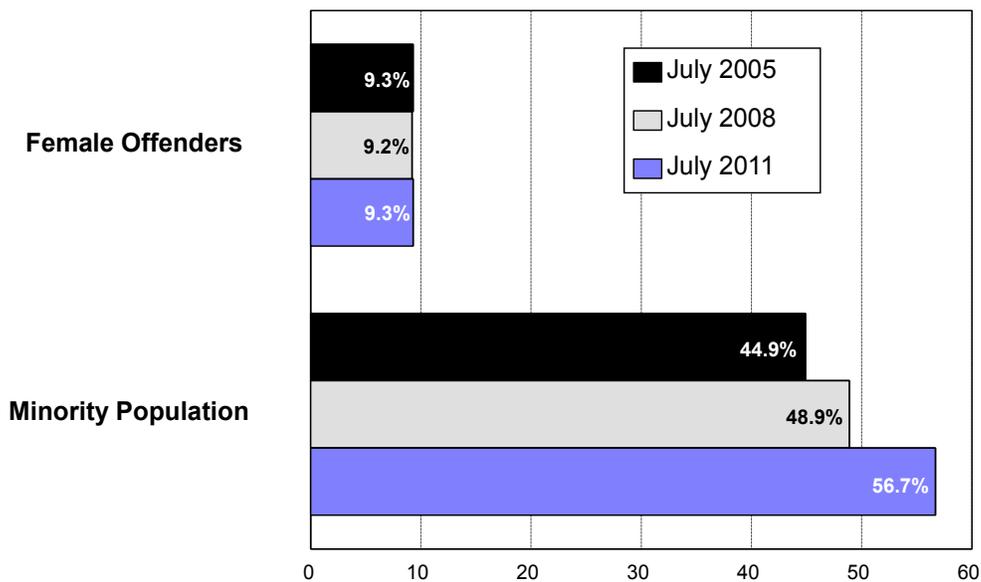


\* Percent of Total JRA Population.

Source: Information Services, Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration, DSHS, March 2012.

Graph 45

### CHANGES IN JRA POPULATION SERVED For Female Offenders and Minorities\*



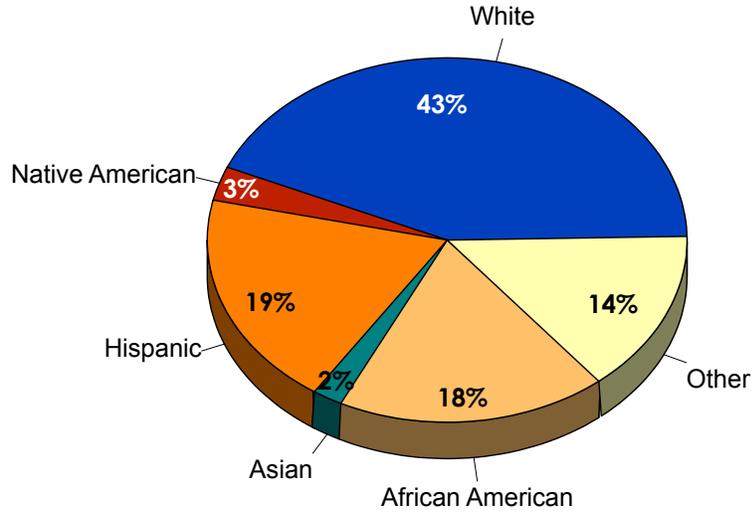
\* Percent of Total JRA Population.

Source: Information Services, Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration, DSHS, March 2012.

Graph 46

### JRA Residential Programs Population by Race/Ethnicity

June 30, 2011 Snapshot

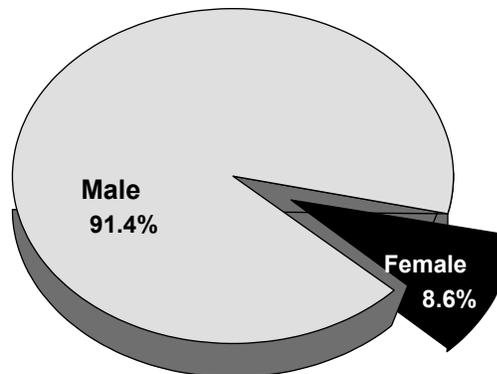


Percentages may not add to 100% due to rounding.

Source: "Population Summary Report," Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration, DSHS.

Graph 47

### JRA Average Client Population by Gender for 2011



Source: JRA Total Residential Clients by Category, DSHS Executive Management Information System (EMIS) Report, Research & Data Analysis (RDA), Department of Social & Health Services, updated 10/2/2011. Counts reflect average monthly population.

## Locally Committed Youth Block Grant

The Juvenile Rehabilitation Administration manages the Consolidated Juvenile Services (CJS) program. CJS was initiated in 1981 to assist counties in developing programs based on local priorities. Counties applying for CJS funds must include efforts to address disproportionality in their plans. CJS provides funding to counties for a wide range of programs. These programs include: Diversion, diagnosis, probation supervision, individual counseling, drug/alcohol assessment and treatment, alternative education, vocational training, sex offender treatment, psychiatric and psychological services, recreation, detention, work release, intensive supervision, and other specialized services. County juvenile courts participating in CJS are mandated to utilize a client risk assessment tool to determine the most appropriate program assignment for probation youth. All of the state's 39 counties have CJS At-Risk programs (within 33 juvenile court jurisdictions).

Over the years, the CJS Program has been expanded to include CJAA (Community Juvenile Accountability Act), CDDA (Chemical Dependency Disposition Alternative), and SSODA (Special Sex Offender Disposition Alternative). These programs are folded together into a consolidated contract to give the courts flexibility to more effectively coordinate services at the local level.

### Block Grant Application Process

Counties applying for Block Grant funds for the -2011 fiscal year were required to describe how they will be using the funding to include the anticipated amounts they will spend in each program area. Additionally, they were required to provide projected numbers of youth to be served in each program area. As was true under the previous funding structure, they were required to describe efforts to address minority disproportionality in their plans. Any county applying for CJS funding that also operated a detention facility were required to have standards of operation in place. These included intake and admissions, medical and health care, communication, correspondence, visiting and telephone use, security and control,

sanitation and hygiene, juvenile rights, rules and discipline, property, juvenile records, safety and emergency procedures, programming, release and transfer, training and staff development, and food service.

### Juvenile Accountability Block Grant (JABG)

JRA also administers the federal Juvenile Accountability Block Grant (JABG) Program that provides funding for state, county, city and tribal juvenile justice projects. Examples of projects funded include: intensive county probation services, day reporting programs, drug court programs, additional juvenile prosecutors, and enhancement to county CJAA interventions.

### Evidence Based Programs (EBP) Expansion

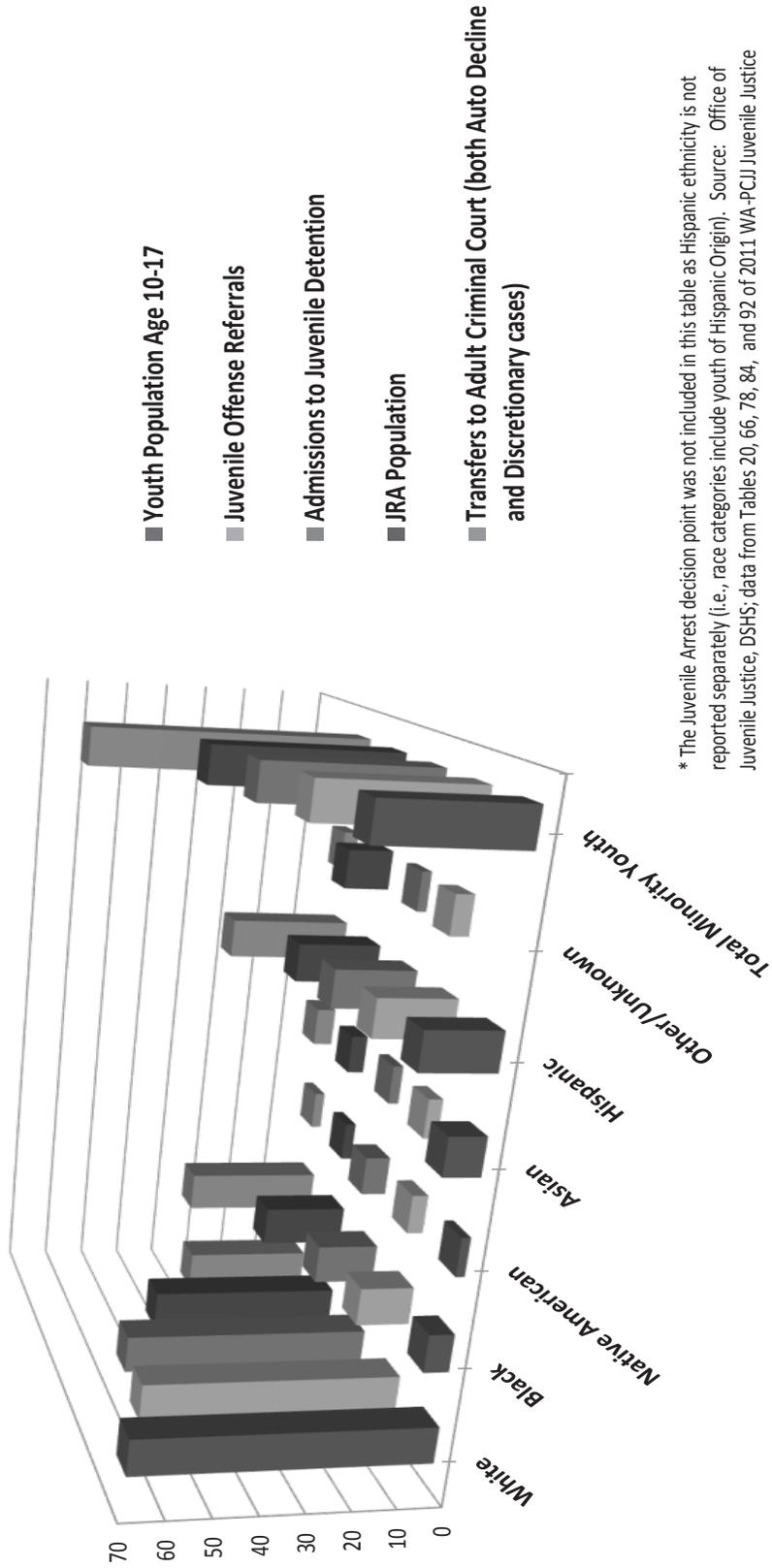
In addition to the locally Committed Youth Block Grant, the JRA provides approximately three million additional dollars per State Fiscal Year for EBPs. The Legislature authorized this expanded funding for EBPs in 2008. These funds are monitored through a separated contracting process to ensure the outcome is a true expansion State-wide in the delivery of EBPs. This funding source roughly doubled the appropriated funding level for these programs that have demonstrated reductions in recidivism and an associated cost/benefit to the State. The delivery of these additional EBPs supported by this funding source is expected to reduce the need for future adult prison construction in Washington State.

### Disposition Options

Disposition options implemented in July 2003 include the Mental Health Disposition Option (similar to CDDA and SSODA except for juveniles with mental health related issues) and Option B, a suspended commitment option for youth not eligible for CDDA, SSODA, or MHDA. These alternatives may be used to provide community-based services to individual youth who would otherwise be committed to state care.

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**Graph 48**  
**Percentages by Race/Ethnicity at System Decision Points - 2010\***



\* The Juvenile Arrest decision point was not included in this table as Hispanic ethnicity is not reported separately (i.e., race categories include youth of Hispanic Origin). Source: Office of Juvenile Justice, DSHS; data from Tables 20, 66, 78, 84, and 92 of 2011 WA-PCJJ Juvenile Justice