

Language Access Work Group

Notes from

Meeting 5 Breakout Room 1

September 19, 2023

Breakout Room 1 Participants

Rep. Carolyn Eslick JoAnna Gaffney Ruiqin Miao, PhD Leroy Mould Hugo Nuñez John Rogers

Elena Vasiliev

Breakout Room 1 Facilitator

Scott Hubbell

Homework. Please discuss recommendations necessary to support language access and interpretive services that include:

- Strategies for increasing access to language access providers in rural communities and for languages of lesser demand,
- o Strategies for workforce resiliency including adequate workload and compensation, and
- Standards of ethics and professional responsibility.
- Make virtual/online tests more accessible for remote areas.
- Demand fluctuates and more money is needed to cope with rapid increases in demand travel costs are key. Consider premium rates for travel; consider ferry, bus rates, etc.
- In-house strategies for verifying interpreter competency.
- Increase access, transparency, communication with medical clinics; prevent travel for cancelations, etc.
- Consider the unique needs and approaches of ASL (American Sign Language) as compared to spoken language.
- Use of technology for appropriate reminders when possible. Is it possible for interpreters and clients to communicate ethically before a scheduled appointment?
- Clinics should take responsibility for improved confirmation of appointments to help prevent unnecessary travel and time for canceled appointments.
- Interpreters should not be given a client's private number for many reasons.

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Upon not hearing her ideas expressed during the breakout room recap, Ruiqin Miao, PhD, of DSHS' Office of Equity, Diversity, Access & Inclusion shared strategies for increasing language access in rural communities and for languages of lesser demand:

- 1. An important approach is to make testing available in rural communities and communities of rare languages through online/remote testing. In-person testing centers tend to be in densely populated areas, but remote testing can be easily accessible by candidates anywhere without the need for a long-distance drive.
- 2. Regarding another participant's view that interpreters should be paid for their mileage and through other means to increase compensation for their services: Compensation for mileage has been incorporated into the hourly pay in the current CBA (Collective Bargaining Agreement). It takes in-depth research to have a more comprehensive picture of what would be reasonable pay rates for interpreter services. It is hard to say whether Washington State agencies are paying lower or higher than they should.

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